INTERNATIONAL

Herald Tribune

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TODAY'S WEATHER FORECAST — PARIS: Partly cloudy, stormy later. Temp. 79-57 (26-14). Tomorrow sunny. Yesterday's temp. 79-57 (26-14). LONDON: Sunny. Temp. 75-66 (24-12). Tomorrow sunny. Yesterday's temp. 70-57 (21-14). CHANNEL: Slight. ROME: Sunny. Temp. 93-64 (34-18). NEW YORK: Sunny. Temp. 90-73 (32-23). Yesterday's temp. 85-70 (35-21).
ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 2.

Austria	6 S.	Lebanon	90 P.
Belgium	14 B.Fr.	Luxembourg	14 L.Fr.
Denmark	2.25 D.Kr.	Morocco	1.50 Dr.
Eire (inc. tax)	11 P.	Netherlands	1 Fior.
Finland	1.40 F.M.	Nigeria	3-6
France	1.50 Fr.	Norway	2.25 N.Kr.
Germany	1 D.M.	Portugal	8 Esc.
Great Britain	10 P.	Spain	18 Ptas.
Greece	12 Drs.	Sweden	1.75 S.Kr.
India	Rs. 3.75	Switzerland	1.20 S.Fr.
Iran	25 Rials	Turkey	T.L5
Italy	200 Lire	U.S. Military (Eur.)	$0.25
Israel	Lt1.40	Yugoslavia	6 D.

Arab Jet Forced Down by Israelis, Is Later Released

From Wire Dispatches

TEL AVIV, Aug. 10.—Israeli warplanes intercepted an Arab airliner over Lebanon tonight and forced it to land at one of their bases for a two-hour investigation of its 74 passengers.

Later, the plane was allowed to leave, and it returned to Beirut, where Lebanese authorities began questioning passengers and crew members. A military spokesman in Tel Aviv stated "categorically" that all the passengers on the Middle East Airlines Caravelle were allowed to leave with the plane. Earlier, sources at the military airport in northern Israel where the plane was forced down had said that four passengers were detained.

Sources in Beirut said the passengers included three leaders of the Arab Liberation Front, a commando organization supported by the Iraqi Baath party. Another guerrilla leader, Salah Salah of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine was supposed to be on board, but was not. Sources also said that Jawad Hashem, Iraqi minister of planning, and 14 Japanese nationals were among those aboard. The plane was on a Beirut-to-Baghdad flight.

It was the first incident of its kind in the Middle East conflict and appeared to signal a new approach in Israel's fight against Arab guerrillas.

The Lebanese Defense Ministry said the plane had taken off from Beirut when two Israeli warplanes appeared over the airport at low altitude and forced the airliner south toward Israel despite anti-aircraft fire.

According to the official Israeli announcement, "a Lebanese passenger plane belonging to Middle East Airlines, en route from Beirut to Iraq, was intercepted by Israeli planes and ordered to land at a military airfield in Israel.

"The aircraft obeyed and landed at 9:30 p.m. After a passenger check, the aircraft was permitted to take off and continue on its way at 11:30 p.m. The passengers were treated fittingly."

Later a military spokesman said, "I can state categorically that no one was taken from the plane. All of the passengers left with the plane."

The spokesman said the passengers, including a pregnant woman who received a doctor's care, and the seven crew members were given soft drinks and treated well while investigators were checking their identification. "There is nothing to add to the official announcement," a spokesman said when asked why the plane had been diverted.

Military sources said tonight they could not recall a similar incident involving a civilian airliner, although last Feb. 21 Israeli Phantoms forced an Air Libya civil airliner down after it had strayed into the occupied Sinai on its way from Benghazi to Cairo.

The pilot on that occasion ignored signals to land and identify himself and warning shots were fired at the airliner, which crashed in the desert. Only five of the 113 persons aboard survived.

Legal Position

The military spokesman would not comment tonight on the legal position of tonight's interception. But informed sources said that Israel would possibly justify the action on the grounds that, despite the cease-fire, a state of war still existed with the neighboring Arab countries and the state was entitled to take certain precautions to protect its security.

In Beirut tonight, it was announced that Lebanon would submit an urgent complaint to the United Nations Security Council over the incident.

Lebanon also has asked for an urgent meeting tomorrow of the joint Lebanese-Israeli Armistice Committee, government sources said.



United Press International.

Elmer Wayne Henley covering his face while talking to newsmen in Houston.

The Houston Mass Murders

23 Bodies Found; 2 Held in Sex-Sadism Deaths

HOUSTON, Aug. 10 (AP).—Told by a teen-ager that he helped an adult homosexual recruit boys for orgies that ended in 27 killings, police found the 22d and 23d bodies today, in High Island, a beach community of East Texas.

Police were led to the bodies by the youth and a second teenager, who reportedly has joined the first boy in admitting complicity in the sex-sadism and slaying ring allegedly directed by a 33-year-old man. That man was himself slain early Wednesday by Elmer Wayne Henley, 17, the youth told police in a phone call that morning.

Henley at first said he had slain Dean Allen Corll in self-defense when his sex-party host threatened to kill him and a girl and another youth. He said that in threatening the three with death, Corll, a bachelor employee of the Houston Lighting and Power Co., had talked of previous killings and mentioned grave sites.

Later, however, young Henley reportedly admitted that he and David Brooks, 18, procured teen-age boys for Corll, sometimes helping him kill and bury those who refused to engage in homosexual sex. Police Lt. Brock Porter said young Brooks then gave police a statement. The lieutenant added: "We plan to file murder charges against them later in the day."

If the death toll rises to the 27 indicated by Henley, it would surpass that of the largest known mass murder in U.S. history—the case in which Juan Corona was convicted of slaying 25 itinerant farm workers in California. The victims' bodies were found in the spring of 1971. Corona, 39, is in prison.



AP.

Dean Allen Corll, a retouched photo.

Police here said the 22d grave was shown to them by Brooks in High Island, a town of 500 inhabitants, 30 miles east of Galveston and 60 miles east of Houston. Later, the 23d body was found in a grave there.

Earlier today, two other graves were pointed out by Henley at Broaddus, 120 miles northeast of Houston, police said. They said they had been directed to two other graves at Broaddus last night, after Houston authorities had unearthed 17 corpses in a boat-storage stall in that city, also at Henley's direction.

Brooks, like Henley a school dropout, was quoted by police as saying that the killings took place over a three-year period and all the victims were boys. Brooks was married recently, and his wife is pregnant.

Police said that Henley told them he and Brooks were given $5 to $10 for each youth they recruited for Corll's orgies in

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

Admits Records 'Not Normal'

Laird Denies Ordering False Raid Documents

CHICAGO, Aug. 10 (AP).—Melvin R. Laird said today he ordered unusual procedures while he was secretary of defense to report secret Cambodian bombings by U.S. aircraft, but he denied authorizing the falsification of any defense documents.

Mr. Laird said the secrecy of the bombings was requested by State Department officials he did not name, "because of diplomatic sensitivity." At the time the United States professed to observe the neutrality of the Cambodian government.

Mr. Laird, now the President's chief domestic adviser, said reports of the secret bombings came through him from the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to President Nixon.

He made the remarks at a press conference a day after the revelation of a top-secret memo that identified him as having personally approved a plan to keep secret the B-52 raids on Cambodia. The memo was made public at a Senate Armed Services Committee hearing.

Mr. Laird said the procedure he authorized for reporting the secret bombings "ran directly to the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, me and the President of the United States."

"This was not the normal type of reporting procedures used in Vietnam . . . but because of diplomatic sensitivity a separate channel of reporting was established," he said.

"At no time was there an authorization to falsify Air Force, Navy or any other official reports of the Defense Department," he declared.

Approved by White House

"I do not want to hesitate to confirm completely that I authorized these strikes," he said. He said the initial plan was taken to the National Security Council and approved at "the highest levels of the White House."

"Their secrecy was not of great concern to the Defense Department, but to the State Department," Mr. Laird said.

Mr. Laird was asked if while he was defense secretary there was ever a "deliberate effort to mislead the American people."

"No. I don't believe so. There are certain things in military operations that must be handled on a secret basis," he replied.

Mr. Laird said, however, that "it was a mistake" and "ridiculous" to keep the Cambodian air operations secret after the U.S. troop invasion of that nation in April, 1970.

Pentagon Charts

He also referred to Pentagon charts that he said were prepared 90 days ago showing no Cambodian bombing operations.

"I believe the Pentagon made a very serious error in setting up those two charts," he said. "There was no reason after American forces went into Cambodia not to discuss Cambodian operations."

The memo linking Mr. Laird to the deliberately camouflaged raids was released by Deputy Defense Secretary William P. Clements jr. during testimony before the Senate committee.

The document, written by the former chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, retired Gen. Earle G. Wheeler, and initialed by Mr. Laird, outlines a plan under which simultaneous B-52 raids would be made in Cambodia and South Vietnam. The strikes in South Vietnam, the memo said, were designed to provide "a resemblance to normal operations, thereby providing a credible story for replies to press inquiries."

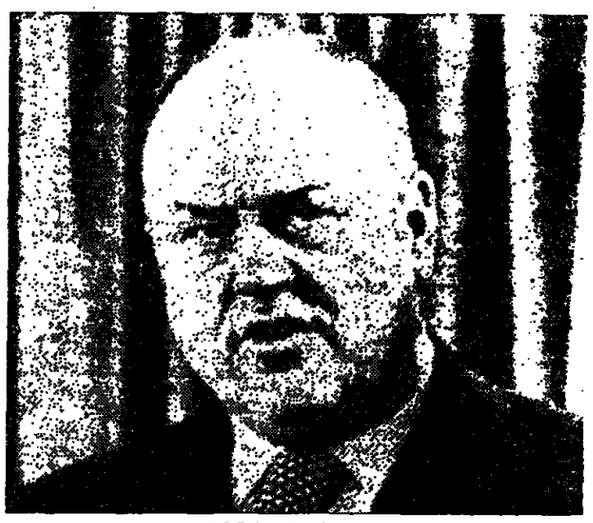
The memo, dated Nov. 20, 1969, also said other areas would be selected inside South Vietnam that would not actually be struck. Instead, military record keepers would show each Cambodia mission as having occurred in South Vietnam.

A second set of statistics showing where the bombs actually fell was held by a tiny number of top civilian and military officials with a "need to know."

Meanwhile, Sen. Harold E. Hughes, D., Iowa, said today he believes orders to conduct the secret raids in Cambodia in 1969-70 came from the National Security Council and the White House.

"I'm sure myself," Sen. Hughes said, "they came from the National Security Council and the White House and that the secretary [Mr. Laird] just initialed them as a matter of passing through."

Sen. Hughes, in a television interview, dismissed as "playing the game of semantics" the administration explanation that the Cambodia bombings, and misleading reports of them as having taken place in South Vietnam, were in the interest of national security.



Melvin R. Laird.

Nixon Speech Is Scheduled On Watergate

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (UPI).—President Nixon will make a speech in the middle of next week on the Watergate bugging affair, the White House said today.

Deputy press secretary Gerald L. Warren told reporters that the speech would be delivered from the White House, but that the day and time had not yet been determined.

Other White House officials have said Mr. Nixon will deliver a half-hour speech on nationwide television and radio, giving his first public response to Watergate allegations since Senate hearings were recessed on Tuesday.

Mr. Warren said Mr. Nixon will also hold press conferences. He provided no dates.

A Nixon aide, Patrick Buchanan, said a few days ago that the President's response to allegations, principally by former White House counsel John W. Dean 3d, that Mr. Nixon was aware of a Watergate cover-up, would probably take the form of a speech, a white paper and press conference.

Revealed in 24 Memos

Nixon Aides Ordered Probes Of Democrats by U.S. Units

By Bob Woodward and Carl Bernstein

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (WP).—Former top White House aides used the Secret Service, FBI, Internal Revenue Service and Departments of Justice, Commerce, Defense and Interior to gather potentially damaging information on Democratic party presidential candidates and their staffs, according to 24 classified White House memos.

The memos, copies of which have been reviewed by The Washington Post, tell of the use of government agencies to investigate Sen. Edmund S. Muskie, D., Maine; former Democratic party chairman Lawrence F. O'Brien; Sen. George McGovern, D., S.D., and McGovern staff members.

Classified as "confidential" and "eyes only," the memos are dated from January, 1971, to October, 1972, and involve communications of the White House chief of staff at the time, H. R. Haldeman, the then presidential counsels John W. Dean and Charles W. Colson, and the counsels' assistants.

[The White House admitted today that a plan to gather information damaging to Democratic party presidential aspirants was "apparently in place" in 1972, but it said that such procedures were no longer followed, United Press International reported.

[Gerald L. Warren, the deputy White House press secretary, would not say whether President Nixon was aware of the procedures, UPI said.

["I don't want to discuss memoranda that apparently were being circulated at various levels of the White House prior to the election in relation to procedures which were apparently then in place and procedures which are no longer in place," Mr. Warren said.

[Mr. Warren said that he could not confirm the existence of the 24 memos because he had not seen them, and he declined to specifically identify which government agencies were involved, UPI reported.]

In general, the memos call for information from government files on political opponents. The memos often suggest leaking damaging information to the news media or using it in a criminal investigation.

Skeletons Feared

Many of the attempts to leak the information were aborted because, in the words of one memo, "this matter might well shake loose Republican skeletons from the closet" or, in the words of another, the disclosure "might open Pandora's box that we could later regret opening."

There have been numerous allegations that the White House used the government agencies and departments for political investigations, but the memos provide concrete detail on the actual practice.

An Aug. 16, 1972, "administratively confidential" memo to Mr. Colson from one of his assistants, Steve Karalekas, describes how Secret Service agent James Bolton, who was assigned to guard Sen. McGovern during his 1972 presidential election campaign,

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Reversing 40-Year Policy

President Signs Farm Bill With Full-Production Goals

By Carroll Kilpatrick

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (WP).—President Nixon signed today a four-year farm bill that Secretary of Agriculture Earl L. Butz said represents "a historic turning point" in American farm policy.

For 40 years, Mr. Butz said at a White House press conference, government policy has sought to restrict agricultural output. Now the goal is all-out production, he said.

"We see the promised land—a land of full production and higher profit levels for our farmers," he said.

Mr. Nixon, who signed the bill at Camp David, Md., said in a statement that it represents "a realistic compromise" between Congress and the administration.

The new law will help in the fight against inflation by "encouraging American farmers to produce at full capacity" and by sharply reducing support payments to farmers, the President said.

Noting that the government spent about $4 billion in support payments last year to discourage farmers from producing, he estimated that this year's support cost would be about $2 billion and next year's, when the new law takes effect, less than $500,000.

"We face an expanded demand here and abroad for a long way down the road," the secretary said.

"If we slapped export controls on farm products, other countries would have to do the same" he said.

But Mr. Butz held out no immediate hope for an immediate halt in food price increases. Arguing that clothing, automobile and home costs have soared for years, he said that this is the first time in 15 years that food prices increased faster than average disposable income per family.

Declaring that "we've got to move toward freer world trade," he said he would continue to oppose export controls on wheat and other farm commodities. Temporary curbs have been imposed, much to the annoyance of Japan and other food importing countries, on soybeans.

In the last six months, Mr. Butz said, agricultural exports have totaled $11 billion, according to the latest Agricultural Department estimates. "That is mighty good stuff for those who want to protect the strength of the dollar," he said.

He said he continued to oppose the beef price freeze in effect until Sept. 12, but that he was a team player and supported administration policy.

Sen. George McGovern, D., S.D.,

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 8)



Earl L. Butz

U.S. Treasury, Farm Chiefs Bar Curbs on Food Exports

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (IHT).—Treasury Secretary George Shultz and Agriculture Secretary Earl Butz decided late yesterday that despite smaller-than-expected crops of corn, wheat and soybeans there is still no need for new export controls on any of these commodities.

Their decision came after Richard Bell, deputy assistant agriculture secretary, had told a press conference that it would take several days for the government to analyze the impact of the latest crop estimates—which are not as good as originally expected—and determine whether or not export controls were necessary.

Mr. Butz said today that he would oppose any export controls on wheat. "I would recommend the opposite," meaning that he prefers "total free trade," he told a press conference.

He also said that he has "reason to believe" that actual crop production this year will be higher than the estimates announced by the government yesterday. However, he said, he could not document why he doubts those figures.

Meanwhile, in Chicago, frantic buying in the wheat trading pits brought dealings to a standstill today just 10 minutes after the opening bell sounded.

In the emotionally charged atmosphere, buyers were screaming out purchase orders, most of which would never be filled today because prices had risen the daily limit.

These limits, the amount of change, either up or down, allowed in one day in the sale or purchase of contracts for future delivery of a commodity, were increased today to 20 cents from 10 cents a bushel.

The change, ordered by the

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 2)

Intensive U.S. Raids Continue

Cambodia Fighting Slackens; Reds Reportedly Regrouping

PHNOM PENH, Aug. 10 (AP).—Fighting died down on all fronts around Phnom Penh today and the Cambodian military command reported Khmer Rouge insurgents may have broken off temporarily their assault on the city's outer defenses to regroup and re-equip.

An army spokesman said the Communist-led rebels have been badly mauled by stepped-up U.S. air strikes and may be in no position to press their attacks until at least the end of the month—after the Aug. 15 American bombing halt.

He said he did not expect anti-government forces to resume full assaults on Phnom Penh's defense perimeter immediately after the bombing halt.

Gesture of U.S. Support

"They are in no state to attack the city because they have suffered such heavy casualties from bombing," he said.

In a gesture of continuing American backing for the Phnom Penh regime, U.S. Ambassador Emory C. Swank handed over to the Cambodian Air Force two American C-123 transport aircraft, the first of eight.

At a ceremony at Phnom Penh's Pochentong Airport punctuated by blasts from air strikes under way two miles away, Mr. Swank said the U.S. and Cambodian governments sought the same goal—the return of peace.

The Cambodian command earlier claimed "brilliant successes" on all fronts, reporting its troops took advantage of the lull in fighting to expand their areas of control.

Highway 1 all the way to the Mekong River base of Neak Luong, 32 miles southeast of Phnom Penh, has been reopened by government troops, the command announced.

In Washington the Defense Department confirmed that American aircraft had accidentally bombed four civilian targets in Cambodia during the last two weeks.

But, in a fifth incident, Cambodian aircraft apparently bombed one of their own villages in error, it said.

Pentagon spokesman William Beecher also told newsmen that U.S. raids were being maintained at the same intensive level of the last few days.

Mr. Beecher said B-52 sorties were down slightly from the 48 daily missions earlier this week, while operations by tactical fighter-bombers were up slightly, "in the low 200s."

Heavy Vietnam Fighting

SAIGON, Aug. 10 (AP).—Heavy fighting continued in South Vietnam's Central Highlands yesterday, the South Vietnamese military command reported today.

A government communiqué said 40 North Vietnamese and Viet Cong troops were killed in clashes west of Kontum City and northwest of Pleiku. South Vietnamese losses were reported as one man killed and 24 wounded.

Air France Halts Flights

PARIS, Aug. 10 (AP).—Air France and UTA announced today they were provisionally stopping flights into Phnom Penh for safety reasons.

Flights out of Paris will land in Bangkok, where, on current information, passengers could still take a Royal Air Cambodge flight into the capital.

'Why Don't the Insurgents Wait Till Aug. 15?'

Cambodian Rebels Press Attack; Western Military Aides Puzzled

PHNOM PENH, Aug. 10 (AP).—This city's moment of truth will come at 11 a.m. Wednesday, when U.S. bombing is to cease in Cambodia.

In Phnom Penh, you can measure the approach of zero hour not only by the clock, but also by the ear. The crescendo from the U.S. bombing has increased.

Windows rattle and shake through the night from the vibrations of the explosives. In the morning, Phnom Penh is ringed with smoke from the bombing.

The United States is trying to inflict maximum punishment in the short time left to bomb the Communist-led insurgents, yet the rebels continue to press forward.

"The little blighters are mad," commented a Western military attaché this week when he heard that the guerrillas had launched another abortive attack on the Prek Ho bridge, a strongpoint on Highway 2, six miles from Phnom Penh.

Around-the-clock U.S. air strikes have saved the bridge, and the three other major strongpoints that form the outer ring of Phnom Penh's defenses, from falling into insurgent hands.

"Why don't the insurgents just wait till Aug. 15?" the Western attaché asked. Aug. 15 is the cutoff-date legislated by Congress in a compromise with the President.

Why the Communists are fighting so hard now despite the cutoff, and what will happen to this city of nearly two million persons and to President Lon Nol's government after the bombing stops are the two most important questions asked here.

"They are coming for the city, it's as simple as that," an Australian diplomat said about the rebel push.

The intensified U.S. bombing has slowed down the Communist advance. The thrust from the south and southeast has bogged down at the Prek Ho bridge and the village of Wat Sleng, eight miles from the city.

Stalled in Arc

The north and northwest thrusts toward Phnom Penh are stalled in an arc about 15 miles away.

Despite the bombing, the insurgents have been able to:

- Frighten off a force of 100 men at the international radio transmission center near the airport and blow it up.
- Cut minor highways south and southeast of the city and strike at government relief forces.
- Infiltrate increasing numbers of men and materials into the city.

Estimates of commando forces now in and around Phnom Penh go as high as 1,000. They probably are waiting for a signal to attack.

The Communists have amassed about 60 battalions of soldiers in the Phnom Penh region. U.S. officials estimate the total insurgent force at 50,000 men, but that is lower than estimates by representatives here of other Western nations.

The Australian Embassy believes the insurgents in the region number 60,000, backed up by a

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Thieu Cancels Complex Tax After 6 Weeks

Value-Added Levy Angered the Public

By Thomas W. Lippman

SAIGON, Aug. 10 (WP).—South Vietnam's attempt to collect a sophisticated "value-added tax" and bolster its revenues by hundreds of millions of dollars a year ended in ignominious failure today.

Six weeks after the tax was imposed—touching off nationwide resentment and a new round of price increases—President Nguyen Van Thieu ordered its abolition on all transactions in which consumers are directly involved.

It will continue to be imposed on importers, wholesalers and industrial producers, but its chief impact will be eliminated. The decision presents the government with a new set of problems, however, because the new tax had been expected to generate more than $140 million in revenue during the next year and a half, and the country's budget is already woefully unbalanced.

Mr. Thieu's decision was announced after a 10-hour cabinet meeting about the country's inflation, in which the prices of food and other staples have soared.

The abolition of the tax, known as VAT, is a serious setback for Mr. Thieu's finance minister, Ha Xuan Trung, 33. He made the levy a key element in a full-scale tax-system reform despite the reservations of his American adviser. The Americans believed that it was too complicated to enforce in a country where tax evasion is a deeply ingrained trait.

Theoretical Working

VAT, which is common in Western Europe, is a tax on the increased value of a product at each stage of production. The South Vietnamese tax at each stage was set at 10 percent. A log leaving the forest carried a 10 percent tax and the lumber made from the log carried a 10 percent levy, minus the tax that was paid on the log. The furniture made from the lumber was taxed on its sale value minus the tax that was paid on the lumber.

In Mr. Trung's view, the tax was self-enforcing, since each taxpayer had to report a predecessor's VAT outlay in order to claim his own deductions.

What happened, however, was that the tax was imposed as a straight 10 percent sales tax. Everything was taxed: restaurant bills, haircuts, fish, newspapers.

The announcement follows by only a few days the decision to grant all government workers and soldiers a $6 monthly salary supplement to buy rice—an unbudgeted expenditure increase of about $9 million a month. It is not clear where the money is coming from, but the usual method of raising such funds has been simply to print currency, in a further stimulation of inflation.



Associated Press

JUST IN CASE—Three Cambodian air force officers attending a ceremony in Phnom Penh wearing back patches imploring humane treatment in case they fall into enemy hands. The slogan, stitched in three languages on the Khmer flag says, "If you capture me, please treat me as a prisoner of war according to the international agreements." In the hard-fought Cambodian conflict POWs have, as a general rule, fared very poorly.

'Why Don't the Insurgents Wait?'

(Continued from Page 1)

10,000-member village and local militia force, including boys who carry messages.

The insurgent force is estimated to have from 2,000 to 5,000 North Vietnamese advisers.

What will happen when the U.S. bombing stops on Aug. 15?

"There are a lot of unknowns at this stage—psychological unknowns," commented a senior U.S. official. He spoke of the U.S. equipment being brought in, a larger army recruited from Phnom Penh and the "back to the wall" syndrome that might finally push the Cambodian Army into fighting.

Another U.S. diplomat sees help from the monsoons.

Hold the Island

"Phnom Penh becomes an island in September," he said. "If we can keep them off the island, then we can hold out at least until later in the year. That gives us time."

The best that could happen is that Phnom Penh would hold out for a couple of months until political negotiations could get under way.

But some U.S. officials, and many other senior Western diplomats, see the bombing halt leading inevitably to the crumbling of Phnom Penh's outer defenses.

"I am absolutely convinced that the government will not hold the Prek Ho bridge for long after the bombing ends," a diplomat said.

He said Wat Sieng in the southeast also would fall, along with the north and northwestern defenses.

"Don't forget, the Communist insurgents now want the city. They don't want to negotiate," he said.

The Cambodian Army is four divisions strong, but its reserves are totally committed.

Diplomats who see the defenses crumbling expect the Cambodian Army to give up.

"Don't forget, the people of Phnom Penh are not committed to the government on this," a Western diplomat said. "They will go home and lock their shutters."

New Bookstore Bombing in Spain

MADRID, Aug. 10 (UPI).—Rightist extremists who have been conducting a wave of bombings and arson attacks against bookshops hit the Libreria Pueblo bookstore in Valencia today with fire bombs, police sources said.

The Libreria Pueblo attack occurred only two days after a similar fire-bombing of a bookshop in Bilbao and after the Barcelona Association of Booksellers had said that many of its members had received anonymous threats.

Those who set the Valencia bookshop on fire left behind notes saying that the attack was a retaliation for the "war" waged by leftist Basque separatists against Spain. They were signed "National Socialist Action Group."

94 Black Students Jailed in S. Africa

PIETERSBURG, South Africa, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—Ninety-four African students were each sentenced to a year in jail with six months suspended today as a result of a disturbance at a training center near here earlier this year.

Altogether 116 students at the Bethesda Training Institute were convicted of disturbing the peace and malicious damage to property arising from an incident on May 31 when the principal was stoned and buildings and cars were damaged. The 22 others, who were under age, were each sentenced to eight strokes with a light cane.

Danes to Demonstrate Against Christ Movie

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—A demonstration is planned here tomorrow against the Danish government's support for a film, which, its director says, will be erotic and irreverent and portray Jesus as a bank robber and a lover.

The state-controlled film institute has granted Danish director Jens Joergen Thorsen 560,000 kroner ($105,000) for the projected film called "The Love Life of Jesus Christ." The demonstration will climax a daylong "Festival for Jesus" being organized by a Danish group representing half a dozen Christian denominations.

93d, 94th Protesters Held at White House

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (UPI).—The Secret Service today arrested the 93d and 94th persons since July 6 for breaking from White House tourist groups to pray for an end to the U.S. bombing in Cambodia.

The arrests were made at the east entrance to the mansion. The protests were part of a coordinated campaign against the U.S. bombing policy, which will lead up to a national day of civil disobedience on Aug. 14, one day before the bombing is scheduled to stop.

Commonwealth Talks Note Intense Concern on Rhodesia

OTTAWA, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—The Commonwealth summit conference today expressed its intense concern for the situation in Rhodesia and the damaging consequences of a continued absence of a settlement.

A communiqué issued at the end of the nine-day meeting said: "All were agreed on seeking a peaceful settlement and that the objective was majority rule."

The communiqué said the presidents and prime ministers took note of the meetings between Rhodesian Premier Ian Smith and Bishop Abel Muzorewa, president of the African National Council in Rhodesia.

Necessary Steps

They associated themselves with the British government's wish for the discussions to be broadened and the necessary steps taken to remove restrictions so as to enable all groups representative of Rhodesian opinion to take part.

The communiqué said the delegates "appreciated the efforts made by the British government with whom the responsibility lay and were united in their willingness to contribute toward a solution."

It also said that while recognizing that there were complex and difficult problems involved, the heads of government were agreed in their opposition to apartheid and minority rule in Southern Africa.

"They, therefore, recognized the legitimacy of the struggle to win full human rights and self-determination."

It said that in discussing conditions in Southern Africa, Namibia (South-West Africa) and the Portuguese colonies, it was agreed that Commonwealth members in a position to do so should seek to use their influence to persuade Portugal to grant negotiated independence to its African colonies.

International Responsibility

It said the advisory opinion of the World Court and Security Council resolutions on Namibia were recalled and emphasis placed on international responsibility for that territory.

"There was discussion on how Commonwealth countries, specially those with economic interests in South Africa and Namibia, might best bring influence to bear to promote change.

"Heads of government reviewed the efforts of the indigenous people of the territories in Southern Africa to achieve self-determination and independence and agreed on the need to give every humanitarian assistance to all those engaged in such efforts.

"The British government reserved its position on the last proposal in circumstances in which assistance might be converted into military purposes."

The communiqué said it was agreed that further efforts should be made to render sanctions against Rhodesia more effective pending an acceptable settlement."

Trading Arrangements

The communiqué also said that the conference expressed the hope that forthcoming negotiations between the European Common Market and the developing countries would lead to the conclusion of just, enlightened and effective arrangements on association or other special trading arrangements.

The developing Commonwealth countries reiterated their previously expressed views that the notion of reciprocity would not be the basis for equitable and enduring relations between them and the enlarged nine-nation European Community, the communiqué continued.

On trade, the communiqué hoped that the forthcoming world trade liberalization negotiations under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) in Tokyo next month would secure worldwide expansion of trade "and take particular account of the needs of developing countries."

It said that it was recognized at the summit conference here that the system of Commonwealth preferences had provided, and continued to provide, important advantages for Commonwealth countries.

"The hope was expressed that existing favorable arrangements for developing Commonwealth countries in markets of developed Commonwealth countries other than Britain should, wherever possible, be maintained."

The conference also discussed monetary issues, development assistance, the situation in the Middle East and the Indian Ocean area and welcomed the general relaxation of tensions in East-West relations, the communiqué said.

Thais Urge U.S. To Explain Policy

BANGKOK, Aug. 10 (AP).—Thailand today accused the United States of not informing its Asian allies frankly about its policy toward Prince Norodom Sihanouk, former Cambodian head of state.

"We need to know what their intentions are, for example, toward Sirik Matak in Cambodia—that is, will Washington back the Sirowath branch of the royal family or the Norodoms, which would mean the return to power of Prince Norodom Sihanouk," said Birath Israsena, spokesman for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

In a strong official statement against American foreign policy, the spokesman said, "Washington does not keep us informed. We expect the United States to be frank with us and not to hide things from us."

New Jewish Protest Hits Calif. Oil Firm

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 10 (UPI).—Jewish leaders, angered by what they called "pro-Arab statements" by the Standard Oil Co. of California, dumped 3,000 mutilated company credit cards on Standard's doorstep yesterday.

Delivery of the two sacks of cards to Standard Oil headquarters was the latest in a series of protests over a letter written to stockholders and employees by board chairman Otto N. Miller.

"We feel Mr. Miller's letter gives confidence to Arab terrorists and promotes anti-Semitism," Phil Blazer, publisher of Israel Today, said. Mr. Miller urged greater attention in U.S. foreign policy to Arab aspirations and views.

Execution in N. Yemen

BEIRUT, Aug. 10 (UPD.—North Yemen authorities yesterday executed a man convicted of leading an anti-government sabotage group, the Iraqi news agency reported today.

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Nixon Aides Ordered Probes Of Democrats by U.S. Units

(Continued from Page 1)

forwarded information to the White House on at least one of Sen. McGovern's meetings.

The memo says that the information was relayed to the White House by Mr. Bolton through his father, who is the administrative assistant to Rep. Glenn R. Davis, R., Wis. The information consisted of erroneous data about a weekend visit Sen. McGovern had with an alleged subversive in Massachusetts.

The elder Bolton confirmed yesterday that he had passed the information along to the White House. "I can't recall passing along anything else," he said.

A Secret Service spokesman said last night that the agency was unaware of young Bolton's alleged activity but had opened an immediate investigation.

"If it is true, it is grounds for disciplinary action," the spokesman said. The Secret Service previously has investigated news reports that an unnamed agent guarding Sen. McGovern was passing information to the White House but had turned up no evidence to support the charge.

The report that Sen. McGovern met with a subversive was totally inaccurate and untrue, according to a memo addressed to Mr. Dean on Oct. 26, 1972.

Another "eyes only/confidential" memo, dated May 12, 1972, also from Mr. Howard, says, "We need a check on the South Dakota Wesleyan University, Northwestern University records and the military records of Sen. McGovern."

Fred Fielding, to whom the memo was addressed and who is still a White House aide, denied that he obtained information from Sen. McGovern's military records until after a news report alleged that the records showed that Sen. McGovern, a bomber pilot during World War II, had been branded a coward for refusing to fly a mission.

Charge Refuted

Sen. McGovern asked the Defense Department to release his records, which completely refuted the charge of cowardice.

A Dean-to-Haldeman memo a month later [June 16, 1972] described how the White House instructed the Defense Department to release Sen. McGovern's war records and simultaneously announce that the file contained a specific number of documents so that Sen. McGovern could not withhold any unfavorable information.

The Dean memo says that the White House did receive information on the contents of Sen. McGovern's war records and that there was only one paragraph in all of them that was unflattering to Sen. McGovern.

Mr. Colson obtained a five-page memo from the Commerce Department on a $13-million government loan given to the Maine Sugar Industry, Inc., which was allegedly tied to associates of Sen. Muskie, a candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination in 1972.

The April 16, 1972, memo is addressed to Mr. Colson from Thomas M. Thawley, a deputy assistant secretary of commerce.

Three days later, in an "eyes only" memo to Mr. Haldeman, Mr. Colson said: "Clark Mollenhoff [Washington bureau chief of the Des Moines Register and a former White House aide] will break this week an exclusive story on the tie-in between Sen. Muskie and the about-to-be defunct Maine sugar beet plant... I believe a fair amount of hanky-panky will fall out of this. I have reason to think the issue will be kept alive."

Mr. Mollenhoff said yesterday that he did a series of articles on Sen. Muskie's relationship to the Maine plant. "The story did not come from the White House," Mr. Mollenhoff said. "I made inquiries about it before running the series and they must have concluded that a story was coming."

Four memos deal with White House attempts to discredit Mr. O'Brien, who was the Democratic party chairman until July, 1972. According to the memos, the White House obtained information that Mr. O'Brien's public relations firm was on an annual retainer to represent the interests of millionaire Howard Hughes.

In a June 28, 1971, confidential memo to Mr. Dean, Mr. Haldeman said that the information had come from Charles G. (Bebe) Rebozo, one of the President's closest friends, and Robert F. Bennett, head of the Robert R. Mullen public relations firm in Washington.

"We should keep Bob Bennett and Bebe out of it at all costs," Mr. Haldeman said in the memo, which is initialed with his "H." Mr. Bennett was the boss of E. Howard Hunt jr., who was a writer for the Mullen firm and later was convicted in the June 17, 1972, Watergate burglary.

Leak Not Sought

Former White House secret investigator John J. Caulfield recommended to Mr. Dean in a Feb. 1, 1971, memo that the story on the annual retainer fee not be leaked. "Forced embarrassment of O'Brien in this matter might well shake loose Republican skeletons from the closet," Mr. Caulfield said. He added:

"In this connection, it should be remembered that Don Nixon [the President's brother] visited the Dominican Republic with a group of wheeler dealers in September, 1969, who assertedly were connected with the Hughes interests.

Mr. O'Brien said yesterday that he was on a retainer from Mr. Hughes and had announced it at a press conference when he opened his public relations office in late 1969.

Another memo describes an allegation that Mr. O'Brien was involved in the leasing arrangement of the new Department of Transportation building in Washington, but in an April 6, 1972, memo, Mr. Dean suggested to Mr. Colson that the subject be dropped because "raising the issue might open Pandora's box..."

Japan Factories Are Blockaded By Fishermen

CHIBA, Japan, Aug. 10 (AP).—Thousands of fishermen aboard more than 100 fishing boats have blocked the piers of boats have blocked the piers of three chemical companies in eastern Japan, demanding the immediate suspension of mercury discharging.

The fishing boats blocked the piers of Asahi Glass Co., Chiba Chlorine Chemical Co. and Nippon Vinyl Chlorine Co.

The fishermen also demanded 2.480 billion yen (about $9.5 million) in compensation because no one wants to buy their mercury-polluted fish.

On Monday the three companies said they would pay a combined sum of 600 million yen ($2.3 million) but the fishermen turned down the offer and said they will continue their blockage until the three companies pay the demanded compensation and immediately suspend use of mercury.

The companies said if the blockage continues for more than ten days they will be forced to suspend operations.

Objections to News Conference Seen

Nixon Said Greatly Angered By Investigation Into Agnew

CAMP DAVID, Md., Aug. 10 (UPI).—President Nixon became enraged when he learned that Vice-President Agnew was under federal criminal investigation, White House sources said today.

The sources said Mr. Nixon was "angry" over the latest hint of scandal to touch the highest levels of his administration and tried unsuccessfully to talk Mr. Agnew out of holding a news conference.

These sources said Mr. Nixon told the Vice-President at their one-hour, 45-minute meeting Tuesday that it would be better to remain silent about Mr. Agnew's implication in an alleged kickback scheme in Maryland.

But, they said, Mr. Agnew responded that he felt he should go ahead with the televised news conference, which he held the next day.

Mr. Agnew told reporters he had informed Mr. Nixon of his intention to hold a news conference and the President "made no objection."

White House Deputy Press Secretary Gerald L. Warren, referring to the report that Mr. Nixon was angered by Mr. Agnew's legal problems, said that, "from the information I have, there is nothing that would lead me to believe the report is accurate."

The White House sources said Mr. Nixon planned to let Mr. Agnew "stand alone" in defending himself against allegations arising from the federal investigation of possible charges of tax fraud, extortion, bribery and conspiracy.

Mr. Warren said the White House would "absolutely not" make any move to block a possible Agnew appearance before the federal grand jury in Baltimore, that there had been no contact between the White House and Mr. Agnew's lawyers, and that the Vice-President was free to prepare his legal defense without interference.

Agnew in Palm Springs

Mr. Agnew went to a resort for a long weekend leaving behind the question of whether he will turn over his financial records to federal prosecutors.

Mr. Agnew left Washington for Palm Springs, Calif., yesterday after being granted an indefinite extension on the prosecutors' request for the documents while his lawyers study the possibility of claiming immunity.

Subpoenas for Records

WASHINGTON, Aug 10 (AP).—The U.S. attorney's office in Baltimore issued two subpoenas today on Maryland state offices in an attempt to get Mr. Agnew's campaign records dating back as far as 1962.

Going back as far as 1962 in the records would include Mr. Agnew's terms as Baltimore county executive, governor and both vice-presidential campaigns.

A check with state officials, however, showed that records only go back as far as 1966, the year Mr. Agnew ran successfully for governor.

Columnist Says Arab Group Set To Strike in U.S.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—The Arab guerrilla group that murdered two American diplomats in the Sudan earlier this year and shot at passengers in the Athens airport is expected to strike soon in the United States, columnist Jack Anderson said today.

Federal agents are on continued alert to block a strike by the Black September organization according to Federal Aviation Administration documents quoted by Rep. John M. Murphy, D., N.Y., Mr. Anderson wrote.

The columnist said the documents suggested Palestine guerrillas may try to kidnap prominent Americans and hold them for ransom for the release of jailed Arabs. In the past, they have sought freedom for Sirhan Sirhan, convicted killer of Robert F. Kennedy, the columnist said.

He also said he had learned that since the slaying last month in Washington of Col. Yosef Alon, military attaché in the Israeli Embassy, federal agents have kept more than 90 potential Arab terrorists in the United States under close scrutiny.

Sheffield Polio Program

SHEFFIELD, England, Aug. 10 (UPI).—City medical authorities began a crash polio vaccination program throughout the city this week following the positive diagnosis Tuesday of polio in a three-year-old boy.

Israelis Convict Jewish Militants

JERUSALEM, Aug. 10 (UPI).—Nine members of the Jewish Defense League were found guilty yesterday of causing damage to a Christian mission on the Mount of Olives in Jerusalem last February.

Rabbi Meir Kahane, leader of the league, was not among the nine persons convicted on various counts of causing damage to the Mount of Olives Bible Center and the adjacent Mount Zion Press.

At the time of the incident, Kahane said the JDL was not involved in the matter. But if missionary activity in Israel is not curbed, he warned, "there will be violence."

Seventh Cholera Case Reported in Europe

GENEVA, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—A second cholera case has been identified in West Germany. Seven persons now have been found to have contracted the disease after returning to Europe from Tunisia.

This World Health Organization here said the latest West German case probably would not be serious and is easy to contain. In addition to the two German cases, two were reported in Sweden and three in Britain.

Houston Mass Murders: 23 Bodies Found

(Continued from Page 1)

his home in the Houston suburb of Pasadena. After Henley's call to police Wednesday morning, they found Corll dead in his home, killed with a .30-caliber pistol shot. The Henley boy also allegedly said that the sex victims' slayings occurred over a three-year period.

So far, only two of the bodies in Texas's biggest murder case have been positively identified. They were those of Marty Ray Jones, 18, shot twice in the head, and Charles Cary Cobble, 17, who had been strangled. They were found in the Houston boat shed.

Lt. Porter said Henley told police: "He [Corll] would rape them, kill them and bring them out here [to the boat shed] to bury them."

Police were having a difficult time identifying many of the badly decomposed corpses. Ten youths on police missing persons lists lived in the general area of the homes of Henley or Corll.

Explaining to newsmen today why he has told police of the killings, Henley expressed sympathy for the victims' kin, saying: "I felt I owed it to their parents to let them know what happened to them." He did not name the newly found victims and declined to answer some reporters' questions.

Henley's mother said she talked briefly with her son in a jail cell where he was taken after he confessed. She said that the boy was quivering and told her: "Mama, I'm sick."

"He'd rather they tie him up in a tree than put him in a closed room without windows," she said.

The boy asked her, she said, what his two younger brothers thought of him now. "I told him Ronnie loved him and Vernon did, too, and they want him home," the mother said.

U.S. Closing 'Special' Uni Of Tax Audi

Political IRS Probe To Be Discontinued

By Eileen Shanahan

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (N —The Internal Revenue Se is abolishing its special div that for four years has invest ed liberal and radical orga tions and their sponsors for sible tax violations.

Commissioner Donald C. ander announced yesterday what was originally known a agency's "activist organiza group" and is now called "special services staff" was "dismantled."

He said that the special as of now, was limited to area of activity—the investig of "tax-resistance organiza and those individuals who licly advocate noncompliance the tax laws." This work, a at those whom Mr. Alexa called "tax rebels," will cont he said, and will be assigne "other units" of the agency.

The "special services staff" created in August, 1969. Its istence was first disclosed to public in January, 1972, in memoirs of a former agent of Federal Bureau of Investiga Robert N. Wall.

Internal White House d ments that were given to Senate Watergate committee John W. Dean 3d, the for White House counsel, indic that President Nixon himself asked the IRS to mount a d against "leftist organizations ing advantage of tax shelte

Mr. Nixon was quoted as ha ordered such a drive "nearly months ago" in a memoran dated September, 1970.

The memo said that "what cannot do in a courtroom criminal prosecutions to cu the activities of some of t groups, IRS could do by ministrative action."

Nixon Signs Farm Bill

(Continued from Page 1)

wired Mr. Butz today ur him to use his authority in diately to suspend the freeze beef prices.

Mr. Butz acknowledged that had the power to go against President's wishes and end freeze, but he sai that if he so the President might get a secretary of agriculture.

In his statement, the Presi said that the new law "falls of the high standards I have for reforming farm legisla and eventually moving the ernment out of agriculture, b does provide a construc framework for encouraging expansion of farm production

With the new price guaran which would become operati prices dropped, farmers can pand production "during the rent period of worldwide food fiber shortages without fear serious drop in farm income," President said.

"Thus, it will encourage production and dampen inflationary pressures without ris a market disaster."

The new law sets a guara price for 1974 and 1975 of a bushel for wheat, $1.38 a b for corn and 38 cents a p for cotton, all well below pr market prices.

If subsidies are paid next the maximum amount allo per person will be $20,000 pared to $55,000 under the act.

The law also repeals a 75-a-bushel "bread tax" on millers, increases minimum supports to 80 percent of p liberalizes food stamp benefi needy families and bans the of any Food for Peace s North Vietnam.

Hanoi Honors Russian

MOSCOW, Aug. 10 (R North Vietnam presented a this week to Soviet sailors displayed "heroism and cou during the U.S. blockade of Vietnamese harbors, Tass ported.

WEATHER

	C	F	
ALGARVE	29	84	Cloudy
AMSTERDAM	24	75	Fair
ANKARA	22	72	Cloudy
ATHENS	30	86	Fair
BEIRUT	30	86	Fair
BELGRADE	26	79	Sunny
BERLIN	25	77	Sunny
BRUSSELS	25	77	Sunny
BUDAPEST	24	75	Fair
CAIRO	35	95	Cloudy
CASABLANCA	24	75	Overca
COPENHAGEN	20	68	Cloudy
COSTA DEL SOL	29	84	Cloudy
DUBLIN	17	63	Cloudy
EDINBURGH	16	61	Cloudy
FLORENCE	34	93	Sunny
FRANKFURT	26	79	Sunny
GENEVA	26	79	Fair
ISTANBUL	24	75	Fair
LAS PALMAS	23	73	Cloudy
LISBON	27	81	Sunny
LONDON	19	66	Overca
MADRID	24	75	Fair
MILAN	32	84	Sunny
MONTREAL	26	79	Sunny
MOSCOW	18	64	Cloudy
MUNICH	25	77	Fair
NEW YORK	31	88	Sunny
NICE	28	83	Sunny
OSLO	18	61	Cloudy
PARIS	28	82	Cloudy
PRAGUE	25	77	Sunny
ROME	21	70	Sunny
SOFIA	27	81	Sunny
STOCKHOLM	16	61	Overca
TEHRAN	38	102	Sunny
TEL AVIV	31	88	Sunny
TUNIS	30	86	Sunny
VENICE	27	81	Sunny
VIENNA	24	75	Sunny
WARSAW	26	79	Sunny
WASHINGTON	31	88	Sunny
ZURICH	27	81	Sunny

(Yesterday's readings: U.S., C at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 G

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At U.S. Bar Association Meeting

Lawyers Ask Repeal of Laws On Marijuana, Sexual Conduct

By John P. MacKenzie

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (WP).—The American Bar Association has endorsed the repeal of laws that make simple possession of marijuana a crime, those that punish consenting adults for private sexual acts and those that restrict access to contraceptives.

Added to those actions was a resolution urging state bar associations to move promptly against lawyers whose unethical practices have been uncovered in the Watergate investigation.

The ABA's 318-member House of Delegates, prodded by resolutions from the General Assembly, which is open to all members, passed the policy positions Wednesday in quick succession as the association's 96th annual convention drew to a close.

The resolutions favoring decriminalization in the areas of drugs and private conduct were accompanied by disclaimers which emphasized that the 170,000-lawyer organization was not endorsing promiscuity or the use of marijuana.

The marijuana resolution restated the bar's position that it "deplores the use of marijuana" and favors education discouraging it.

Cite Excessive Prosecutions

In addition, the delegates made it clear that their objection to current marijuana laws was based heavily on a pattern of discriminatory law enforcement and excessive prosecutions of mere users as opposed to large-scale dealers.

After approving decriminalization measures, by votes of 122 to 70 and 103 to 84, the delegates killed a proposal to endorse "regulatory schemes" for marijuana, which some members said amounted to legalizing it.

The floor debate pitted members who said that marijuana continued to hold uncertain dangers against those who said that current laws are making criminals of their own children.

For many accused of possessing the drug for their own use, Harold Horvitz of Boston said, the offense will be "the only crime they will ever commit in their lifetimes."

Ret. Gen. Kenneth Hodson, a military justice specialist, said that his opposition to the change was based on Vietnam experience. He said that many assaults committed by soldiers were related to marijuana. William Spann of Atlanta replied that military law should not govern how civilian conduct is regulated.

The resolution specified that "casual distribution of small amounts, not for profit, be treated as simple possession" and similarly exempt from the criminal process.

As for private conduct, the delegates urged state legislatures "to repeal all laws which classify as criminal conduct any form of noncommercial sexual conduct between consenting adults in private, saving only those portions which protect minors or public decorum."

That was passed without discussion, 120-68, on the heels of a 183-to-120 vote in the assembly. Opponents in the assembly had argued that the ABA should not come out against morality.

Debate over contraceptives also was brief, as the delegates—weary from the weeklong convention—agreed that the Supreme Court had ruled against most anti-contraceptive laws as a violation of personal privacy. A motion by Justice William H. Erickson of the Colorado Supreme Court to strike language encouraging contraceptive information and services for minors was defeated by a decisive voice vote.

Scandals Discussed

The Watergate resolution, approved by overwhelming voice votes in both the assembly and the House of Delegates, capped several days of discussion over what the national association could do about the scandals.

Without naming individual lawyers—an earlier version named seven attorneys implicated in Senate hearings and criminal cases—the resolution said that the ABA "condemns and denounces any unethical action" by lawyers and urged that "prompt and vigorous disciplinary investigation and appropriate action should be taken forthwith."

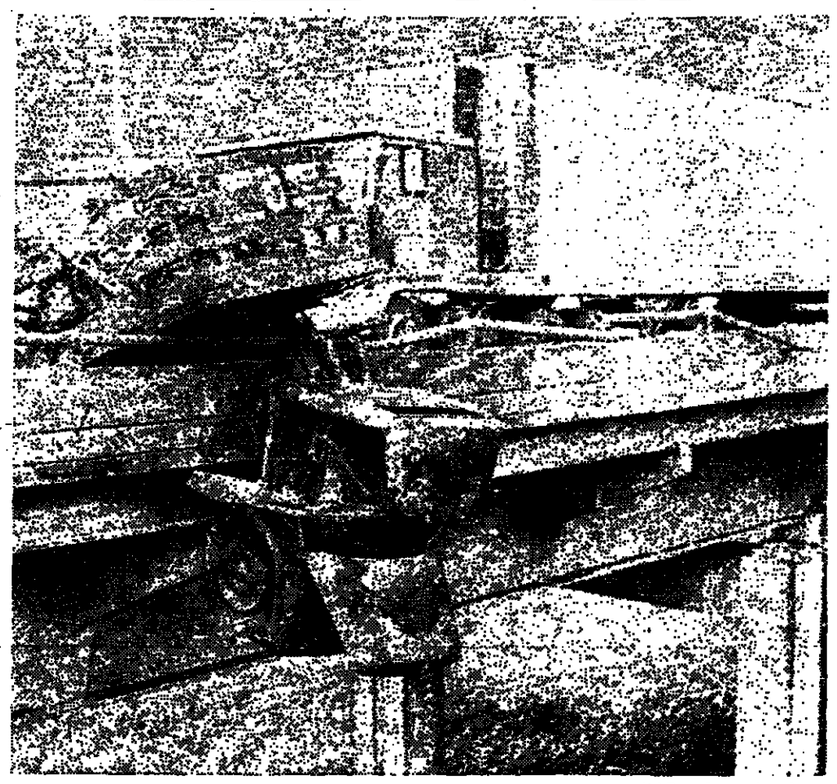
An amendment by Whitney North Seymour sr. of New York, to limit the action to lawyers finally determined to have violated the law or ethical canons, was defeated in the assembly. Several members said there was no need to postpone disbarment proceedings in some cases of confessed crime or unethical conduct.

Attorney General Elliot L. Richardson spoke of Watergate, in a speech to the convention, in which he announced new steps designed to restore public confidence in federal justice.

"There is still a place for politics as usual," Mr. Richardson said, "but not in the Department of Justice."

Mr. Richardson said that he had just ordered department lawyers to keep records of all outside contacts in pending cases, a practice which "by its very existence will discourage approaches to the department by those who are not confident of their own motives."

He said that the department is studying the creation of an inspector general as an internal anti-corruption watchdog. In a move aimed at the free flow of information, he said the new guidelines would require his specific approval before a newsman can be subpoenaed or even questioned by federal investigators.



United Press International.

SPECTACULAR CRASH—The wrecked cab of a big truck dangles over the edge of a bridge in Wheeling, West Virginia, after colliding with another truck outside of a tunnel. The driver of one of the trucks and his 16-year-old daughter were killed.

Controls Stay on Petroleum Products

U.S. Extends Gasoline Price Freeze

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (AP).—Gasoline, heating oil and other petroleum products will remain under rigid price controls for an indefinite period, the Nixon administration announced today.

It said the current price freeze will be extended an additional week for the petroleum industry, until Aug. 21, and will be followed by a system of price ceilings which are only slightly less rigid than the freeze.

The administration's 60-day price freeze on other products, except beef, is scheduled to be lifted at midnight Sunday, to be followed by the new Phase-4 anti-inflation program.

Some Cuts Expected

John T. Dunlop, director of the Cost of Living Council, said the petroleum ceilings will result in some reductions in gasoline and heating oil prices below freeze levels. He did not expect such rollbacks to be widespread.

The most visible evidence to the consumer of the new controls will be red, white and blue stickers on service station gasoline pumps. They will display the lawful prices and octane rating for the gasoline in the pump.

Other economic developments from Washington included:

● President Nixon signed legislation restoring government power until Oct. 1 to insure mortgage loans on single and multifamily dwellings. The interest ceiling was raised to 7 3/4 percent.

● The Department of Labor reported the average cost of living for a retired couple increased from 3 to 4 percent during 1972 for those in the lower and intermediate levels.

Mr. Dunlop said that it was decided to continue the petroleum freeze an additional week to give the council more time to draw up Phase-4 regulations for the industry.

The council has now announced new regulations for the insurance dustry. Final regulations for petroleum and proposed regulatic.: for food now are scheduled to be released next week.

As outlined by the council, the petroleum industry under Phase-4 will be the most closely regulated sector of the economy.

Besides the gasoline pump signs, there will be ceiling prices on the retail sale of gasoline and No. 2 home heating oil. Retailers will be allowed a minimum markup of seven cents a gallon over their Aug. 12 costs.

Prices will still vary from gasoline station to station, however, because the ceiling price is based on the price charged on Jan. 10.

Nixon Home Costs Defended: Frequent Host Spent Million

By Richard Reston and Robert L. Jackson

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—President Nixon's friend Robert Abplanalp has spent approximately $1 million for facilities to accommodate frequent presidential trips to Mr. Abplanalp's island in the Bahamas, the head of the General Services Administration said yesterday.

Administrator Arthur Sampson, in an interview, defended government spending on Mr. Nixon's homes and offices in California and Florida. He said he was surprised that the $3.44 million spent on improvements at the Western White House at San Clemente, Calif., as announced Monday, was not a larger sum.

He said he favored the existing policy of "maximum protection" for any president. The expenditures were necessary for security purposes, including $141,000 for landscaping to screen the San Clemente home and to replace lawns, trees and shrubbery that had been dug up to install highly sophisticated electronic security devices, he said.

Mr. Abplanalp's expenditures at Grand Cay, his privately owned 125-acre Bahamian island, are in addition to nearly $10 million spent by the U.S. government to secure residences used by the President and his family outside Washington and to maintain official communications systems.

$16,000 and $1 Million

The government has spent $16,000 for buildings and lighting on Grand Cay. A spokesman for Mr. Abplanalp yesterday said that the private outlay was more than $1 million.

Mr. Abplanalp, who is part owner of about 19 acres of Mr. Nixon's 24.6-acre walled estate at San Clemente, paid for construction of a helicopter pad at Grand Cay, for road improvements and for major additions to a home the President uses when visiting the island retreat, Mr. Sampson said.

The home, estimated to cost $250,000, is situated on a hillside with a terraced swimming pool. It has a large living room, a den, a billiard room, a family room and four bedrooms. A second story was added to accommodate Mr. Nixon on his visits.

© Los Angeles Times.

Heavy Penalties Imposed

Police in Italy Crack Down On Price-Freeze Violators

From Wire Dispatches

ROME, Aug. 10.—Unexpectedly tough enforcement of a three-month government freeze on the prices of 523 food items has brought violators to court throughout Italy, while in some cases consumers are facing a pasta shortage because of retailers refusing to sell at fixed prices.

At first, retailers and manufacturers largely ignored the official directive, but suddenly two days ago hundreds of policemen were assigned to enforce the regulations, and many errant dealers have found themselves being hauled off, sometimes in handcuffs. Those caught violating the price restrictions, or even failing to display the official price list, face fines of up to 10 million lire (about $17,000), up to a month in jail, and the possible loss of their licenses.

The government order, dating from Aug. 1, touches on virtually every food category—including pasta, meat, bread, beer and canned and frozen foods.

In the case of pasta—in its various forms one of the staples of the Italian diet—some retailers are threatening to stop selling it because the retail price is fixed lower than the price they have to pay for it.

So far the government has resisted the flow of protests from manufacturers and retailers and Agriculture Minister Mario Ferrari-Aggradi warned yesterday that they intended to be very tough with violators.

In one spectacular trial of offenders in Catania, Sicily, 10 tradesmen, all handcuffed, were marched into court yesterday and fined as much as 400,000 lire ($812).

In Frosinone, a baker was fined three million lire ($5,100) for charging 15 lire (2.5 cents) more per kilo of bread.

In Turin, 48 bakeries were closed for five days for either selling bread at prices higher than those fixed by the government, or failing to publish the official price list.

In Salerno, a customer was arguing with the baker that the price of bread was too high. The butcher next door joined the argument on the side of the baker. When the "inflation police" arrived both the butcher and baker were taken off to court and the judge charged both of them.

Some merchants also blew the whistle on their wholesalers, complaining that wholesale prices had jumped despite the government ordered retail prices.

The reactions were varied:

"They are all irresponsible madmen," one retailer, Nadia Ponsele, said. "Everyone looks after his own personal interests. But who thinks about us? Do they really think a piece of paper listing the prices is going to stop this spiral of increases?"

"Life is expensive," Theresa Ascani, a grocer, said. "The price list gave me a bit of newborn faith in the government. At least someone is beginning to think about the life of the citizens."

N.Y. Firemen Find a 2d Dog In Hotel Ruins

NEW YORK, Aug. 10 (AP).—Firemen found a second dog still alive yesterday under the tons of rubble that before last Friday was the old Broadway Central Hotel.

Firemen were amazed on Tuesday when they discovered a dog that had lived four days under the mounds of wood, brick and plaster left when the eight-story hotel collapsed. The men of Engine Co. 24 promptly adopted the mutt.

Two human bodies have been found in the rubble and the search continued for several persons still missing.

Yesterday morning, firemen were still searching when they heard barks and whimpering. Digging, they found a black-and-white male dog very much alive after almost a week in the rubble.

As the firemen brought him out, a shopkeeper exclaimed: "I see they found old Slugger."

Italian Police Still Hunting Getty's Grandson, Newsman

ROME, Aug. 10 (AP).—Italian police are continuing their nationwide search for television correspondent Jack L. Begon and J. Paul Getty 3d, both of whom disappeared mysteriously within the last month.

The young Getty, 16-year-old grandson of American oil billionaire J. Paul Getty, vanished one month ago. Callers who said they kidnapped him have demanded 50 billion lire ($17 million) for his release.

His mother says she can't meet the price. His grandfather, who can, has said he won't pay even "one penny"—for fear that his 14 other grandchildren would be exposed to abduction.

The mother, according to a family lawyer, hopes that the ransom demand will be reduced to a "reasonable" amount.

Those who claim to have kidnapped the youth have also threatened to chop off a finger and send it to the mother to prove that they have him and that they mean business.

Investigators fear that Mr. Begon, 62, correspondent-producer for the American Broadcasting Co., may have been kidnapped as well.

Mr. Begon dropped out of sight 13 days after young Getty disappeared. But there has been no contact with him or anyone claiming to have kidnapped him.

In addition, the Mafia element is ever present in the mind of police in their fruitless search for the correspondent.

Mr. Begon's colleagues have said that he was preparing a documentary on the Mafia, as a sequel to one he produced last fall. The new documentary was said to be on the fortunes of the Sicilian underworld.

2 Union Pickets Shot at Struck Calif. Vineyard

VISALIA, Calif., Aug. 10 (AP).—Two United Farm Workers Union pickets were shot today at a struck vineyard, the police said.

Tulare County Under Sheriff Max Foster said Marcelino Barrajos was hit in the head and Paul Salgado in the hip. Both men were taken to a UFW dispensary in the area.

Witnesses reported hearing at least a dozen shots about 10 a.m., Mr. Foster said. The men reportedly entered a vineyard in the Richgrove area of southern Tulare County and were turning over grape boxes when shots were fired from the vineyard, he said.

Workers contended that the shots were fired from the picket lines, however.

Meanwhile, in Burlingame, UFW leader Cesar Chavez personally intervened in negotiations with the Teamsters aimed at ending their bitter rivalry for field worker contracts. He and UFW attorney Jerry Cohen met all day yesterday with representatives of the Teamsters and the AFL-CIO. Negotiations resumed today at 8 a.m.

Boy Dies on Snow Tractor

ZERMATT, Switzerland, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—A 14-year-old English boy was killed and one of his two brothers was injured when a snow tractor carrying 13 tourists fell into a snow pocket in the Furggletscher glacier area above Zermatt Wednesday, police said yesterday.

Gulf Oil Admits $100,000 Gift to Nixon Campaign

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 10 (AP).—Gulf Oil Corp. said today that, in response to intense political pressure, it contributed $100,000 to President Nixon's re-election campaign.

U.S. law prohibits corporations from making direct political contributions. Gulf made its announcement in a one-page statement, and company spokesmen refused to comment further.

The company did not say who authorized the contribution, nor did it define the nature of the political pressure.

"I just cannot go beyond the statement," said Paul Sheldon, chief of public relations for Gulf. "That's as specific as I can be."

The statement said that Gulf made its contribution through the Finance Committee to Re-elect the President.

At its own request, Gulf said, the money had been returned. The company said the matter was being investigated by special prosecutor Archibald Cox.

Israel to Expel 17 U.S. Blacks, Members of Sect

JERUSALEM, Aug. 10 (UPI).—Israel has issued expulsion orders against 17 members of the American Negro Black Hebrews sect living in the southern desert town of Dimona, an Interior Ministry spokesman said today.

A ministry communiqué said the orders were issued on the grounds of illegal residence for more than two years and "after they rejected many requests and warnings to leave the country of their own free will."

Ministry spokesman Yitzhak Agassi said the Black Hebrews "came into the country as tourists and ignored us every time we told them their stay permits had expired."

He said they presented no application for naturalization, which under Israeli law may be granted to non-Jewish foreigners who bear landed-immigrant permits, have been residents for five years or more and know Hebrew.

The first of the estimated 150 sect members currently living in and around Dimona reached Israel in December, 1969.

The sect says it is composed of the only true descendants of the biblical tribes of Israel. Two Black Hebrew women who arrived earlier this week were refused entry at Lod Airport.

Japan Picks 10 U.S. Colleges To Share $10-Million Project

TOKYO, Aug. 10 (NYT).—The government has named 10 American universities to share equally in a $10-million educational project for Japanese studies, carrying out a plan announced by Premier Kakuei Tanaka in a joint communiqué after his meeting with President Nixon in Washington last week.

The universities chosen are Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Columbia, California at Berkeley, Chicago, Hawaii, Michigan, Stanford and Washington (in Seattle).

Shinsuke Hori, director general of the Cultural Affairs Department of the Foreign Ministry, said that each school would receive $1 million to establish a professorship in Japanese studies and possibly to fund scholarships.

"The existing chairs in Japanese studies in the United States are high in quality but not enough in number," Mr. Hori explained at a news conference.

Available in 1974

The money, expected to be available next year upon parliamentary approval, will be administered through the Japan Foundation, founded this year to promote international cultural exchanges.

In the joint communiqué with President Nixon, Premier Tanaka noted that the foundation's activities had been accorded a warm reception in the United States. As a consequence, he said, his government will allot the funds to the foundation "for institutional support of Japanese studies."

Mr. Hori, listing the universities, said that the government had decided to concentrate on funding Japanese studies at this stage. He continued:

"It is expected that a new chair will enlarge the teaching staffs in Japanese studies at the 10 universities, and that those taught will become teachers in turn in schools at lower levels, thus propagating understanding of Japan all over the United States."

The criteria for selection included traditions, past achievements and the present scope of Japanese studies, he added.

The grants are the first by the government but not the first by Japanese. In June the giant Sumitomo Group gave $2 million to Yale and $1 million to the Japan Society to promote Japanese-American cultural understanding. Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, one of Sumitomo's principal competitors, gave $1 million to the Harvard Law School last September.

Smokeless Arizona

PHOENIX, Aug. 10 (AP).—It is now illegal to smoke in elevators, buses and public buildings in Arizona. The no-smoking bill, nursed through the Legislature by a nonsmoking state senator and signed into law by a nonsmoking governor, went into effect Wednesday. Bars and restaurants are exempt from the law, which specifically bans smoking in libraries, concert halls, museums, theaters, elevators and buses.

2 Ex-Navy Divers Begin Salvage Of Andrea Doria

FAIRHAVEN, Mass., Aug. 10 (UPI).—Despite high currents and sharks, two former Navy divers entered the cabins of the sunken Italian liner Andrea Doria and removed articles of undisclosed value.

However, late last night, most of the items sought by the divers, including $1 million in cash, still were inside the 700-foot ship lying in 240 feet of water in the Atlantic.

The first success in the attempt to salvage $2 million in cash and valuables was disclosed from the support ship Narragansett. But a spokesman, John Clark, refused to disclose what had been taken from the cabins.

The two divers, Donald Rodocker, 27, and Christopher Delucchi, 22, spent six hours in the Andrea Doria yesterday before going to sleep in the habitat, named Mother. The habitat—an underwater living chamber—is secured by cable to the side of the liner, which sank 17 years ago.

The operations were conducted despite "high currents and a lot of sharks," Mr. Clark said. However, no major problems were reported. He said the salvage operation should continue another 10 to 12 days.

U.S. Told to Bail 5 in Ulster Case

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—Supreme Court Justice William O. Douglas today ordered the release on bail of five Irish-Americans held in a Texas jail in connection with an alleged plot for gun-running to Northern Ireland.

In a brief order, the justice granted the application filed by the five men, who have been held in a Fort Worth jail since June for refusing to answer questions of a federal grand jury investigating the alleged plot.

Last September, after the five had spent three months in prison, Justice Douglas granted them bail pending action by the Supreme Court on their legal challenges. Last January, however, the court declined to hear the case and the men were again jailed in Texas for contempt of a federal grand jury.

Rocket Sent to Check Skylab Data on Sun

CAPE KENNEDY, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—A 35-foot-long rocket, crammed with delicate instruments, streaked into space yesterday seeking data on the sun's activities to back up information being collected by the telescopes of the Skylab space station.

Instruments in the Calrock (Calibration Rocket) launched from White Sands, N.M., recorded data 175 miles from the earth for nearly six minutes while the Skylab astronauts continued their observations in orbit 300 miles away.

A capsule containing film from Calrock was parachuted to earth and picked up 100 miles from the launching site.

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INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 4—Saturday-Sunday, August 11-12, 1973 *

The Nixon Brief

At the heart of the Watergate controversy are the charges of John W. Dean 3d, former White House counsel, against President Nixon. Mr. Dean has testified that the President was aware last Sept. 15 that senior White House aides were engaged in a cover-up of the Watergate burglary and that the cover-up included the suborning of perjured testimony by Jeb Stuart Magruder and others, the destruction of documentary evidence, the payment of "hush money" to silence the Watergate defendants and, subsequently, a promise of executive clemency to those same defendants if they did not reveal the involvement of high-ranking officials of the Nixon administration.

Mr. Dean's charges have been corroborated in part but not conclusively by the testimony of other participants in the Watergate cover-up. It is possible, though by no means certain, that conclusive proof could be found in the tapes of presidential conversations which are now the subject of legal dispute.

The extraordinary character and seriousness of the Dean charges have to be borne in mind in any analysis of the brief submitted in the President's behalf by his attorneys. No comparable charges of criminal wrongdoing have ever been leveled against any previous chief executive. This case is unique in American history.

* * *

If the President's attorneys were making a claim of executive privilege in ordinary circumstances, their brief would be persuasive. Executive privilege is usually asserted to protect conversations or documents relating to whether a president should approve the building of a dam, the granting of an airline route or the appointment of a particular individual to a job, or whether he should sign or veto a pending bill, approve or reject a budget request or put forward certain ideas in a forthcoming speech.

In these or any other of the thousands of details which come before a president in his conduct of the business of his office, confidentiality is desirable and sometimes essential. But that cannot be sound constitutional practice where a President has knowledge of crimes or is himself suspected of participation in a crime. In those circumstances, his highest duty is to make his evidence available to the prosecutors and the grand jury.

The President's attorneys assert that his withholding of the tapes will not defeat the prosecution of his aides who may have committed crimes because other evidence is available to the prosecutors. "But the President has concluded," the brief adds, "that even if he should be mistaken about this in some particular case, the public interest in a conviction, important though it is, must yield to the public interest in preserving the confidentiality of the President's office."

* * *

The Supreme Court may well conclude that confidentiality is not to be valued so highly. It strains credulity for the President's attorneys to argue that if the tapes are made available, "the damage to the institution of the presidency will be severe and irreparable. The character of that office will be fundamentally altered." On the contrary, the unique character of the Watergate case virtually insures that any damage to the presidency from the breaching of normal confidentiality would be superficial and transient. No far-reaching precedent would be set. Even in the context of Watergate, it requires an extremely cynical and despairing view of the future of American government to believe that felonies would often come to the personal knowledge and attention of a president.

If the President is himself criminally involved, it does not suffice to argue—as Mr. Nixon's attorneys do—that he "is liable to prosecution and punishment in the ordinary course of law for crimes he has committed but only after he has been impeached, convicted, and removed from office." How could he be impeached if tapes are the best evidence or even the sole evidence of his crimes but he will not release those tapes?

The correct course in this matter remains what it has been from the outset. That is, the President should release the tapes to the trial judge who would hear them in secret and then decide whether all or part of them should be released to the special prosecutor. No other course of action can now satisfactorily resolve this dispute and halt the ever-growing damage to the office of the presidency and the public life of this nation.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Neak Luong Revisited

Faith in the Pentagon's veracity has been so shaken by recent disclosures of falsified reports and other attempts over a period of years to cover up secret military operations in Cambodia that one could reasonably now expect a special effort by the U.S. Defense Department to restore its compromised credibility.

That had appeared to be the purpose of Col. David H. Opfer, Air Force attaché at the United States Embassy in Phnom Penh, when he conducted a briefing earlier this week on the accidental bombing of Neak Luong. Col. Opfer told newsmen he had been instructed by Washington to be "as forthcoming as possible." He then proceeded to describe damage to the village, which he had just visited for three hours, as "minimal." He estimated total casualties at about 150, including 25 to 65 dead.

Although Col. Opfer and other American officials attempted to keep him out by denying him passage on a Cambodian helicopter. Sydney H. Schanberg of The New York Times made his way by boat to Neak Luong, a town of 5,000. He reported that "big chunks of the center of town have been demolished, including two-story concrete buildings reinforced with steel." The Times correspondent also found that "a third of the hospital is demolished with the rest badly damaged." The colonel had said that the hospital suffered "a little bit of damage to the northeast corner." Official American casualty figures now list 137 killed and 268 wounded, substantially below a Cambodian government report.

When are United States military authorities, presumably bound by a code of honor, going to realize that such attempts to mislead only make a bad situation infinitely worse? How do the Pentagon and the administration expect Congress and the American public to believe anything they say about Cambodia—or anything else, for that matter—when this policy of deceit persists?

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

Oil and the Arab Threat

Reports that Arab oil producing states are in the process of formulating a plan for holding back production are open to doubt. But it is certain that all of them, with the exception of Algeria, could do so without causing themselves discomfiture and that talk of coordination is becoming more meaningful. Moreover, King Feisal has warned that it would be "difficult" for him to continue close cooperation with the U.S. if American support for Israel continued at its present level. It is well-known that the U.S. market will be dependent on an expansion of the Arabian American Oil Company's production from the present level of 8m. barrels a day to 20m. b/d. Such an increase in output would give Saudi Arabia revenues on a scale which it could not possibly absorb and so there is no internal incentive for conforming with U.S. needs.

For Europe, the trouble is that any freeze or cut-back would be "across-the-board," affecting all consuming countries because the Arabs have concluded that it would be impossible to discriminate against the U.S. individually. This realization led to the proposal within OECD in June that the oil sharing contingency plan of the European members should be extended to the U.S. and Japan. It also prompted the EEC Council of Ministers to urge the Nine to harmonize their rationing plans.

Collectively, however, Western Europe is not in a position even to contemplate any mediation in the Middle East. The U.S. is, but no new American initiative is in sight. Given the emotional ties with Israel and the refusal of most U.S. congressmen to be blackmailed, it would be difficult to see the administration mounting one. The threat of a politically provoked oil supply crisis exists It is reasonable that governments should take steps to ensure that effective machinery for dealing with it is in place.

—*From the Financial Times (London).*

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

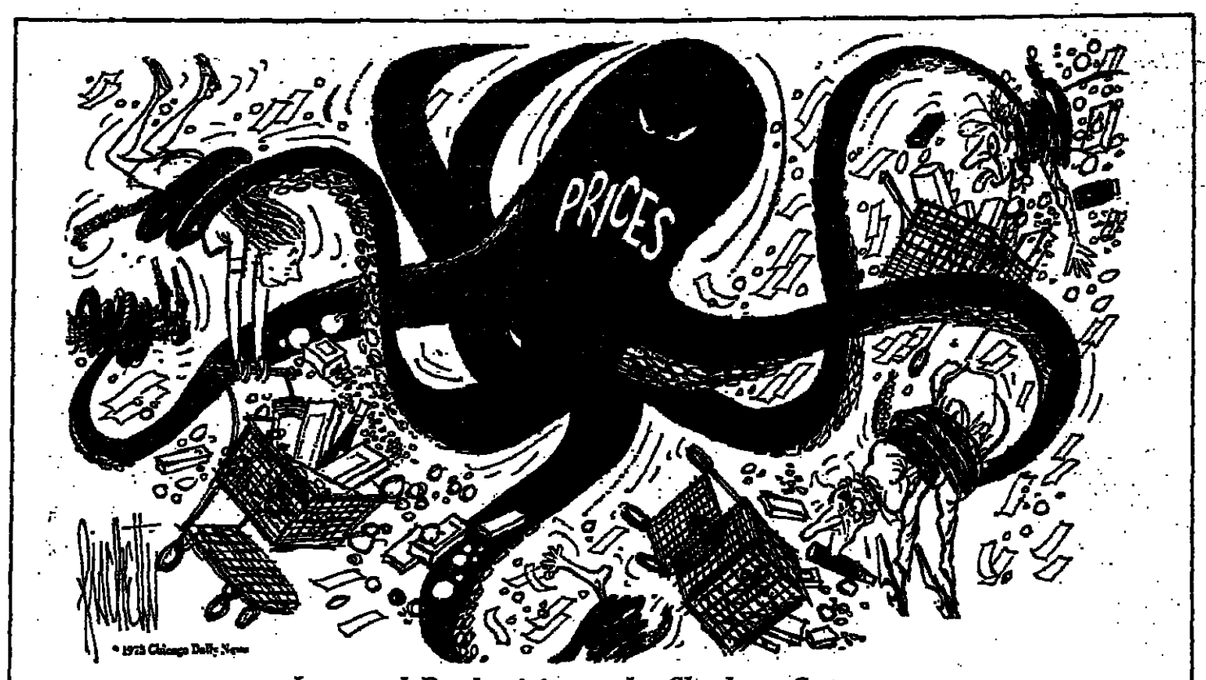
August 11, 1898

PARIS—The political results of the visit of Emperor William of Germany to Palestine are causing some anxiety in other European countries. This is a quote of a European journal: "The Palestine journey has taken the character of a modern crusade. Why does he surround himself with the heads of the Protestant clergy? Is Jerusalem to be again freed from the infidel?"

Fifty Years Ago

August 11, 1923

NEW YORK—Mr. Guido Blenso, a chemist, announces the invention of a radio-active light in liquid form which can be poured into a bulb and used for many years. He says: "Eventually this will make coal, fuel oils, and other power a thing of the past. It is far superior and more effective than electric light, and will last from ten to fifteen years without attention."



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When a Communist Is Made, Not Born

By Claire Sterling

ROME.—For all my theoretical familiarity with the subject, I've finally had a chance to learn first-hand how it is that—in Italy, at any rate—Communists are made, not born.

Soon after my husband and I bought a farm in Tuscany (abandoned a dozen years ago in the great inland trek toward the cities here), we hired a peasant woman to do a few hours a day of housework for us. No sooner did we take her on than a neighboring landowner dropped in to tell us that we had made a dreadful mistake. "They're Communists," he said.

What made him so sure was the peculiar behavior of the husband of the lady in question. Contrary to the habits of any good Christian, this man had insisted for years on getting up at four in the morning and riding 90 gilometers on his motorbike to Florence, where he worked as a common laborer in a construction gang. Why couldn't he work for a local contractor like everybody else, the landowner wanted to know? Because, was his answer to his own question, small local contractors around our Tuscan valley generally do not shell out the money for sickness, unemployment and old-age insurance payments required by law, whereas the Florence employer does.

Despite the landowner's warning, we got on very well with the lady and her husband, a modest, hardworking couple who own barely an acre of land and have several children to support.

Disease Strikes

Then, last winter, the husband became seriously ill with a crippling disease of the spine. For some months he was in and out of the provincial hospital for treatment, and it gradually became clear that he would almost certainly never be able to put in a full day's work again.

Discharged from the hospital a semi-invalid, he stayed at home until six months of unemployment insurance ran out. Then—incredibly, for anybody aware of his physical condition—he put on the clumsy hip-to-shoulder corset prescribed by his doctor, got on his motorbike, and went back to work in Florence. It was obvious that he was in no shape to work eight hours a day at manual labor, and indeed, he did not last out that first day. But he explained, when he came home discouraged, that he had had no choice. The unemployment insurance for which he had been getting up at four in the morning all these years had run out when the six months were up. Not only was he no longer covered, but he must either return to work or lose his job altogether, with not much chance of ever getting another.

In fact, he did lose his job.

Meanwhile, of course, he has applied for a disability pension, another of those things he had insisted on making that daily motorbike trip to Florence for. While he has submitted all the necessary medical certificates, however, he has now been waiting several months, but has yet to be summoned for so much as a preliminary hearing. Some day, he thinks, the pension will probably come along. But cultural memory tells him that the day may not come for a long, long time.

While he waits, his condition worsens. Last week, unable to sleep for the pain and discomfort, he decided that it might be best to go back to the hospital for further treatment. His fear, as he left for the provincial capital, was that the hospital would have no beds available. He never did find out whether or not that was so. What he was told, upon arriving there, was that, as his six months were now up, he was no longer entitled to free hospital care, or any other kind of free medical care either. Indeed, he would have no more health coverage of any kind for the balance of this year, the authorities said.

Under one of the few reforms promulgated by Italian governments in recent years, the cost of a hospital bed for a private patient here has shot up to at least thirty dollars a day—it used to take our man nearly a week to earn that much, when he worked. Since private doctors' fees have become a scandal in Italy of late, there is no point in wondering whether he could afford that, either: he couldn't. Unless he appeals for help to the Communist mayor of our nearest Tuscan town (or, perhaps, even if he does), there is no way we can see for him to take care of himself, still less of wife and children.

During these times of deepening trouble for this peasant family, we have gotten to know the man and his wife rather well. Nothing they have said or done indicates that he, or she, is, or ever was, a Communist. It is asking a good deal of the gods, though, to assume that he, or she, will never become one.

The Agnew Press Conference

By James Reston

WASHINGTON.—What this town has been hoping for recently is somebody, anybody in power, who would stand up and give plain answers to hard questions, and Vice-President Agnew has finally done it.

When the Justice Department informed him officially that he was being "investigated" for using his influence and taking bribes on government contracts, he didn't duck for long behind legal barriers but called a press conference and said it was a "damned lie."

He didn't hide for weeks or months behind "executive privilege" or issue proclamations about his "legal rights." After a short but unfortunate delay, he saw the reality: The headlines in the newspapers made him look like a crook, so he came out fighting.

The courts will decide later whether there was any wrongdoing in this case. The only point here now is how a public official should react when there is even a suspicion of wrongdoing, and Mr. Agnew demonstrated how to do it.

Everyone Invited

He didn't ask, but told the President, he was going to call a press conference at 3 o'clock the next afternoon. He didn't have a few "friends" in the press around to hear his story but invited everybody, TV cameras and all. He asked for the tough questions, and he got them.

Had he ever taken any money from government contractors? No! Was there a problem about politicians and government contractors? Sure, he said, you would be "naïve" if you didn't recognize it. Had he ever been offered a bribe to use his influence in public office? Yes, once when he was too inexperienced to know what was happening, but it had nothing to do with this case. Had he thought of resigning or standing down while these charges were going through the courts? Certainly not! He didn't believe he would be indicted.

Support Welcomed

He was cautious about committing himself to appear before a grand jury or about handing over personal papers to the courts, not for personal reasons, but because this obviously raised constitutional questions that also touch on President Nixon's problems in the Watergate case. But he insisted that he had nothing to hide, would make all relevant documents available at the appropriate time, and, while listening to legal counsel, would decide on his own what to do.

"I think the vice-president of the United States should stand on his own feet," he said. "It really isn't that important what a president says, although I welcome the President's support. . . . He has given me it, unequivocally . . . so I'm not spending my time looking around to see who's supporting me. I'm defending myself."

The contrast with President Nixon, who hasn't had a press conference during the Watergate crisis since March 15, was unavoidable. So maybe something important is happening here, probably as a result of Watergate.

Even at the top of the Nixon administration, officials are beginning to speak out. The new attorney general, Elliot Richardson, didn't ask whether the Agnew "investigation" would embarrass the President or the Vice-President, but simply advised Mr. Agnew that he was being investigated for possible criminal action. Also, Mr. Richardson has instructed his colleagues in the Justice Department to keep a careful record of anybody, including members of Congress, who try to influence decisions in the Department of Justice.

This new reporting system, designed to remove the Justice Department from politics, will "discourage approaches" by persons with improper motives, Mr. Richardson said, and it is interesting that he added that "only news media representatives are excluded" from this new reporting system.

This is a change worth noting. It is not only the Ervin committee and other members of Congress who are beginning to show a new independence, but that key members of the President's own executive family are beginning to act on what they believe to be their own official responsibilities, even if this embarrasses the White House.

Important Symbol

Vice-President Agnew's press conference is only one important symbol of this change. He has been a loyal member of the "Nixon team," and he went out of his way in his press conference to express again his conviction of the President's innocence in the Watergate disaster, but, at the same time, he insisted on protecting his own integrity by facing the charges against him in public.

And the reaction to this was startling. For even without knowing the facts in Agnew's case, the feeling after his press conference was very much in his favor—in fact, that finally in this town somebody in power had talked up with candor and passion, and taken the risk of telling the truth,

Nixon Takes Hard Line on Conciliation

By Evans and Noval

WASHINGTON.—Senior White House aides now plotting conciliatory approach seeking national unity in Richard Nixon's single most important address since his famous self-defense in the Checkers speech 2 years ago are running up against one White House hardliner Richard M. Nixon.

Pressing the conciliatory theme hard is the top-level White House team of Alexander M. Haig, Jr., Ron Ziegler, Melvin R. Laird, Bryce Harlow and Henry A. Kissinger, all in agreement.

"We're all pushing conciliation," one White House adviser told us, "all of us, that is, except the President."

Thus, only days before the scheduled and long-promised presidential effort to escape the entangling coils of Watergate with a major explanation of his own conduct, the tone and mood of the speech have not yet been decided.

Some Republicans—including Mr. Nixon's most stalwart defender on the Watergate committee, Sen. Edward Gurney of Florida—believe that the complex of disputed facts, contradictions and lies which bristle out of Watergate simply do not lend themselves to a speech formula. Much more preferable to Gurney would be interrogation of the President by a small group of reporters or perhaps lawyers-politicians.

Some Congressmen

No such format is under White House consideration today. Present plans call for Mr. Nixon to address a bipartisan audience, including some congressmen, in the White House East Room over national television.

That at least would avoid the forensic sterility of a set-piece *Oval Office speech* from the presidential desk, the setting for Mr. Nixon's April 17 and August 30 speeches. But the President has decreed no questions until a later meeting with the press devoted to the Watergate affair.

In that setting, top White House aides, while not agreeing on every detail, want the President to spin out a blend of contrageous mea culpa, admitting having placed far too much trust in departed aides H. R. Haldeman and John D. Ehrlichman, mixed with a dramatic appeal to "out there"—the voters, not the establishment elite. The appeal: free the President from the Watergate coils so that he can get on with the job of being President.

This blend of mea culpa and the appeal to free the President to lead the nation must also court the Democrats, these White House aides say. Only a credible Nixon theme of "national unity" according to this thesis, can begin to defuse the Watergate passions and return the nation closer to normality.

"The fact that Ray Price [Mr. Nixon's chief speechwriter and a Republican moderate] is writing *the speech," one middle-level* White House staffer, a hardliner told us, "makes me worry that he's going to take a mea culpa copout."

That sentiment is at odds with the senior staff (Haig-Ziegler-Laird-Harlow-Kissinger) but is more representative of the politics of Richard M. Nixon than the "national unity" theme. Thus, in the words of the middle-level staffer: "When the President works over Ray's draft, he'll take out the mea culpa."

Attack Approach

Instead of appealing for bipartisan unity on a theme of post-Watergate conciliation, the hardline theme is specific: since Mr. Nixon now has the Senate Watergate committee on the run and voters are getting bored, should attack as "indicative" the political "enemies" now preventing him from doing the job that over 60 percent of the voters elected him to do.

That advice not only conforms to Mr. Nixon's combative instincts but exactly comports with Mr. Nixon's sudden attack on unnamed enemies during a routine dinner toast to Premier Tanaka of Japan.

Moreover, the President cannot scarcely ignore the highly favorable reaction that his embattled Vice-President received in his all-out public self-defense Wednesday. The fact that Agnew lashed back at his attackers in the press—and Mr. Nixon has not did not go unnoticed in the White House.

President Nixon's instinct would almost surely carry him down that dangerous path if it were not for unanimous advice of his senior advisers. In fact, he may pick that road anyway and risk a polarization of deadly danger to the nation.

Letters

Overseas Americans

Phyllis Michaux does not need Sid Bernstein's bleeding heart any more than the rest of us serving *American interests overseas.* What we need is a sense of humor after reading his letter (Aug. 2).

No, there is no law forcing us to work or stay abroad and fortunately no law against marrying foreign nationals as some of us have chosen to do. Yes, we have all the enjoyment of living abroad but never let it be said that *some of us do not pay a* price nor contribute in any way to our native land. Some of our children are completing their education at American universities at considerable cost if the parents are on French salaries. My son happens to be one of these children and is now the proud possessor of U.S. nationality thanks in part to Phyllis Michaux and the American Wives of Europeans through their endeavors as regards the amendment to Section 301 (b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act reducing from five to two years the residence requirement for Americans born abroad of one American parent only. Thanks to his secondary education in French schools and his fluency in languages, the U.S. government has given my son a contract to act as interpreter and escort to visiting guests of state. He will remain in America which means his fond parents will not see him often.

Furthermore, the numerous American schools in Europe, which incidentally include in their enrollment many children of U.S. government officials on duty overseas, are mainly staffed by American teachers. They uphold American values and standards of education, are familiar with European culture, and help disoriented American children adjust to the difficulties of being abruptly moved from one country to another.

Those of us working in France are subject to French income tax and in some instances both French and American, which hardly seems fair and we are indeed grateful to people like Phyllis Michaux who champion the cause of our receiving consideration and benefits as respected U.S. citizens.

HARRIET FRANKEL.
Binic, France.

Sid Bernstein's (Letters, Aug. 2) condemnation of Americans who work overseas is without economic or factual merit. Americans *do* in fact pay a price for living abroad, for their cost of living and taxation expenditures now approach or exceed domestic levels.

His statement that "for every object made by an American company abroad there is one less made by an American workman" is false, for because of cost, craftsmanship, or resource factors the article would not have been made in the U.S. in the first place for there would be no demand for it.

His contention that "the profits of these companies do not go back to the American people" is equally as erroneous, for most retain strict financial leverage over their subsidiaries and their profits result in increased revenue for the parent company and increased dividends for the American investor, not to mention the availability of the subsidiary's imported product at a lower cost. To support my position, I recommend Mr. Bernstein review (1) the Reddaway Report's 10-year study of foreign investment in Canada; (2) numerous statistical analyses in this area by Prof. Zenoff of Columbia and Prof. Vernon of Harvard; (3) Prof. Vernon's book "Sovereignty at Bay" and (4) his own common sense. It is quite evident his present beliefs fail to take note of these particular references.

JOHN G. CONAGHAN.
Heverlée, Belgium.

How It's Different

As one who remembers and is grateful for many kind and generous actions toward my country, especially in time of need, I send my good wishes and thanks. There are many who feel the same. I won't use that awful phrase, "I speak for everyone when I say . . ." because we are none of us perfect! As to Watergate, Americans should be proud in spite of all the painful grilling, that it is out in the open . . . and not shoved under the carpet as in so many other carping countries.

AGNESS IRENE MUDD.
Bournemouth, England.

INTERNATIONAL
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'Diabolical Games of Blockheads'

Soviet Rebel Accuses Brandt Of 'New Munich' by Détente

By Theodore Shabad

MOSCOW, Aug. 10 (NYT).—A Soviet dissident writer has accused Chancellor Willy Brandt of West Germany of creating a "new Munich" by his policy of rapprochement with the Soviet Union.

The writer, Vladimir Y. Maksimov, who was recently expelled from the Soviet Writers' Union, said in an open letter that "only the Almighty can know what price in blood we are going to pay for the diabolical games of the blockheads of modern diplomacy."

The letter, circulating among Western newsmen here, appeared to reflect growing concern among the Soviet Union's shrinking community of dissidents that they were rapidly becoming the principal losers in the present climate of relaxation between East and West.

Soviet Triumphs Seen

The Soviet government has viewed its improving relations with West Germany and the United States as major triumphs of foreign policy designed to obtain Western capital and advanced technology to spur economic development in the Soviet Union.

However, the increasingly close relations with Western countries have not been accompanied by any meaningful changes for the average Soviet citizen, who remains largely isolated from the mainstream of world events. If anything, domestic restrictions are being tightened in what the Kremlin says will be continuing ideological warfare against Western influences.

Böll Is Addressed

Mr. Maksimov, 40, is a former construction worker and geologist who became one of the better known young Soviet writers before he fell into disfavor. The extent of his present following is difficult to judge, but he was held significant enough to be included in the official eight-volume Short Literary Encyclopedia, published during the last decade.

His 1965 play, "Man Alive," which depicts a grim life in the 1930s under Stalin, has drawn full houses in Moscow's small Dramatic Theater for many years.

Mr. Maksimov's letter, castigating Mr. Brandt's policy, was addressed to Heinrich Böll, the West German novelist. Mr. Böll recently has been critical of what he viewed as cultural restrictions in the Soviet Union.

The Soviet weekly Literaturnaya Gazeta denounced Mr. Böll Wednesday in a full-page article for his recent statements. Mr. Böll's novels have been translated into Russian and he had been regarded here as a friend of the Soviet Union.

Alluding to the 1970 Soviet-West German treaty that paved the way for the present relaxation of tension, Mr. Maksimov described Chancellor Brandt as a "mediocre apologist for a new Munich who takes himself for a great politician."

Medvedev Defended

MOSCOW, Aug. 10 (AP).—The Soviet decision to strip scientist Dr. Zhores Medvedev of his citizenship was an "absurd" and "illegal" act, his brother said today.

In a statement made available to some Western correspondents, the historian, Roy Medvedev, said his brother's only misdemeanor "was open criticism of some aspects of our reality and shortcomings in the work of some scientific and state establishments."

Sinyavsky Goes To Paris to Take University Post

PARIS, Aug. 10 (AP).—Soviet author Andrei Sinyavsky, recently released after serving a seven-year prison term for publishing works abroad, arrived here today. He intends to live permanently in Paris.

Mr. Sinyavsky was sentenced in February, 1966, in a trial with another author, Yuli Daniel, which attracted worldwide attention. He was accompanied to Paris by his wife, Marie, and his son Igor, 8.

He already has been named to a teaching post at Paris University. He requested permission to emigrate from the Soviet Union last December and received his visa in June.

Mr. Sinyavsky, who has been unemployed and living in isolation since he was released from a labor camp on May 21, 1971, was invited to come to France by friends and his French publisher.

Mr. Sinyavsky's latest work, a book of essays entitled "For Freedom of Imagination" was published in the United States and France several months ago.

Soviet Population Is Put at 250 Million

MOSCOW, Aug. 10 (UPI).—The population of the Soviet Union has reached 250 million, the Central Statistics Board said yesterday.

According to official statistics, the population of the territory now covered by the Soviet Union was 124.6 million in 1897, 159.2 million in 1903 and 208.8 million in 1959.

A count at the beginning of this year gave a population of 248.6 million, including 115 million men and 133.6 million women, the board said. It said that 207 million Soviet citizens, 83 percent of the population, were born after the Communist revolution of 1917 and 121 million after World War II.



United Press International

CRASHING THE PARTY—Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau takes salute from Mountie as he carries his 20-month-old son, Justin, to party in Ottawa.

EOKA Papers Said to Include Plan to Murder Makarios

NICOSIA, Cyprus, Aug. 10 (AP).—Documents in the possession of Maj. Stavros (Syros) Stavrou, an EOKA underground leader who was captured in raids yesterday, include a detailed assassination plan directed at Cyprus President Makarios, it was revealed today by an authoritative government source.

The source said the plan was supported by nearly 60 photographs of the route followed every day by the presidential motorcade in Nicosia.

Some of the photographs which the source displayed to the press had arrows in red ink, marking points occupied by police guards along the route and likely ambush positions.

Others had handwritten notes on the back stating "This building is ours" or "This may be used by us."

The source said the assassination plan was to have been carried out by a special EOKA unit identified in the document as "13-13." The whole plan bore the reference "7/SE/2791," the source added.

Palace Occupation

In addition to a direct attack on the presidential car, the assassins also planned to kill police guards along the route, and "as a crowning achievement, occupy the archbishop's palace," the source claimed.

According to the source, the assassination plan was found among documents in a home in Limassol, where Maj. Syros was captured yesterday during an anti-EOKA police raid.

Maj. Syros was taken to the Nicosia District Court this morning under heavy guard and was remanded in custody for eight days. A police prosecuting officer told the court that documents found in Maj. Syros's possession identified him as the chief of staff of Gen. George Grivas's EOKA organization, which is seeking to unite Cyprus with Greece.

While Maj. Syros was in court, workers throughout the island stopped work and shops, factories and offices closed for a two-hour protest strike demanding the release of Minister of Justice Christos Vakis, who was kidnapped by EOKA 15 days ago.

The strike was called jointly by the island's Greek Cypriot leftist and rightist trade union confederations, and the civil servants, farmers and shopkeepers associations.

Statements by the various bodies also expressed concern over the deteriorating situation in Cyprus and the civil war threat posed by Gen. Grivas and his EOKA underground activities.

6 European States Sign Space Pact

PARIS, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—Six European countries today signed the first of a series of agreements to participate in a $308-million manned space laboratory, the European Space Research Organization said.

The agreement, which other member states can join before Sept. 23, empowers ESRO's director general to pledge European participation in the U.S. post-Apollo space program.

The European spacelab will be carried by a U.S. space shuttle later in this decade.

Opposition Party Supports Chile Military-Backed Cabinet

SANTIAGO, Chile, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—The opposition Christian Democratic party today gave its conditional support to Chilean President Salvador Allende's new military-backed cabinet in a move which could end a long wave of costly strikes.

In what was seen as a major conciliatory statement, Christian Democratic leader Patricio Aylwin said his party would not refuse to cooperate with Mr. Allende if he took steps to insure institutional stability, civil peace, security and development.

"If these conditions are met, the party will not refuse its patriotic cooperation... to help restore normality and solve the anguishing problems afflicting the country," Mr. Aylwin said.

President Allende yesterday appointed the four commanders in chief of the armed forces to reinforce a "national security" cabinet following demands by Mr. Aylwin that the military join his leftist government.

Transport Strike

Earlier in the week, talks between the two leaders, aimed at ending a crippling road transport strike and curbing violence, broke down on this issue.

The Christian Democratic party opened peace talks with Mr. Allende last week from a position of strength. It demanded not only the return of the military to government but also the disarming of extremists, constitutional reform and guarantees for the private sector.

The Christian Democrats are the country's largest single party, polling 29.1 percent of the vote in the last elections, or 10 percentage points more than Mr. Allende's Socialist party. They are led by Eduardo Frei Montalva, who is still the country's leading vote-getter. Now president of the Senate, he undoubtedly would have been re-elected president in 1970 if it had not been for a Chilean law that says a president cannot succeed himself.

In the recent bitter crisis, Mr. Frei has remained very much in the background, apparently saving himself for the future. His close associate, Mr. Aylwin, led the dialogue with Mr. Allende.

The Christian Democrats have formed a tactical alliance with the other major opposition group, the Conservative National party, composed mainly of small merchants, middle-class professionals and the old landed gentry.

The Nationals were hurt by the land reform begun by Mr. Frei but have found their standard of living dropping sharply under Mr. Allende. They have joined forces with the Christian Democrats as the lesser evil and now the two parties together control both houses of Congress and have won several local elections.

U.K. Intelligence Activities In Ireland Assailed by Dublin

DUBLIN, Aug. 10.—The government of the Irish Republic said tonight it had told Britain its intelligence activity in the republic was "unacceptable and counter-productive."

Law enforcement in the republic was for the Irish government, it said in a sharply worded statement issued by the Government Information Service.

The row between Britain and Ireland stems from the spying activities of two convicted English bank robbers, who claim they were told by British intelligence that it would accept "inside information" about the outlawed Irish Republican Army.

The statement was issued after an Irish cabinet meeting. *Yesterday, the Irish ambassador in* London, Donal O'Sullivan, called at the British Foreign Office to express his government's concern over the case of the brothers, Kenneth and Keith Littlejohn. He was reported to have received "certain assurances." The assurances were not explained.

In London today, the British *defense secretary, Lord Carr*ington, rejected an opposition Labor party request for an independent inquiry into the case of the two bank robbers.

Lord Carrington announced his decision after hurried talks at London airport this morning with Prime Minister Edward Heath, who said he returned *from the Commonwealth con*ference in Ottawa a day early to take part in a yacht race.

In a letter to Fred Peart, who had asked for the inquiry, Lord Carrington said it was a long-established rule that the activities of the intelligence services were not discussed in public. He said that he would be happy to discuss the case with Mr. Peart privately.

The call for an inquiry followed allegations by the two brothers, who were jailed last week for a bank robbery in the Irish Republic, that they had been employed by the British government to infiltrate the IRA.

Lord Carrington has said that the *Littlejohns had offered to* supply the government with information and were put in touch with "the appropriate authorities" but has denied they were ordered to rob a bank. The government had declined to comment on the Littlejohns' charges that they also were ordered to assassinate IRA leaders.

Meanwhile, in Belfast, police linked a Protestant extremist organization to a machine-gun attack on six workers from the Irish Republic last night in which one of the workers was slain.

The organization is the Ulster Freedom Fighters, a Protestant group in Northern Ireland which has claimed credit for the assassination of six Catholics in Northern Ireland in the last two months.

A gunman in Belfast shot and wounded a young Roman Catholic today and then killed him with a bullet fired into the head as the victim's mother and wife watched helplessly.

Police said the workmen from the Irish Republic, who were ambushed near here last night, had *ignored a warning from the UFF* to stay out of Northern Ireland.

The six men, who traveled in the truck regularly from a Belfast suburb where they worked to their homes in County Donegal in the Irish Republic, included four Protestants and two Roman Catholics.

The man who was slain was *Henry Cunningham, 17, a Prot*estant.

Last night, rioting broke out in a Roman Catholic area of Belfast as 4,000 persons attended a protest rally marking the second anniversary of regulations permitting internment without trial of suspected Irish Republican Army members.

Suharto Launches Program to Save Buddhist Temple

BORORBUDUR, Central Java, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—An international program to save one of the world's greatest ancient monuments—the 11-century-old Buddhist temple at Bororbudur—was officially launched today by President Suharto.

For at least the next eight years, up to 1,000 people will work to remove nearly a million stone blocks, clean and restore them, then reassemble the terraced temple and its three kilometers of intricately carved reliefs showing the life of Buddha.

They will be working to a plan devised by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and Indonesian experts who have spent the last five years surveying the damage caused by time, rain, volcanic eruptions and earth tremors.

Heart Transplant in Paris

PARIS, Aug. 10 (UPI).—Dr. Daniel Guilmet, French heart transplant expert, today grafted the heart of a 24-year-old man into a 13-year-old high school girl who has serious heart disease. Doctors said the operation was successful, but they noted that it will be at least three months before the results of the transplant can be fully assessed.

5% Spending Cut Imposed in India To Halt Inflation

NEW DELHI, Aug. 10 (AP).—Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's government today announced a 5 percent cutback in spending to fight inflation in India.

Finance Minister Y. B. Chavan told Parliament the planned cuts were the first of "massive efforts to bring about economy so that deficit financing can be reduced."

The 1973-74 national budget announced in February called for expenditures totaling 76.26 billion rupees ($10.17 billion).

Also, the budget foresaw a deficit of 3.35 billion rupees ($447 million) which later estimates have increased to almost 8.5 billion rupees ($1.13 billion).

Mr. Chavan said the government plans to slash 3 billion rupees ($400 million) from the federal allocations and one billion rupees ($133 million) from the amounts earmarked for the states.

He said the cutbacks will be in "nonessential spending" like entertainment, transportation, road and building maintenance and repairs and hiring to fill new or vacated positions.

There will be no cuts in military spending, which accounts for about 21 percent of the original budget.

New President Named but Bhutto Is Still Key Man

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—The National Assembly and the Senate, in a joint session, today elected former Assembly Speaker Chaudry Fazal Elahi as the new president of Pakistan for a five-year term.

The 69-year-old veteran politician, the candidate of the ruling Pakistan People's party, was elected with 139 votes against 45 for the joint opposition candidate, Amirzada Khan.

Mr. Elahi will take over as president from Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, who is considered certain to be elected prime minister in Assembly-Senate voting Sunday. Under the new constitution, which will take effect Tuesday, the main executive powers will pass from the president to the prime minister and his cabinet.

Mr. Elahi and Mr. Bhutto, if he is elected, will be sworn into office one minute after midnight on Tuesday, which is the 26th anniversary of Pakistan's independence.

Mr. Bhutto has been the nation's political leader since the 1971 war with India in which East Pakistan won independence as Bangladesh.

Don't Waste Corpses, Briton Says, Process Them Into Fertilizer

LONDON, Aug. 10 (AP).—A British doctor said today that it is a waste of valuable natural resources to cremate human corpses. They should be reprocessed to make fertilizer, he suggested.

Dr. S.L. Henderson Smith said in a letter to the magazine World Medicine that he could visualize the day when a human body is reprocessed to make fertilizer. It might even provide a new form of fuel to help solve the world energy crisis, he suggested.

"Cremation is a gross waste of valuable resources," the doctor wrote. "The human body has an important place in the ecology of nature which we interfere with every time we send it to the flames."

He thinks people must get used to the idea that they do not stop contributing to society when they die.

"People can already donate their eyes, kidneys and other vital organs. This is an extension of the idea," he said.

Toll Put at 23 to 78 In Egypt Bus Mishap

CAIRO, Aug. 10 (UPI).—Rescue teams, including frog divers, probed a deep irrigation canal *today for passengers on a coun*try bus that plunged into the canal, police sources said.

Late today, police still were not certain of the death toll from the accident, which occurred last night. Police sources estimated it at between 68 and 78, but Transport Minister Husseini Abdel-Latif put it at "23 only." Both sources said that there were 12 survivors who were taken to a hospital for treatment.

Obituaries

Benjamin Mandel, 82, Expert On Reds for U.S. Congress

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (NYT).—Benjamin Mandel, 82, an authority on Communism who worked for the Congress and the federal government for 28 years, died here Wednesday. He had been ill for several months.

Born in New York City, where he taught in the public school system, Mr. Mandel became a researcher for the House Special Committee on Un-American Activities in 1939. He worked for the committee until 1951, except for two years spent doing security work for the State Department following the war.

In 1951, he joined the staff of the Senate Internal Security subcommittee. He retired in 1967 but continued as a consultant to the subcommittee.

Guy Kelcey

WESTFIELD, N.J., Aug. 10 (NYT).—Guy Kelcey, 84, a pioneer traffic engineer and a founder of the international engineering firm of Edwards & Kelcey, Newark, died yesterday at his home here.

An innovator in traffic and highway planning, Mr. Kelcey attracted wide attention in the early 1920s for channeling motor-vehicle flow through the use of traffic islands and other devices. He was possibly the first man in this country to be known as a "traffic engineer."

Vander Barbette

AUSTIN, Texas, Aug. 10 (NYT).—Vander Barbette, 68, a world-renowned trapeze artist of the 1920s and 1930s, died last Sunday at his home here.

Barbette was the subject of an essay on the nature of art written by Jean Cocteau. He was also in Cocteau's first film, "Blood of a Poet," in which he appeared wearing a Chanel evening gown applauding a card game that ended in a suicide.

Barbette was born at Round Rock, Texas, near Austin.

As a trapeze artist he wore women's clothing but by the end of his act the audience learned that he was a man. A critic wrote that the interest lay not in the acrobatics but in "the beauty of the performer." Cocteau, as Barbette himself put it, saw "more in the act than I had realized was there myself."

Fallout Detected By Australians

CANBERRA, Australia, Aug. 10 (UPI).—The first radioactive fallout since France's July 22 and 29 nuclear tests in the Pacific has been detected near Melbourne, in southern Australia, acting Prime Minister Lance Barnard said today.

"The detection of fallout verified that recent French nuclear testing is a clear breach of the ruling of the World Court," he declared. The World Court called on France to put off any nuclear tests until it could hear arguments.

Mr. Barnard said that the fallout was at low levels of concentration. Government officials refused to specify the level, but Mr. Barnard said that Australians need not now avoid contaminable foods such as milk.



Autumn holidays in Zermatt

Zermatt is most beautiful in the autumn. For then the Matterhorn is outlined crystal-clear against a deep-blue sky, the air is warm and the weather more settled. There are fewer people along the paths and on the railways and cableways. Colorful pine forests, the scenic grandeur of the mountains and the traditional hospitality of the Seiler hotels with the wonderful indoor swimming pool are all an invitation to soak up the sun and recharge the batteries before winter. From September 1st low prices. Please book in good time.

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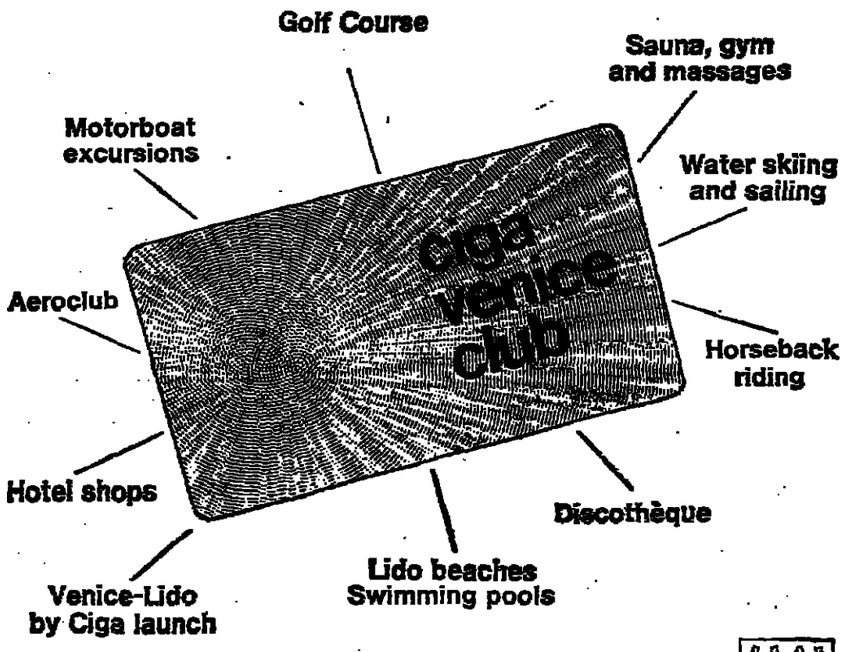
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CIGA HOTELS

PARIS: Hotel Meurice, Le Grand Hotel, Hotel Prince de Galles
VENICE: Gritti Palace Hotel, Danieli Royal Excelsior, Hotel Europa & Britannia, Hotel Regina
VENICE LIDO: Excelsior Palace Hotel, Grand Hotel des Bains
FLORENCE: Hotel Excelsior Italie, Grand Hotel
ROME: Hotel Excelsior, Le Grand Hotel
NAPLES: Hotel Excelsior
MILAN: Hotel Principe & Savoia, Palace Hotel
STRESA (LAKE MAGGIORE): Grand Hotel et des Iles Borromées
TURIN: Excelsior Grand Hotel, Principi di Piemonte
GENOA: Hotel Colombia Excelsior
Apartment Houses:
VENICE: Palazzo del Giglio
FLORENCE: Palazzo Benci
ROME: Palazzo al Velabro
MILAN: Annex Principe & Savoia

LONDON THEATER

A Mismatch at the National

By John Walker

LONDON (IHT).—I imagine that the National Theatre thought Euripides's "The Bacchae" would be an appropriate companion piece to their other new production, Peter Shaffer's glossy "Equus."

Both plays have a common theme, treating man as schematic and schizophrenic, either all cool logic or total raving emotionality. Euripides charts the tragic results of man turning his back on Dionysian forces instead of coming to terms with them. Pentheus closes his mind to Dionysus and is torn apart by the blood-lusting Bacchantes led by his mother, Agave.

Mr. Shaffer's play reverses this process. His passionate boy surrenders his own dark gods whose worship involves his whole being, sex as sacrament, to the timid forces of normality. He will live on, but as an emotional cripple.

Ladies of the Chorus

In theory, the plays, separated by more than 2,000 years, should illuminate each other. That they don't is due to the failure of Poland Jaffe's production of "The Bacchae," and also to the waywardness of the adaptation by Wole Soyinka, the Nigerian poet and playwright, who has introduced an irrelevant chorus of chain-rattling slaves (although it is good to see that this has meant employment for a fine and neglected contemporary blues singer, Ram John Holder).

As ever, it is the ladies of the chorus who are the main obstacles to enjoyment. The National's Bacchantes are fine, strapping, healthy girls who prance around nearly naked and have clearly never drunk anything stronger than milk and water. They include the most unrhythmic drummer I have ever heard, as well as a girl who tootles inadequately on a pipe with what is intended as wild abandon though it seems no more than bad musicianship. Although Isabelle Lucas occasionally cuts loose with her strong, vibrant voice the revels are tamer than a vicarage tea party.

I feel some sympathy for Charles Lamb, who has been much scorned for saying that "King Lear" read much better than it acted. Greek tragedy is my "Lear," something almost inaccessible, and easier to appreciate away from the stage. The only productions I have seen that were more than a pious gesture to the past have been by experimental groups who took liberties with the text (and, occasionally, with the spectators). Such groups have both the sense of ritual and the necessary bodily abandon to carry conviction.

The Production

In Mr. Jaffe's production, the actors have neither, although there are strongly contrasting and, in their way, effective performances from John Shrapnel, burly and bullet-headed, as Pentheus, and from Martin Shaw, as a passively smiling Dionysus. Constance Cummings, encumbered by what looks like a Phyllis Diller fright wig and a strange nose—not, I hope, a permanent addition to Miss Cummings's normally beautiful face—is ineffectively hysterical as Agave.

Mr. Soyinka's adaptation, in the spirit of uneasy compromise that characterizes the evening, strays far enough from the original to annoy but not far enough to create anything worthwhile.

It is worth reflecting that, for acreage of naked flesh, The Old Vic now rivals "O! Calcutta!" And while the bare boy and girl had dramatic justification in "Equus," the bulges and concavities of the bodies on show—both of the Bacchantes and the men in their curious cutout leather costumes—are a distraction. Who would have thought that the National would transform "The Bacchae" into not much more than a poor skin show?

* * *

Tony Richardson's production of William Shakespeare's "Antony and Cleopatra," starring Vanessa Redgrave and Julian Glover, which will be reviewed next week, has opened at the Bankside Globe.

David Storey's "Cromwell," starring Albert Finney, opens at the Royal Court on Wednesday, Aug. 15.



Constance Cummings as Agave in Euripides's "The Bacchae," in London.

CHURCH SERVICES

FRANCE—PARIS

EMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH, 58 Rue des Bons Raisins, Rueil-Malmaison, Sun., 11 a.m. From Pont Neuilly, bus 141 to "Les Godardes." Tel.: 966-37-78. Evening Service 6:30 at Hotel Meridien. Metro: Porte Maillot. Visitors welcome.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC CHURCH, 50 Ave. Hoche (8e). Saturday mass, 6:30 p.m. (Eng.). Sunday masses: 8:30 (Latin), 10:00 & 11:15 a.m. (English), 12:15 (L), 5:30 (E). Confessions: Monday to Friday, 11:30 to 12:30 & 5 p.m. to 7 p.m., Saturday, 11:30 to 12:30&4:30 p.m. to 6:30 p.m.

ST. GEORGE'S ANGLICAN CHURCH, 7 Rue Auguste-Vacquerie (16e). Tel.: 720-32-51. Sunday Masses 8:30& 10:30 (sung).

METHODIST CHURCH, English-speaking, 4 Rue Roquépine, Paris-8e. Sunday, 10:30 a.m. and 8 p.m. Rev. F. Le Noury.

AMERICAN CATHEDRAL

Holy Communion: 8:30 a.m.
SUNDAY SERVICE & SERMON 10:45
Rev. Terence J. Finley, D.D.,
St. Bartholomew's, New York.
The Very Rev. Sturgis L. Riddle, D.D., Dean. Canon Thomas Wile. Norman Proulx, Director of Music.
Episcopal — All denominations and visitors warmly welcomed.
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Metro: George-V & Alma.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH

65 Quai d'Orsay, Paris-7e.
(Metro: Invalides or Alma-Marceau)
(Bus No. 63 stops at door)
Church School reopens Sept. 16th.
Worship Service 11:00 a.m.
Dr. Frederick Sontag, preaching.
Dr. Edwin H. Tuller, pastor:
Edmund J. Pendleton, Choir Master.
(Interdenominational-International.)

FRANCE—PARIS

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES
First Church, 36 Bld. St. Jacques, 14th. Sunday 11:15; Wed. 8:15 p.m.
Second Church, 58 Bld. Flandrin, 16th. Sunday 11:15; Wed. 7:30 p.m.

ENGLAND—LONDON

THE AMERICAN CHURCH in London, 13 N. Audley St., W.1. Worship Services 11 a.m. Church School 9:45 a.m. International & Interdenominational. The Rev. Donald Black, D.D.

GERMANY—MUNICH

The English-Language Baptist Church of Munich on Holzstr. 9 has S.S. at 11:45 and Worship 12:45. Inform.: Tel.: 538534. Pastor R. W. Terry.

GERMANY—FRANKFURT

St. Mary's R.C. Parish. Masses in Oberursel, An der Heide 35; Sat.: 5:15; Sun. 9 & 11. In Frankfurt: 12:30 at the Cathedral (Domplatz). C.C.D. grades 1-8 Sat. 3:30-5:00, Frankfurt Intern'l School, Oberursel. Priest Fr. E. Seek. Phone: 06171-62547.

SPAIN—MADRID

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH, meeting in Eurobuilding, Padre Damian, 23. Worship services in English each Sunday, 11 a.m. *Protestant, interdenominational, international.*

SWITZERLAND—ZURICH

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THE ART MARKET

What the Turnover Figures Really Mean

By Souren Melikian

LONDON, Aug. 10 (IHT).—The 70 percent rise in Christie's seasonal turnover (IHT, Aug. 4-5), dramatic perhaps to the nonprofessional, is not surprising. It reflects not only a general rise in prices, but it is also due to the greater willingness of potential sellers to part with their works when they note an upward trend. Not only do they sell a larger number of objects, but, far more important, they part with higher-quality pieces. Now is the time to sell the good family Renoir, while Renoirs are riding high.

Under such circumstances, it is, in fact, virtually impossible to calculate the real effect of the inflationary trend on the market. A 15 to 20 percent appreciation may easily result in a rise of the turnover by 50 to 60 percent as a secondary effect.

Another factor to consider when trying to read the future of the market in terms of figures is that, for the first time in its history, the art market has become almost completely speculative—a dangerous trend that could one day lead to collapse if the speculators were to pull out suddenly.

An Example

Picture sales more than any others have been dominated by short or middle-term speculation of which Norton Simon's transactions last season were the most spectacular—but he is by no means alone.

At the June 27 auction of English old masters at Sotheby's, reserve prices were so high that quite a few of the 27 lots sent in by Mr. Simon reportedly failed to sell: Apparently inflation was not sufficient inducement to buyers to accept the very high prices imposed by the vendor.

Christie's has not published the figures of bought-in lots. If it had, some interesting light might have been shed on the speculative attempts and their limitations. While caution is thus necessary when assessing Christie's net figures, the variations according to category are of greater significance.

The highest rise in percentage compared with last season's figures at Christie's concerns drawings and watercolors which sold for a total of £378,000 (up by 91 percent). This illustrates the investors' tendency to include this category with paintings. Two or three years ago, it was strictly the initiated collectors' field, which means, financially speaking, that it was a lower price range. Drawings and watercolors will probably go on rising in price for at least a year or two.

Old masters came next at Christie's with a 73 percent rise over last season. Several factors account for this: (1) the long-awaited discovery that old masters were grossly underpriced compared with impressionists; (2) the growing awareness on the part of museums, both new and old, that the supply of masterpieces is drying up (a few years ago, the Louvre's purchase of a La Tour at a reported 10 million francs would have been unthinkable); (3) most important, the speculators' bet that these two factors would make old masters one of the best ventures. This has proved true up to a point. But there are not enough prospective buyers in this category to guarantee the "right" price even for masterpieces or to guarantee that prices will continue to rise. So works continue to be bought in.

Paintings Aside

Leaving paintings aside, one finds that two categories have made a fantastic leap forward. First, arms and armor, which at Christie's sold for an overall £253,000, an increase of 151 percent over last season. This is primarily due to the enormous appreciation of the most desirable arms—bows of the late German Renaissance, for instance. Once again, this is a field once reserved to a handful of monomaniacs and now has been discovered by investors. Arms are an "easy" investment since they can be dated with great precision and in a great many cases provenance is no problem.

Significantly, books are the other category that has been rocketing, with a 141 percent increase. This was due to many of the same reasons: Publication dates and the names of publishers are easily ascertained and, rightly or wrongly, books are regarded by newcomers as rather easy to understand. The upward trend will most likely continue in the coming season (starting in September), but that doesn't mean that the rise in prices will be as dramatic as it has been.

Atypical of a Trend

The movement in silver, of which only £1,068,000 was sold against £1,060,000 last season, shows that the most ideal of all hedges against inflation has its natural limitations: Silver is now so expensive that it can hardly go on rising in price, however ideal it may be for investors—it is datable, identifiable and often signed—and assay laws make forgery of any kind a crime under British law.

Silver, incidentally, shows how atypical of a trend record prices can be: While Christie's records no increase in the overall turnover, the highest price ever paid for a single lot of English silver was recorded last season when a pair of Queen Anne chandeliers rose to a staggering £115,000 in June.

Much in the same way, objects of art have not risen very much in price: The 20 percent turnover increase may be due to an increase in volume or quality of items sold as much as to any actual increase in prices.

The record prices noted in the objets d'art field do not mean much because they were given mostly for objects so unusual that what was paid for them had no bearing on established trends. The most spectacular case is that of a small gilt bronze statue described as Mosan but which I am personally tempted to regard as an English objet d'art. Less than 10 centimeters high, it made £36,750 at a December, 1972, auction, leaving bystanders gasping.

Too Difficult

In spite of this and a few other records, the category as a whole is not likely to go up: Investors find the field too difficult. This is for this same reason that archaeological objects vary a good deal at auction, except Egyptian art, now unobtainable. On the whole, unless an object is well known and authentical archaeology rarely sets buyers afire.

More than ever before Christie's figures emphasize the conditions of success at auction: quick and easy recognition, undisputed authentication. But they also show that there is an end to how high prices can go, as evidenced by what has happened to silver. In short, an analysis of the figures provides useful guidelines for anyone not barking on speculative ventures in the most hazardous of all investing fields—the art market.

Rome Urged to Save Arch of Constantine

ROME, Aug. 10 (UPI).—A commission of experts has directed the city to detour traffic around the Arch of Constantine to protect the 4th-century monument from further damage by fumes and vibrations.

The Commission for the Control of the Monuments of Rome also reported that the Egyptian obelisk in Piazza della Rotonda, facing the Pantheon appeared to be tilting and needed further examination.

The commission said that the city must build a slightly raised cement platform around the arch's base which should be closed off with chains linked to stone columns and landscaped with hedges. Traffic should be restricted to leave a wide space around both the arch and the Colosseum close by. The obelisk should have a no-traffic zone at least 3 meters wide around its base, the commission said.

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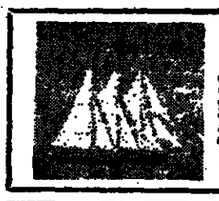
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ART

Inside Look At Chagall's New Museum

By Michael Gibson

NICE, Aug. 10 (IHT).—The little museum on the hills of Cimiez above Nice (corner of Boulevard de Cimiez and Avenue du Docteur Ménard) devoted to Marc Chagall's treatment of Biblical themes, which was opened to the public this summer, is the most attractive construction of this sort I have yet seen in France. Its single-story proportions are light and unpretentious, its interior fresh and agreeably lit. It is surrounded by a number of shallow pools and a garden planted with olive trees, lavender, thyme and other Mediterranean essences.

As for the museum's content, it is of a very special nature, since it is defined in terms of the subject matter of the works it contains—*an unusual* approach in our age. It includes some 450 works, all of them dealing with Biblical subjects: oils, pastels, gouaches, engravings, lithographs, sculptures and also a tapestry, a mosaic and three stained glass windows especially made for the museum. All of these works were donated to the French state by the artist and his wife in 1966 and 1972.

The works displayed are on the whole rather recent, though there is a set of gouaches that date back to 1931 and also the widely known engravings (105 of them) originally commissioned by Vollard and finally published by Verve (Tériade) in 1956.

The treatment of these subjects, so weighty in the Western past, does not tend to modify Chagall's usual manner. Bright, acid colors and weightless figures also appear here. The works on the whole lack density. Too often Chagall (at least where content is concerned) is hardly a step ahead of Peynet—the cartoonist noted for his illustrations of the tribulations of Adam and Eve.

I suspect that those who visit the museum specifically because certain themes have been treated by a (no longer so very) modern artist will draw satisfaction from the conjunction of a famous artist of the prewar generation and of sometimes rather ecumenical religious scenes (Christ on the Cross quite frequently appears in otherwise fully Jewish subjects).

Those, however, who come here for the sake of Chagall's art (or with a more serious religious view) will probably be disappointed by much of what they find. The colors are pleasantly cheerful, the outlook is banal.



Wash drawing of Moses receiving the tablets, on view at France's Chagall museum.

The engravings are perhaps the best of Chagall's production here displayed. They have a unity of style and a modesty of means that sometimes make a work come off fairly well. But too often they express a thoroughly banal conception and a naïveté that is more cultivated than real. The result tends to the anecdotal and the sentimental.

The head of Jeremiah weeping over Jerusalem, for instance, is hardly convincing as an expression of human sorrow. The picture does not lead us beyond itself—to something broader in the *Jewish situation or to a generality* of human sorrow. It depicts a bodily attitude and a mimicry rather than an emotion or a facet of destiny, and this is where every one of Chagall's Biblical subjects falls short—except in the most fundamentalist sense.

Some importance has been given to Chagall's youth spent in a Russian Jewish community still impregnated with Hassidic fervor. I wrote (IHT, May 5) about affinities with the Hassidic tradition I thought I could perceive in the work of a painter like Soutine (although he never touched a religious subject to my knowledge). I cannot really recognize anything like that, except in outward form, in Chagall's manner.

Dreams

Certainly Chagall has a more pacific temperament than Soutine ever had. He is also more drawn toward dreams which are the substance of his work, and indeed his Bible strikes me as no more than a Biblical dream. The transcendental, death-dealing and life-giving power of spiritual forces do not shake his imaginary world. All here is mildness. Terror, joy, hope, pain, guilt and anguish—and God knows how intensely these emotions pervade the history of Israel—are barely even present in homeopathic quantities in Chagall's representation of that history.

Chagall explicitly speaks of coloring life "with our colors of love and of hope." An artist who undertakes such a task, starting with the *fearful material of* human pain and terror and solitude, has an awesome undertaking before him. Emerging into a world where all this is taken into account and yet where men can still sing and discover delight is a triumph of the spirit. A triumph to which Chagall—for all his qualities—cannot lay claim. The dreamy path he follows is too *easy when measured against* what he attempted to achieve.

The human ability to reach beyond all these obstacles, and beyond failure itself, and to find a meaning to life is the subject of Hugo von Hofmannsthal's short play "Death and the Fool." At the end, it is Death himself who renders an astonished tribute to the human spirit: "How wonderful these beings are, that somehow grasp the unintelligible, that clearly read words that were *never written, and still find paths* in the eternal dark."

Chagall fails here because he prefers the securely luminous setting of his familiar and well-rehearsed dreams to the eternal dark of human destiny (which the Biblical material *attempts to* illuminate) where an artist's light can shine with the power of a beacon if he has the force and courage to descend there.

A Millennium of Royalty Marked at Bath Exhibition

By Max Wykes-Joyce

BATH, England, Aug. 10 (IHT).—"*In the year of our Lord* 973," writes an English chronicler, "was crown'd first king of all England Edgar, *surnam'd the* Peacemaker, being about 16 years of age. He increased the English navy to 3,600 ships, maintained the dominion of the seas, and reigned in greater splendor than any of his predecessors."

He was crowned king in Bath, which is celebrating the 1,000th year of the English monarchy with a splendid exhibition, mounted in the 18th-century Assembly Rooms, organized by the British chapter of the Confédération Internationale des Négociants en Oeuvres d'Art. Dealers from eight countries—Belgium, France, Germany, Great Britain, Holland, Italy, Switzerland and the United States—have gathered some 500 art treasures of the first quality, which are displayed in a setting designed by David Milnaric to blend with the late Georgian architecture.

Wisely, the international committee has not attempted to relate every exhibit to the monarchy, though there are some interesting royal relics, both English and continental, including a set of celebratory snuff-boxes carved from the wood of the Boscobel oak, the tree in which the young Prince Charles (afterwards Charles II) hid after the Battle of Worcester; the tabard (official dress) worn by one of Queen Anne's heralds, Thomas Wightwick in 1713; and the cello, painted with his arms and motto, played by George IV when heir-apparent to the English crown.

To view properly, the exhibition requires at least two concentrated hours, since there are so many items of interest. Among paintings, for example, are one of Fragonard's most celebrated works, "Le Pont de Bois," done in the 1760s; Jan van Goyen's "View of Dordrecht," exhibited by the Shickman Gallery of New York, which is also showing a fine small G. B. Tiepolo; and the quintessentially English "Black Saddled Horse With Groom and Hound" by James Seymour; as well as portraits of the Duke of Wellington by Sir David Wilkie; Gainsborough's massive portrait of Anne, Marchioness of Donegal; Sir Joshua Reynolds's portrait of the gambler and celebrated horseman Sir John Lade; and the Robertson family, painted by Thomas Barker of Bath in the summer of 1817.

Among curiosities are a Ming banknote printed on mulberry bark and issued under the emperor Hung-wu (1368-98); a pair of gold rings exchanged by Nelson and Lady Hamilton; the largest millefiori glass paperweight in existence; and a letter, in Latin, signed by Elizabeth I, to the elector palatine of the Rhine, dated Dec. 19, 1568.

Furniture, textiles, musical instruments, gold boxes, jewelry, miniatures, ormolu, coins, wood sculpture, ivory carvings, firearms, pottery and porcelains, books, engravings, and glassware are also represented in this feast of a show. The jewels are splendid. There is, for instance, the great Renaissance pendant of silver and gold, set with diamonds, emeralds and pearls, and the gold necklace set with turquoise cameos.

The exhibition opened today and runs through Sept. 8.

Trojan Horse

ANKARA, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—A modern-day version of the horse in which Greek soldiers were smuggled inside Troy around 1200 B.C. is taking shape in Ankara. The 36-foot-high replica will house a café. Officials said today that it would be completed during the 50th anniversary celebration of the Turkish Republic next October.

NEW YORK

Ruminations Inspired by What MOMA Does Best

By John Canaday

NEW YORK (NYT).—The Museum of Modern Art hasn't been making much noise lately, which only proves that in spite of an error here, an error there, and a couple of bang-up bloopers in its recent history, everything is under control again. Quiet is the best thing a museum can be, just now.

One of the pleasantest things about having been around for quite a while is that you remember institutions the age of the Museum of Modern Art getting born, going through the pangs of adolescence, which in the Modern's case got pretty pimply for a time, and then either going to pieces or maturing. As a mere toddler, hardly able to lisp the names of Cézanne, Van Gogh, Gauguin and Seurat, I attended the museum's opening exhibition, which brought those four painters fully into American consciousness for the first time, and it is a tremendous satisfaction to see them now, enshrined as old masters in the museum's permanent collection.

A few years ago, or perhaps as many as 10, it began to be apparent that the museum had outgrown its function of bringing the American public up to scratch on what had happened since impressionism plus what was happening at the moment. It had done such a thorough job that there was nothing to catch up with, and new art movements weren't developing fast enough in the natural course of things to supply a couple of "Oh, wow!" shows a year. But the great exhibitions, which had taken the apparently chaotic 20th-century art movements and pigeonholed them into historical order, had created a generation of critics and artists and curators—including those within the museum itself—who saw this history of movements and counter-movements as an uninterrupted and inevitable progress toward a future that was bound to follow the pattern.

And thus was born predestination as the guiding principle of contemporary art history. Because it looked as if a certain thing ought to happen, it was made to happen. Artists and dealers who were really on the ball weren't interested in what had already happened but only in what could be made to happen next. And the museum, fooled by its own dictum, "the artists lead, we follow" (it forgot to mention the dealers) joined in the force-feeding of potential art movements that finally made avant-garde synonymous with conformity.

There were moments when the museum looked more like a dealers' fair than a museum, but whether this was recognized, and is being corrected, or whether the new sobriety is just an austerity measure having to do with getting back into financial and administrative balance, I don't know. But you don't get any feeling that the place is hampered, or lagging behind what is happening.

These reflections were stimulated by a small exhibition now current, "Collage and the Photo-Image," which runs until Sept. 11. Drawn almost entirely from the museum's collections, it propounds no innovative thesis and includes no surprising material. But it is far from being a fill-space or a rehash. It is one of those exhibitions, typical of the museum's best at this scale, that gives historical continuity to an impulse or, as in this case, a technique, that has seemed less important than it is because its *manifestations have been scatter*ed about to serve a variety of ends.

As a working definition of her subject, Bernice Rose, director of the exhibition, adopts "any image made from a juxtaposition of photographic images by any means and in any medium," which means anything from small additions in a drawing or painting to entirely photographic combinations, from the manipulation of irrational combinations depicting dreams and fantasies to a cut-out color photo of a bowl of fruit sitting on a table behind a Tom Wesselman nude. There are a few familiar witticisms (Man Ray's "Le Violon d'Ingres") and, inevitably, Marcel Duchamp's "Monte Carlo Share," classic examples that look a little stale.

But the surprise is that the show as a whole, concerned as it is with a familiar device, looks so fresh, and that it looks freshest in some of the oldest and technically crudest examples. Those details of the most ordinary photographs that have been wrenched most brutally out of their natural contexts and forced most arbitrarily into antipathetic ones, are the most effectively transformed from prosaic reproductions of the visual world into phantasmagorical visions. When the technique gets more sophisticated (as with Robert Rauschenberg) and plain tricky (as with Roy Lichtenstein), expressive force thins out. The show might thus offer an object lesson for artists who sense somewhere in it a fresh and vital stimulus.

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—1973— High. Low.	Stocks and Div. In $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last.	Net Ch'ge
80⅞ 61	AbbtLb 1.20	22	109	70⅜	69½	69⅝	— ¼
49¾ 40⅛	ACF Ind2.40	11	9	47⅝	46⅝	46⅝	— ⅛
17⅜ 12¼	AcmeCiv .88	8	4	14⅛	14	14	— ⅛
26 16½	AcmeMkt 1	9	12	19	18½	18½	— ⅛
14⅜ 12	AdmE 1.15e		27	12½	12⅜	12⅜	— ⅛
8⅝ 5½	AdMills .20	8	2	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	
24 11½	Address .60	7	126	13½	12¾	13¼	— ⅛
18 7⅞	Admiral		113	11⅜	11	11	— 1
13¾ 11¼	Advinv .02e		61	11½	11⅛	11¼	— ⅛
76½ 57⅜	AetnLf 1.76a	10	87	71½	70½	70⅝	— ¾
60¼ 47⅛	AetnaLf pf2		2	59	59	59	— ½
21⅝ 11⅜	Ahman .10e	6	15	13½	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
9 3⅜	Aileen Inc	15	16	4¾	4½	4¾	— ⅛
45¾ 37	AirProd .20	25	13	44	43¼	43¼	— 1⅛
18¼ 10⅜	Airco .80		9	55	12¼	11⅝	12⅛	— ⅛
3⅜ 2	AJ Industrls	6	16	2⅛	2	2⅛	— ⅛
31¾ 23⅜	Akzona 1.10	10	8	25⅜	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
17½ 15	AlaGas 1.18	6	2	15½	15½	15½	— ⅛
109 100	AlaP pf8.28		2170	101	100	100	
37⅜ 24⅜	Alaska Intrs	21	47	29½	29	29¼	+ ⅛
23¼ 8⅜	AlbertoC .35	7	123	10	9⅝	9¾	+ ⅛
17⅜ 10½	Albtsn .36a	9	211	12¾	12½	12½	— ⅛
34 22⅜	AlcmAlu 1	17	198	33¾	33¼	33½	— ⅛
10⅝ 7⅜	AlcoStd .36	5	8	8¾	8	8	— ⅛
45⅜ 29¼	AlconLb .16	44	30	33⅝	32¼	32½	— 1⅜
9½ 3½	Alexdrs .10e	40	111	6⅛	6	6⅛	— ⅛
31⅜ 22¼	AlgnM 2.04a	10	9	28	27⅜	26⅞	27⅛	— ⅜
13⅞ 6¾	AlldAir .24	10	30	13¾	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
14½ 8¾	AlliedCp .28e	9	6	9⅝	9¼	9⅜	— ⅛
29½ 19¾	AlliedInd 1.20	6	18	23¼	22¾	23	— ½
44½ 35½	AlliedInd pf3		7	37	36	37	— 1½
24½ 18⅛	AlliedPw 1.44	7	7	23	19	18⅞	
19⅜ 9¼	AlliedGp .65f	9	7	11¾	10⅝	11⅜	
36⅞ 28⅛	AlldCh 1.32	11	97	35⅜	35¼	35¼	— ⅛
44⅝ 27½	AlldMint .48	19	1	29¾	29¾	29¾	+ ⅛
22 14⅜	AlldPd .68	5	36	15½	15¼	15½	— ⅛
39⅝ 22½	AlldStr 1.40	7	42	25⅞	25⅜	25⅜	+ ⅛
5½ 3	Allid Supmkt	9	107	4¾	4½	4¾	+ ⅛
12¾ 8	AllisChl .21e	8	41	9¾	9¾	9¾	
15½ 8	AllrtAut .50	8	1	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
17½ 11¼	AlphaPI .60	6	3	14¾	14¾	14¾	+ ⅛
69⅜ 47⅞	Alcoa 1.94	13	136	67⅞	66⅜	67¼	— ½
28⅜ 22¼	AmalSg 1.60	7	5	24¾	24½	24½	
14⅜ 8⅛	AMBAC .50	7	10	10½	10¼	10⅜	
6½ 4	Amcord .10e	6	4	4½	4⅜	4⅜	
26⅛ 18¾	Amerce 1.20	6	8	18¾	18½	18½	
46 36⅛	Amrc pf2.60		6	38	37½	38	+ ⅛
50½ 31¼	Ahess .30b	17	435	31⅝	31⅛	31⅜	— ⅛
112½ 70½	AmH pf3.50	18	312	73½	71¼	71¼	— 2
40 15¼	AAirFlit .42	18	41	19½	19	19½	+ ⅛
25¾ 9⅞	Am Airlin		584	10⅜	10	10⅛	— ⅛
11⅛ 6	ABaker .20		4	7¾	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
45⅜ 36	ABrnds 2.38	7	134	36⅛	35½	35½	— ⅛
31½ 21	AmBdcst .44	11	109	26⅛	25¾	25¾	— ⅛
47½ 9⅜	AmBldM .28	9	11	12¾	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
34½ 27⅞	Am Can2.20	8	66	30½	29¾	29¾	— ⅛
32⅞ 22⅜	ACas pf1.75		2	23	23	23	— ⅛
26½ 15⅞	ACemM 2.32	7	17	17¾	17½	17⅝	— ⅛
25⅜ 19½	AChain 1.20	6	21	23¾	22½	22½	— 1½
32½ 22⅛	ACyan 1.25	9	219	22¾	22	22⅜	— ⅛
61⅞ 35¾	AmDistT .40	20	86	38¼	37¾	38⅛	+ ⅛
6⅜ 3¼	AmDualVt		3	6¼	6	6¼	+ ⅛
13⅜ 11⅜	ADul pf.84a		7	11⅜	11½	11⅜	
30¾ 24⅞	AElPw 1.90	8	305	24⅞	24⅝	24¾	— ⅛
3¼ 1	AmExp Ind		60	¾	¾	¾	
16¾ 2⅞	AmExp p f		2200	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	+ ⅛
23⅜ 15⅝	AmFin 1.10	9	31	17	17	17	
20¼ 17½	AmF pf1.50		2120	18	18	18	+ ⅛
28⅜ 21⅛	AGnBd 1.97e		30	18⅝	18	18¼	+ ⅛
72⅝ 17	AGnCv 1.39e		30	18⅝	18	18¼	+ ⅛
21⅛ 13¼	A Gnins .60	6	6	15⅛	15	15⅛	
31⅛ 25⅛	A Gnpfl.80		17	25⅝	25½	25⅝	— ⅛
17⅜ 10⅝	A Hoist .60b	7	1	12½	12⅛	12½	
48¾ 40	A Home .64	39	1066	46⅞	46¼	45¼	— 1⅞
216 180	A Homepf2		1	202	202	202	—11
52⅜ 36½	AmHosp .28	42	75	44½	44⅛	44⅜	+ ⅛
12⅝ 8⅜	AmInves .50	6	11	9⅛	9	9⅛	— ⅛
37⅞ 6⅜	A Medicl .12	7	99	10⅜	9⅝	9⅞	— ⅛
4 1½	A Medicorp	4	113	5	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
36½ 29	A MtlCl 1.50	10	60	35¼	34⅝	35	— ⅛
97 85	A Ctc pf5.25		4	91	90½	90½	— 1
9⅜ 6¾	Am Motors	4	165	7⅝	7½	7⅝	
47 32⅛	ANatGs 2.48	7	61	32¼	32	32⅛	— ⅛
18⅝ 7¾	AmSeat .36p	49	12	8½	8⅜	8⅜	— ⅛
28⅛ 14⅜	AmShip .68	8	16	19½	19	19	— ⅛
22¾ 17½	ASmlIR 1.20	7	91	20½	19⅞	20	— ⅛
15¾ 12¾	AmStand .50	8	204	13¾	13½	13¾	+ ⅛
63 55⅜	A Std pf4.75		1	57¾	57½	57¾	— ¼
13¾ 10	AmSterll .28	15	139	12⅜	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
9⅝ 5	AT&T wt		193	5⅛	5	5	
55 48	AmT&T 2.80	10	854	48⅝	48	48	— ⅛
62⅜ 55⅜	AmT&T pf 4		125	56⅝	56	56¼	— ⅜
53½ 48¼	ATT pfA3.64		18	49	48¾	49	
13¾ 10¾	AWatWk .64	6	6	10½	10¼	10⅜	+ ⅛
16⅝ 14⅜	AW prf 1.25		2130	15	14⅝	15	+ ⅛
17½ 12⅝	Ameron .65	6	2	14¾	14¾	14⅝	— ⅛
12 4¾	Amesb .10h	5	31	6	5⅞	6	
21⅜ 13⅞	Amstck .10h	9	18	14½	13¾	13⅞	— ⅛
37½ 21⅝	AMF In 1.08	8	352	26½	25½	25½	— ⅛
31¾ 13⅜	Amfac .64	7	149	16¾	16½	16⅝	— ⅛
50 38	AMP .07h		43	108	46	44¾	45⅝	+ ⅛
9 6⅞	AmpPgh .36	6	6	8¼	8¼	8¼	+ ⅛
6⅝ 2¼	Ampex Corp	56	103	4¾	4½	4⅝	— ⅛
1.40 2	Amrep Corp	5	8	5½	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
30 22¼	Amstar 1.70	7	10	23½	22½	22½	+ ⅛
43½ 33½	Amst pf2.65		1	37	37	37	+ ½
44¾ 35¼	Amsted 2.60	7	4	42	41¾	42	+ ⅛
9⅛ 8½	AmstrP pf.68		4	8⅝	8½	8½	
8.40 6	Amacon .30	9	120	22⅞	22½	22⅝	— ⅛
29⅝ 18¼	AnchrH 1.08	6	26	18½	18¼	18⅜	— ⅛
24¾ 14⅜	AndClay .60	6	12	17¾	17¾	17⅝	— ⅜
1⅛ 7½	Angelica .10	12	57	9¼	8⅝	9¼	+ ⅛
15⅜ 11⅛	AnsulCo .56t	8	2	14⅞	14¼	14⅝	— ⅛
18 12	Apache .32b	7	7	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
28⅞ 12⅛	ApcoO .89t	6	26	13⅜	12⅞	13	— ⅛
7⅜ 2½	ApecoCp .16	15	24	3¼	3¼	3¼	+ ⅛
8½ 7½	APL Corp	5	17	10⅞	10	10	— ⅛
9⅛ 4	Applid Mag	11	1	5¼	5¼	5¼	
155¼ 113	ARA Sv 1.22	27	19	131¼	130⅞	131	— ¼
14⅛ 5⅞	ArcaN .14	8	53	7	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
30 22½	ArctaN pf 2		2	23½	23	23	— ⅛
36¼ 21½	ArdnH 2.50	15	82	26⅝	25	25	— 1½
19⅞ 3¼	ArcticEnr	27	15	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞	+ ⅛
13⅝ 10	Aristar .72	6	4	10½	10½	10½	+ ⅛
24⅞ 19½	ArizPS 1.16	7	11	19½	19½	19½	— ⅛
82 10½	ArBest .40	8	49	10½	10¼	10¼	— ⅛
13¼ 4⅛	Arlen RltyD	8	179	4⅞	4½	4⅝	— ⅛
7⅜ 5	Armada Cp	18	10	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
25¾ 19⅜	ArmcoS 1.20	6	74	20⅜	20¼	20⅜	— ⅛
31½ 28	Arm pf 2.10		4	28	28	28	
45 51	Armr pf4.75		230	54½	54⅛	54½	+ ⅛
34⅛ 21¾	ArmstCk .84	13	69	27	26	26⅝	— ⅛
88 54⅛	ArmC pf5.75		230	53⅝	53⅜	53⅝	
25⅝ 16⅜	Arpt Ind 1.60	5	15	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	+ ⅛
21⅜ 14⅜	AroCp .90b	7	1	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅛
27⅜ 13½	Arvinind .52	12	113	18	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
85¾ 34⅜	ASA Ltd .50		319	42¾	41¾	41⅝	— 2⅜
	ASA Lf fn.50		41	39½	37¼	37½	
33⅞ 23¼	AshOil 1.30	8	44	27¾	27	27	— ⅛
54½ 33	AsdDrG 1.40	10	41	35⅝	35¼	35⅝	+ ⅛
6¼ 5½	Asd Transp		1	5¾	5½	5½	
15⅜ 9½	Athlone .52b	4	4	11¾	11¾	11¾	— ⅛
23 14¾	AtlGM 2.04a	7	24	17	16½	16½	— ⅛
33⅜ 19¾	AtlCpf 1.47	8	7	20½	19⅞	19⅞	— ⅛
91½ 64½	AtlRichf 2	21	237	68¼	66⅝	67	— 1
65¼ 50½	AtlRc pf3.75		240	51	51	51	— ⅛
154 113¼	AtlRch pf 3		5	147¼	147	147½	— ¼
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2⅞ 1¾	Atlas Corp	50	90	2	1⅞	2	
10½ 6	ATO Inc .16	6	13	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
4¾ 3⅞	Autom Data	38	33	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— 1¼
8 4	Autom Ind	8	27	5	5	5	
16 8	Avco Corp	3	34	10½	9⅞	10	— ⅛
4 1⅝	Avco Cp wt		12	2	2	2	
46⅜ 34½	Avco pf3.20		2	37	36¾	36¾	— ⅛
44⅞ 25⅛	AveryPd .25	37	58	44⅛	44	44¼	+ ½
82½ 17½	AvisInc .40	12	133	23	22⅜	22⅝	+ ⅛
12⅝ 6⅞	Avnetinc .30	5	35	8	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
140 110	AvonPd 1.40	48	246	117⅞	110½	110½	— 1⅞
29 12½	AztecO 1.32t	45	27	15½	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛

B

36 21¼	BabckW .80	11	36	24¼	24	24	— ⅛
10⅝ 4⅜	Bache .15e	16	76	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
39 17	Baker In .16	23	12	25⅝	25	25	— ⅛
34⅝ 22¾	BakerOil .37	27	7	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅛
31⅛ 25⅛	BalGE 1.96	8	57	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	
26⅝ 22½	BanCal 1.34	9	6	23⅛	23	23	— ⅛
36¼ 23⅛	Bandag Inc	43	33	33½	32¼	32½	
18⅛ 5¾	Bangr Punt	4	3	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
30 22½	BangP pf 2		1	23¾	23¾	23¾	
42 33⅝	Bnk of NY 2	7	27	33⅞	33¾	33¾	
28 28	Bk of Va .88	11	3	28	27⅞	27⅞	— ⅛
68 49½	BankTr 3	8	41	54½	54⅛	54⅜	— ⅛
43⅜ 26⅜	BarOil 1.44f		11	29	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
39½ 20¾	BardCR .14	35	55	26⅝	26⅛	26⅛	— 1⅛
30⅞ 22¾	BarnM 2.50e	8	13	24⅜	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
28 26	Basicinc .48	6	2	6¼	6¼	6¼	
26 26	Basic pf2.50		z1120	26	23½	24½	— 2½
13⅞ 9½	BatesMf .20	8	-11	10½	10¾	10½	— ⅛
36⅞ 18½	Bathind .30	6	7	21¾	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
34½ 17¼	BauschL .42	22	430	33⅝	31⅝	32⅛	— 1⅛
61⅜ 41¼	BaxtLa .15	58	95	52⅝	51¾	51¾	— ⅛
61 35½	Beatrice .40	13	3	44	43¾	43¾	— ⅛
30⅛ 14	BeautyCo .12	14	142	20⅞	19⅞	20	
47¾ 21⅜	Beckmn .50	18	28	29	28	29	+ ⅛
44⅝ 32⅜	BectDic .35	27	104	39½	38⅝	38⅝	— ⅛
25⅝ 12⅛	BeechA .70b	7	36	15¾	14⅝	15	+ ⅛
17⅞ 9	BelcorP .25e	8	9	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
18½ 12½	Bell How .84	7	130	31¾	31¼	30⅞	— ⅛
58 19¾	BemisCo .80	8	7	21	18¼	18½	
51⅛ 31⅛	Bendix 1.60	8	80	35	34⅝	34⅝	— ⅛
53 22½	BenfiCp 1.15	7	95	30½	29⅝	28¾	— 1½
833 101	Benef pf5.50		2	126½	126½	126½	— 8½
61 55	Benef pf4.50		3	71	70	71	
37½ 35½	Benef pf4.20		2400	37	36½	36½	— ⅛
22⅝ 9	Berkey Pho	8	41	12⅞	12¼	12½	— ⅛
31 25⅝	BethSt 1.40a	6	116	26⅝	26	26¼	— ⅛
54 33½	BigThr .52b	18	11	42	41¾	42	
125 95⅜	BlackD 1.08	46	35	116½	114	114	— 1¾
13 6⅜	BlairJhn .48	5	4	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
21⅜ 13½	BlairMu 1.20	6	2	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅛
17 8½	BlockHR .32	11	92	12¾	11¾	12	— ⅛
38 13¼	BlueBel .65a	5	134	15½	15	15	— ⅛
9⅝ 3¾	Bobbie Brks	6	54	4¼	4	4	— ⅛
25⅞ 16⅜	Boeing .40	10	134	19¼	18⅞	19⅛	
14⅜ 8¼	Boise Cas	6	412	14	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅜
7⅜ 3¾	Bond Ind		36	5½	5½	5½	
29 18	BkMnth 1.38	7	10	19½	19½	19½	
31¼ 20½	Borden 1.20	9	102	22⅝	22⅛	22⅛	— ½
26⅜ 23¼	BrgWar 1.35	7	45	24⅜	24	24¼	+ ⅛
6 3	Borrmns	20	10	3¾	3½	3¾	+ ⅛
30⅛ 29⅞	BosEd 2.44	10	29	30¾	29⅞	30	+ ⅛
118 108⅞	Bos E pf8.88		z150	111	110	111	+ 1
18⅝ 13½	Bourns Inc	9	8	16¼	15⅞	16¼	+ ⅛
16⅛ 8¼	BranAir .50t	9	206	9¾	9⅜	9⅝	— ⅛
63⅜ 50⅛	Briggs 1.20a	15	410	61⅜	56¼	56¼	— 5½
71⅜ 53¾	BristMy 1.32	21	86	63⅜	61⅜	62⅝	— 1⅜
16⅛ 13	BritPet .37e	20	33	13½	13¼	13½	— ⅛
	BritPt fn.37e		1	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	
49⅛ 26¾	BdwyHal .80	17	29	33½	33¼	33⅜	— ⅛
72⅛ 48½	BdwyHl pf 2		1	60¾	60⅜	60¾	— ¼
27⅝ 14⅛	BrkwyGl .75	5	18	15½	15	15¼	
25⅛ 19⅞	BklyUG 1.72	9	64	20⅜	20¼	20⅜	
12⅞ 7	Brown Co	6	4	11¼	11¼	11¼	
34⅝ 23½	BrwnG 1.50	7	10	23½	23	23	— ⅜
15 8⅜	BwnShrp .20	9	6	9¾	9½	9½	— ⅛
33 13	BrwnFer .12	23	285	19⅜	19	19⅜	
37⅛ 13⅜	Brunswk .24	12	424	26	25	26	+ 1⅛
31 21¼	BrushW .40	8	16	27⅜	27⅛	27⅜	
35⅛ 23⅞	BucyEr 1.20	14	137	34¼	34¼	34¼	— ⅜
14⅝ 11¼	BuddCo .40	4	32	12½	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
72¼ 51¼	Budget Ind		1	7	7	7	
31 25½	Bldinv 3.05c	8	83	28⅛	26½	27¼	— 1¼
19 10½	BulovaW .70	8	84	15⅜	15⅛	15¼	— ⅜
17⅜ 8½	BunkRa .10e	6	29	9⅞	9¾	9⅞	— ⅛
34 17⅜	Bunk pf1.50		10	17½	17⅜	17⅜	
38⅜ 25¼	Burl Ind1.40	10	42	28⅝	28	28⅜	
49⅞ 33⅜	BurlNor 1.50	8	72	30¾	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅜
8⅛ 7¼	BurlNr pf.55		21	7¼	7¼	7⅛	— ⅛
35⅛ 17⅞	Burndy .74	11	12	23	22⅜	22⅜	
844⅞ 209⅞	Burrghs .80	43	44	227½	225⅞	225⅝	— 1½

C

11⅝ 7	Bush Univ	61	6	8¾	8½	8⅝	+ ⅛
29¼ 22¾	CabCF 2.36e	10	18	24⅜	24	24⅛	
48¼ 25⅜	Cabot Cp .92	7	11	29⅞	29⅜	29⅝	+ ⅛
9⅜ 5¼	Cadence Ind	3	11	4	4	4	
5½ 3	Caesars Wrl	4	10	3½	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
7½ 3⅜	Cal Finanl	4	36	4	3⅝	4	
13 8½	CallahM .34f	24	26	10⅛	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
32 24½	CamB 2.77e	9	2	27	26¾	27	
71¾ 35⅛	CampR .52a	32	163	55¼	52½	53⅝	— 1¼
35 27¼	CampS 1.18	12	22	29⅝	28⅛	28⅝	— ⅛
6⅜ 4	Cdn Brew	57	1	4	4	4	
19⅜ 15⅜	CdnPac .74e	11	18	17½	17⅛	17⅜	
15⅜ 12½	CanalR 1.10	11	2	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜	+ ⅛
62½ 35	CapCit. Com	19	38	47½	46½	46½	— 1½
31⅝ 23⅜	CapHold .25	8	7	24⅛	23⅞	24	
73¼ 41	Carbrn 1.60	10	285	53¾	53	53¼	
14⅜ 8	CaroFrg .40	6	5	8¾	8¾	8¾	
32⅛ 21⅜	CaroPw 1.52	7	55	21¾	21⅜	21⅜	— ⅛
25⅝ 20	CarpTech 1	6	44	22	21⅞	21⅞	— ⅛
33½ 18⅛	CarrCp .52	14	165	22¼	21½	21½	— ⅛
18⅜ 12¼	CarGnl 1.27e		4	14⅛	14	14	— ⅛
27⅛ ⅛	CarWa .40a	11	40	18½	18⅜	18⅜	— ⅛
12¾ 11½	CascNGs .92	7	16	11⅜	11½	11⅜	— ⅛
17¾ 12⅛	CastleC .60b	9	19	14½	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
70⅜ 53⅜	CaterTr 1.50	15	126	62½	61	62	+ 1⅛
6⅝ 2½	Cavngh Cm	3	13	3¼	3¼	3¼	
4¾ 2⅜	CCI Corp		15	2½	2⅜	2⅜	
26½ 15	Coco Cp 1	6	5	15¾	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
40½ 28¼	Celanese 2	7	34	33¾	31¾	31⅝	— 1⅜
23⅝ 9¾	Cencaline .20	9	37	14	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
28⅜ 10	Centex .05e	14	17	15½	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅛
24⅝ 21⅛	CenHud 1.60	7	11	21¼	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
23½ 22	CenIllLt 1.60	9	51	20⅜	20½	22½	— ⅛
19⅛ 15	CenIlPS 1.20	11	18	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝	
25 20⅜	CenLasE 1.16	11	5	20⅞	20⅜	20⅜	
18⅞ 16⅜	CeMPw 1.36	9	13	16⅜	16⅛	16⅜	
23¾ 19⅜	CenSoW 1.08	17	44	19⅜	19½	19½	— ⅛
32⅝ 24¼	Cent Soya 1	10	123	32⅝	32½	32½	
25 20⅜	CenTilUt .96	13	53	24	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅛
16⅜ 12⅜	CerroCp .80	4	27	15	14⅝	15	
22⅜ 14	Cert-Teed .50	6	78	15⅝	14⅞	14⅝	— ⅜
34¾ 16½	Cessna .80	7	7	21	20¾	21	+ ⅛
8⅜ 1¼	Chadbrn Inc		5	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	
3⅜ 2	Chadbrn pf		5	2¼	2¼	2¼	
23 14⅞	Chmpint .84	7	323	18⅜	18	18¼	+ ⅛
24 18	Chmi pf1.20		30	20	19¾	19¾	+ ⅛
17⅜ 12¼	ChamSp .52	14	53	16¾	16½	16½	— ⅛
30 13⅜	ChartrCo .30	10	17	26	25¾	25¾	— ⅛
35⅝ 28⅜	Charin NY 2	7	18	30	29⅝	29⅞	— ⅛
15 9⅛	ChaseFd .72		70	47½	47¼	47¼	— ⅛
60⅛ 41½	ChasManh 2		1	78	47½	47¼	— ⅛
70 49⅜	ChasT 5.09e	10	137	52	51	51⅜	+ ⅛
23 15	Checker Mf	13	2	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	— ⅛
13⅜ 6¼	Chelsea .30	5	6	10	8	8	— ⅛
22 13⅜	Chemetn .80	6	14	15⅜	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
54⅛ 40¾	ChmNY 2.88	7	31	44	43¾	44	— ⅛
92 69⅜	Chsbgh 1.12	31	45	73⅞	73½	73½	— ⅛
54½ 40	ChesSc 1.90	8	5	45	42	41½	— ⅛
29 25	ChiSOh 1.92	8	23	25¼	25	25	— ⅛
81⅞ 49⅜	ComEd 1.51	20	99	80⅛	78¼	78⅝	— ⅛
72½ 46	ComEd pf1.70		1	71½	71½	71½	— ⅛
19⅜ 10¼	ComSci .60	16	2	17¼	16¾	17	— ⅛
59⅜ 39⅛	ComSo pf.90		9	43¾	43¾	43¾	— ⅛
36⅝ 26¼	ComwE 2.30	9	144	29⅛

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FINANCE

PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, AUGUST 11-12, 1973

U.K. Business Output Up, but Growth Slows

June-Quarter Results Trail First Quarter's

LONDON, Aug. 10 (AP-DJ).—Growth of British industrial output slowed considerably in the quarter ended June 30, figures released today by the Central Statistical Office (CSO) showed.

The index for total manufacturing rose by 1.2 percent in the second quarter from the first quarter, against a 2.4 percent rise in the first quarter from the preceding quarter.

The index for all industries rose 1.8 percent, against 2.3 percent.

The rounded-out average monthly index for total manufacturing was 142.1 in the latest quarter, up from 140.4 in the first quarter and 137 in the final 1972 quarter. The base year for the index is 1963.

The average monthly index for all industries was 140.9, against 138.5, in the preceding quarter and 135.4 in the fourth quarter last year.

A spokesman for the Confederation of British Industry said the result was consistent with its latest survey of industrialists, which found that output is rising strongly but at a slackened pace.

He said the main reason for the slowdown is strains on capacity, in the form of shortages of labor, particularly in the construction and engineering industries, and scarcities of raw materials, especially steel, benzene, and polypropylene.

The statistics office said the June index for total manufacturing was 142.5, up from 141.9 in May and 139.2 in the year-earlier month. The June index for all industries was 140.7, down from 141.3 in May but up from 130.4 a year earlier.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Genesco Charged With Fraud

Genesco Inc. has been charged with fraud and deceit in a federal district court suit in San Francisco by the retired chairman of Roos-Atkins Inc., a clothing chain. Edward H. Gauer claims Genesco defrauded him of his Roos-Atkins majority interest in 1966 that today would be valued at 30 million. The alleged fraud occurred in 1966 when Genesco acquired Mr. Gauer's interest in the clothing chain in return for Genesco stock, which at the time was selling for 32 3/8. Among the things Mr. Gauer accused Genesco of doing in order to conceal the financial condition from the time of the 1966 take-over of Roos-Atkins and continuing through last month were that Genesco would sell inventory at the end of the fiscal year and repurchase at the start of the next fiscal year, artificially inflating its sales, profits and liquid assets.

GM Plants May Cost $300 Million

General Motors Corp.'s two new U.S. vehicle assembly plants could cost more than $300 million, industry sources estimate. GM did not disclose the cost of the projects, announced Wednesday, which are designed to allow the firm to boost capacity by about 8 percent. The plants will be the first assembly facilities added since the current record auto sales boom began nearly three years ago. Some observers were forecasting major capital spending as plants at every automaker strained capacity to keep up with surging demand. Ironically, however, the GM move may be coming at the end of the boom. It and other auto-makers have already predicted that car sales next year will level off, and some analysts are worried about a major drop in sales. Those fears were thought to have put a new chill on plans for capital spending in Detroit. Despite booming sales, for instance, Chrysler Corp. has taken a cautious approach to the possible resumption of the $135-million assembly plant project it abandoned in Pennsylvania when its profits collapsed in 1970. On the other hand, Ford Motor says its capital spending this year will be a record of about $800 million, up 16 percent from last year's total. GM's decision could bolster the view that next year's sales decline will be mild and that sales in 1975 and 1976 will be strong, if not as unusually high as they have been in recent years. The move may also help the company in its current labor negotiations. The United Auto Workers union has charged that GM has built its record numbers of cars primarily with "excessive" overtime and has allowed unemployment to stay high while its profits soared.

Signal Cos. Urge Rejection of Offer

Signal Companies is advising shareholders that it "strongly" recommends against accepting the $23-a-share tender offer for one million shares being made by CEMP Investments Ltd. and others because the price does not assign an adequate value to the company. Signal says its financial prospects "have never looked better" and also notes that the company's book value is $30.43 a share. It urges shareholders to postpone any decision on the tender offer "at least until we have received and been able to evaluate the potentially very important results" of an exploratory well currently being drilled by the company in the North Sea.

Wheat Prices Continue to Soar

U.S. Officials Bar Farm-Export Curbs

(Continued from Page 1)

Chicago board of trade's directors, is in line with new limits set by the Kansas City board and the Minneapolis board on wheat futures earlier this week.

Other Limits Raised

The Chicago board also said that, effective Sept. 1, the daily trading limit on new-crop soybeans—November 1973 and forward deliveries—will be lowered to 30 cents a bushel, from 40 cents.

The daily limit on new-crop soybean meal—October 1973 and forward deliveries—will be cut to $10 a ton from $15.

Effective Aug. 13, initial margins on all wheat contracts will be raised to 50 cents a bushel from 40 cents. Only yesterday, the margin had been lifted from 35 cents.

Trading limits on other commodities remain unchanged.

Today's increase in wheat margins means that wheat that will be delivered to processing plants this September broke records, as every day this week, when it sold at $4.54 a bushel—almost triple the year-ago level and some 40 percent above the quotation of early last week.

Even at this price, everyone wanted to buy and virtually no one wanted to sell.

Rising food costs, growing fears that substantial exports of wheat will empty farm storage bins and complaints from millers and bakers that a bread shortage could occur soon convinced futures traders that the price is going to continue to rise.

Trading activity was also heavy in futures of other grains, soybeans and livestock.

Corn prices hit new highs for the year and soybean prices went as high as they are allowed to go in one day's trading shortly after trading opened.

Tokyo Reacts

In Tokyo, the government reacted swiftly to the cutback in estimates of this year's U.S. grain crop by sending a senior official to Canada to negotiate a wheat import agreement. Buying missions to other producer countries were also announced.

Yoshio Sakurauchi, Minister for Agriculture and Forestry, told a press conference he would visit the United States and Canada early in October to seek stable imports of food and feed grains, including wheat and soybeans.

Mr. Sakurauchi said his vice-minister, Seigo Suzuki, would go to Brazil and Argentina on similar missions.

Earlier today, the Japanese Food Agency announced that its director-general, Kazuhiko Nakano, was on his way to Canada to negotiate for 1.5 million tons of wheat in the coming year.

Argentina May Sell

From Buenos Aires came reports that Argentina, one of the world's traditional grain exporters, is considering offers from the United States and Romania to sell it 200,000 tons of wheat.

The national grain board administrator, Jorge Duchini, told a press conference that Argentina had been compelled this season to buy foreign wheat owing to mishandling of stocks by the previous military government which stepped down last May.

He said Argentina needs to purchase 750,000 tons of wheat abroad this season to meet both pending export commitments and domestic requirements.

Some Aid Halted

The rising U.S. food prices and short supplies have begun to cut into the U.S. role as a provider of food to the underdeveloped world.

Officials said yesterday that government purchases from U.S. farmers for needy people abroad under the Food for Peace program have been halted temporarily while officials review available domestic supplies and prices.

Officials said food for delivery under the overseas aid program from July through September has already been purchased and is being shipped.

But they said contracting for deliveries beginning in October, which normally would have begun last month, has been put off pending review of the government's crop report and the U.S. food situation.

The National Farmers Union called the suspension a "tragic result of mismanagement and policy blundering."

International wheat experts in London said yesterday that the current tight world wheat situation could last until the Australian crop comes in next January.

But they would not predict price levels, saying that wheat prices, especially in futures largely ruled by the Chicago market, have become inflated by speculators turning to wheat in the face of monetary uncertainties.

World stocks, according to the latest figures from the International Wheat Council, stand at about 27 million long tons, down 1 million from end-June and down from 47.5 million at end-June, 1972.

Conference Urged

In related news, Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey, D., Minn., said today that he has asked President Nixon to convene an emergency international conference on wheat, feed grains and soybeans.

In a letter to the President Sen. Humphrey said the purpose of the proposed conference of the world's exporting and importing nations would be three-fold:

- To exchange information on the world supply and demand for wheat, feed grains and soybeans over the next year.
- To investigate whether expanded production of these commodities would be useful in averting or minimizing anticipated shortages.
- To begin the development of international rules and policies relating to export controls.

He said it was essential that the Soviet Union, China and the poor nations of the world be among those represented.

EEC May Lift Controls

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—Agriculture Secretary Earl Butz said today he had been informed by Pierre Lardinois, the EEC commissioner in charge of agriculture, that the Common Market may lift the ban it imposed earlier this week on wheat exports.

Mr. Butz told a press conference he had discussed U.S. policy on grain export controls on the telephone with Mr. Lardinois in Europe earlier today.

Mr. Butz said that Mr. Lardinois had reported that in view of the U.S. declaration that there is no need for export controls on wheat and feed grains, the EEC would probably move to lift its controls.

EEC Steel Budget Changes Proposed by Commission

BRUSSELS, Aug. 10 (AP-DJ).—The EEC commission today proposed to begin doing away with the substantial gains and losses that member countries have made on their contributions to community budgets as a result of the past two years' exchange rate developments.

Covering only the special budget of the coal and steel sector, to which EEC firms pay a tax of 0.29 percent of their sales yearly, the proposals would calculate payments on the basis of current exchange rates, rather than pre-Smithsonian (1971) rates, which have been used until now.

This would result in additional payments by British firms of about 16 percent and by Italian firms of about 15 percent, since their currencies have floated downward. West German coal and steel companies would pay about 12 percent less, because the deutsche mark, like most other EEC currencies, has appreciated since 1971.

It was the German firms, among others, who prodded the commission to act. Its proposal would affect only the coal and steel tax, estimated to bring in some 68 million pre-Smithsonian dollars ($81.6 million in current terms) this year, but the same distortions exist in contributions to the total $6.12 billion EEC budget this year.

EEC sources said the commission was proposing to use current exchange rates only in the coal and steel sector because it is private companies that pay the tax. Governments contribute to the overall budget.

The sources said they expected EEC ministers to agree to the commission's proposal after the summer holidays, but that it would not immediately become a precedent for action on the overall budget. Changing the overall system is not being considered at present, the sources said.

They noted that countries that would have to increase their payments, if market rates were used, would also receive more of their own currency in benefits under a revised system. The European Coal and Steel Community's funds are used partly for worker retraining and housing.

EEC to End Its 'Reverse' Preferences

Official: Tariff Aids In 3d World End in '75

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (AP-DJ).—A system of "reverse" tariff preferences that give exports of EEC countries special treatment in developing nations will be ended in January 1975, and the Common Market will seek no such preferences in the future. Claude Cheysson, an EEC commissioner, said here today.

Mr. Cheysson discussed the EEC's trade and development policies toward the "third world" developing nations at a press conference, following three days of meetings with U.S. officials.

Washington has frequently criticized other nations, including the nine countries of the EEC, for their "reverse" tariff preference arrangements with the developing countries, mainly the African countries that once were European colonial possessions.

Such agreements, U.S. trade policy officials said, discriminate against U.S. exports to the developing nations.

Mr. Cheysson and U.S. officials also discussed generalized tariff preferences that the industrial countries are extending, or plan to extend, to the developing countries of Latin America, Asia and Africa without any "reverse" preferences.

The EEC, Japan and other nations already have set up tariff preferences for imports from the developing countries. But the Congress has not yet authorized President Nixon to do this by eliminating U.S. duties for imports of most types of manufactured and semi-manufactured goods from the developing countries.

Mr. Cheysson, a Frenchman, explained that his visit this week was not to negotiate agreements, but to help clear away some of the "misunderstandings" that have developed between the Americans and the Europeans.

Mr. Cheysson said that the community and all African countries had agreed in Brussels in July that the reverse preferences system should be scrapped. He said it was significant that all the African countries could unanimously agree to such a step.

The arrangements with developing countries—known as the Yaounde and Arusha conventions—expire Jan. 31, 1975 and "we start from scratch," he said.

Dollar Gains As Gold Slips

LONDON, Aug. 10 (AP).—The dollar bounded today to its highest levels against major European currencies for more than a month, and the price of gold tumbled.

The dollar was significantly stronger against the deutsche mark, the French franc and sterling.

The improvement was attributed to recent increases in interest rates which make gold speculation less profitable and the growing belief the dollar has been oversold during its long decline through the Watergate hearings.

Th dollar closed at 2.4070 DM in Frankfurt, compared with 2.385 yesterday.

The dollar's strength was reflected in the continuing decline in gold. The metal was down to $106.50 an ounce here from $110.50 and to $106 from $110 in Zurich.

Soaring interest rates in London, Frankfurt and Paris were part of the explanation. The high rates hit gold speculators by making money too expensive to borrow to purchase the metal and tempt gold holders to sell in order to lend on the money market.

Germans Optimistic on Dollar

BONN, Aug. 10 (AP-DJ).—The West German government takes an optimistic view on the dollar situation and sees a number of factors pointing to the conclusion that the dollar will continue to gain strength or at least stabilize, Karl Otto Poehl, under secretary in the Finance Ministry, said today.

He said that the dollar would probably stabilize at a level of about 2.3970 deutsche marks and that it would lead to a turnaround in the capital flows, increasing monetary exports into the dollar area.

Mr. Poehl pointed out that he is also optimistic concerning the monetary situation in Germany. He noted that one major fact supporting his optimism was the adjustment of German interest rates to those in the other EEC countries.

He also said that Germany is "in the process of retreating to the tail end of the inflation train."

He noted that the changes in parity relations during the last three years were a good thing because they would cause structural changes within industry where things have become too "one-sided."

He also said that the government would welcome increased direct investments by German companies in the United States.

He told a press conference that stronger direct investments abroad, shifting production sites to outside the country, would reduce German imports of foreign workers.

One Dollar...

Aug. 10, 1973

LONDON (AP-DJ).—The late or closing interbank rates for the dollar here:

	Today	Prev.	Ch.*
Sterl. ($ per £)..	2.4745	2.4855	— 5.00
Belg. fr. (A)....	38.98	38.6	
Belg. fr. (B)....	38.485	38.105	+23.45
Deutsche mark..	2.4088	2.382	+32.83
Dane krone.....	5.67	5.5675	+22.71
Escudo.....	22.825	22.75	
Fr. fr. (A).....	4.395	4.39	
Fr. fr. (B).....	4.325	4.1625	+21.14
Guilder.....	2.5498	2.5075	+22.49
Israeli pound...	4.20	4.20	
Lira (A).....	600.5	599.5	
Lira (B).....	576.0	576.0	+ 0.54
Peseta.....	57.2	56.94	
Schilling.....	17.6	17.45	+21.15
Sw. krona.....	4.13	4.105	+15.89
Swiss franc.....	2.94	2.8835	+30.48
Yen.....	265.15	265.1	+16.12

* Percentage change against the dollar from central rates set by the 1971 Smithsonian agreement as calculated by Morgan Guaranty Trust Co. The figures are based on currency quotations in New York.

A: Free. B: Commercial.

Prime Rate in U.S. Climbs to 9 1/4%

Record Level Held 'Desirable'

NEW YORK, Aug. 10 (AP).—First National City Bank, the nation's second-largest bank, said today it will boost its prime lending rate to a record high 9 1/4 percent on Monday.

In Detroit, Treasury Secretary George P. Shultz greeted news of the quarter-point increase as "desirable" in the short run as a damper on unsustainable economic growth.

He told a press briefing that the new rate "is a very high rate of interest—certainly not a desirable thing in the long run."

But, he said, it reflects the strong demand for money that has resulted from the current economic boom. He said the sharply rising cost of money could help to cool the nation's economic growth rate from the level of about 8 percent which he called "unsustainable," to a level of about 4 percent.

He denied, however, that the Nixon administration is encouraging the prime rate boosts and said he had no advance knowledge of the bank's move.

The prime, the minimum rate charged to the most creditworthy corporate borrowers, was 6 percent at the start of 1973 and has been rising steadily as banks have found it increasingly expensive to obtain funds. Citibank's move is the 12th increase in the prime this year.

An increase is considered anti-inflationary because it is supposed to dampen business enthusiasm to borrow money for expansion, a major factor in the current economic boom.

Money market specialists say that Citibank's move, coupled with Mr. Shultz's comments, makes it almost certain that a 9 1/4 percent prime rate will spread throughout the banking industry.

Dealers also said Mr. Shultz's comments indicate a growing possibility that the Federal Reserve's discount rate may be increased from its present 7 percent level.

"To me, Shultz is saying that the prime rate has been artificially held down too long," said one dealer. This dealer said it is now more likely that banks will begin to increase their prime rates faster and in larger increments.

In recent months, the Nixon administration's Committee on Interest and Dividends (CID) has been encouraging banks to boost the prime slowly, at two-week intervals, and only a quarter of a percentage point at a time. However, this timing has been eroded recently. The 9 percent was initiated last Friday and Citibank moved to that level only on Monday.

In Washington, the CID said it had no comment to make on the boost.

Banking sources stressed that the hike was largely expected, and justified.

If remarks made last Friday by Federal Reserve chairman Arthur Burns before a congressional committee were interpreted correctly, the sources believe there will be no adverse reaction from the CID.

Although the latest rise takes the prime to yet another all-time high, it still leaves it lagging behind other short-term money market rates.

Yesterday, major New York banks were reportedly writing three-month certificates of deposit for between 10.70 and 10.75 percent.

According to data released yesterday by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, credit conditions grew tighter in the week ended Wednesday. Banks had fewer reserves at the Fed, money supply growth was the slowest in six weeks and most interest rates moved higher over the course of the week.

While these tauter credit conditions were developing, corporations continued to step up their demands for loans—despite the industry-wide imposition last week of a 9 percent prime rate.

Commercial and industrial loans rose $281 million in the week ended Wednesday, compared to a gain of $217 million in the preceding week. Adding in loans sold by the banks to their holding companies, the preceding week's increase was $354 million.

Since June 27, business loans by reporting New York banks have increased $1.3 billion, compared to a decline of $66 million a year earlier.

Rising Cost of Money, Food Drives Stock Prices Lower

By Vartanig G. Vartan

NEW YORK, Aug. 10 (NYT).—Another tightening notch in the prime rate served to unsettle an already nervous stock market today and drove the Dow Jones industrial average down to its lowest close in four weeks.

The Down toppled 9.11 to 892.38, falling below the psychological support level at 900, after major commercial banks raised their basic lending rate to 9 1/4 percent.

Although the increase came as no big surprise—some Wall Streeters expect to see the prime at 9 1/2 percent by September—it did nothing to soothe the jangled nerves of brokers and their customers. Every new increase in the prime rate puts it in fresh record territory.

Today's stock market decline took place despite continued strength in the dollar abroad.

Gold issues dropped for the second straight session, in reaction to lower prices for the bullion in international markets.

Homestake Mining dropped 3 1/2 to 41 1/4 and ASA Ltd. fell 2 3/4 to 21 5/8. Elsewhere among the golds, Dome Mines was off 1 7/8 at 86 5/8 and Campbell Red Lake Mines lost 1 1/8 to 53 7/8.

Indicative of the market's mood was the stock action of two giant companies. American Telephone slipped 1/4 to 48, thereby equaling its lowest price of the year. General Motors, selling ex-dividend, declined 1 1/8 to 63 1/8, or only a fraction above its year's low of 63. At this price, GM yields better than 7 percent to its shareowners, according to one investment advisory service.

Several farm equipment issues, moving against the general trend, scored gains. Deere added 7/8 at 48 1/4, as it performed as the best gainer on the active list. Hesston Corp., a new listing this week on the New York Stock Exchange, also gained 7/8, finishing at 31 3/8.

But the general trend was unmistakably down as the Big Board displayed 359 advances and 995 declines. New lows outnumbered new highs by a 9-to-1 ratio. Volume declined to 10.81 million shares from 12.88 million yesterday.

Firestone Tire dropped 1 1/8 to 19 1/8, while Goodyear lost 1 to 22 1/4. After the close yesterday, the Justice Department said it had filed anti-trust suits against the two. Both companies said the charges were unfounded.

The exchange, meantime, did not permit trading in the stock of Collins Radio. Rockwell International plans to make a tender offer for outstanding Collins common stock at $25 each. Collins last traded yesterday at 21 1/4. Rockwell dipped 1/4 to 38.

The American Stock Exchange index declined 0.07 to 23.17.

IBM lost 2 1/4 to 301 1/4. It said it has introduced a retail store system linking point of sale and computer, and also a finance communications system for banks and savings institutions.

Also lower were Squibb, down 1 1/8 to 98 7/8; Hewlett-Packard, off 3 1/8 to 81, and McDermott, down 1 to 72 1/2.

Among the few gaining issues, Zenith was ahead 1/4 to 35 1/2. The Wall Street Journal reported that several analysts said Zenith profits were not likely to slow next year even if the economy did.

The NASDAQ average, which measures over-the-counter industrial stocks, fell 0.87 to 100.02.

Company Reports

Carnation

First Half	1973	1972
Revenue (millions).	660.4	*
Profits (millions)...	27.83	24.83
Per Share	1.59	1.42

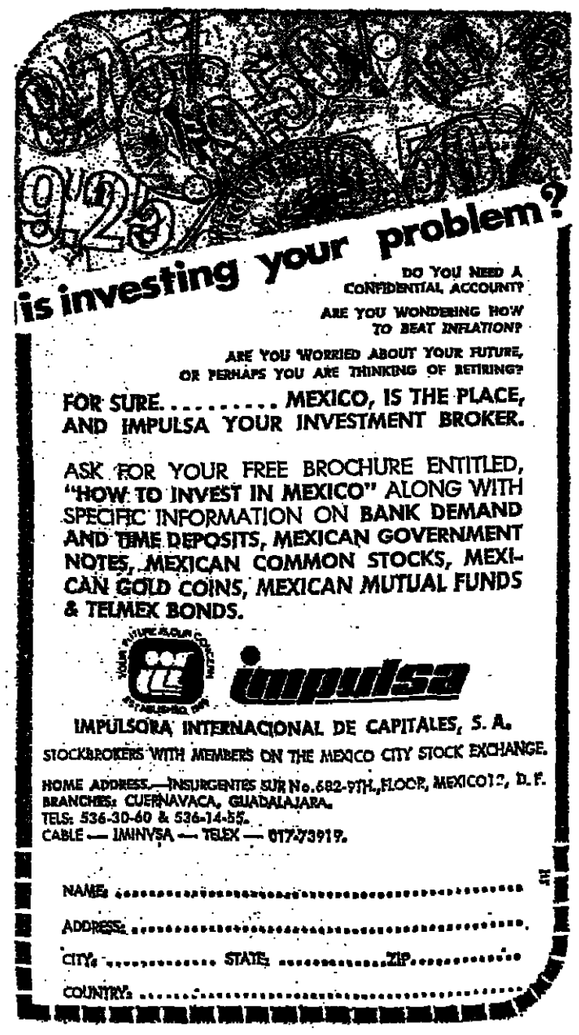
*Not available.

Jefferson-Pilot

First Half	1973	1972
Profits (millions)...	25.80	21.83
Per Share	1.07	0.91

Firestone to Fight Suit

AKRON, Ohio, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—Firestone Tire & Rubber said today a Justice Department anti-trust suit against the company "is based on misinformation and has no solid legal foundation." The company said it intends to offer "vigorous defense."





New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued From Page 8)

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
44⅝	28	SouPac 2.16	8	111	30⅜	30⅛	30¼	— ½
50¼	29¾	SouRy 1.72	8	370	35⅞	34½	34½	—
7⅛	6⅜	SouRy pf.50		8	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	
33⅜	24	SouUGs 1.50	8	13	28½	27½	27½	— ¾
14⅝	11	SwstPSv .82	10	50	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
21⅞	19⅝	SwFl pf1.50		6	20	20	20	
8⅜	5½	Sparton .20a	4	2	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
22¼	14½	Southld .24b	12	84	17⅞	17	17½	— ⅜
15	11¾	SpringM .60	6	18	12⅞	12¼	12⅞	+ ½
30½	15½	SperryHut 1	4	38	17⅜	16⅞	17⅜	+ ⅛
50¼	35¼	SperryR .66	16	185	46⅞	45⅞	45⅞	— ⅜
19	11	Sprague El	9	70	15⅞	15	15½	— ¼
51¼	36¼	SprryHpf 3		3	37	37	37	+ ¾
38	23	SquareD 1a	19	43	28⅝	28	28	— ⅜
114⅛	93½	Squibb 1.56	29	216	99⅜	98⅜	98⅞	— 1½
11⅞	7⅜	SwstFor .20	4	17	9	8⅞	9	— ⅛
29½	23⅛	StaleyM 1.40	9	11	28½	27¾	28½	+ 1
24⅛	23	StPrSec .16e		43	23⅛	23	23	— ⅜
65⅝	48	StBrand 1.73	14	35	49¾	49⅝	49⅝	— ⅝
56¾	34	StBPaint .25	43	25	47⅞	47	47⅞	
90	68	StdOilCal 3	9	214	69¾	68⅜	68⅝	— ⅝
91½	80⅛	StOilInd 2.68	13	168	82	81¾	81¾	— ⅝
116⅝	84½	StOilOh 2.70	26	68	117	116¼	116½	+ ¼
9¼	6⅜	StPress .15e	7	3	7	6⅞	7	
11⅝	10	StPrudnt .66	10	3	10¼	10⅛	10¼	
20¼	13	Standex .40	7	1	14½	14½	14½	+ ¼
44⅝	30	StanWk .84b	13	12	37¾	37	37¾	+ ¼
16⅛	8⅝	Stanray .60	6	2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
25	16¾	Sterrett .80a	8	3	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	— ⅛
28	21	StatMl 2.45e	8	22	21	20	20⅜	— ⅝
14	12	StatMS .30e		39	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
49⅝	40	StautCh 1.90	9	10	40¾	40¾	40⅞	— ¼
10⅝	7⅜	Sterchi .48b	7	2	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
37¼	31⅛	SterDrug .60	28	x56	35⅞	35	35	— ⅛
35⅝	24⅛	Stevens 1.50	7	18	29	28¾	28⅞	+ ½
35⅝	26½	StewWa 1.85	8	x14	27⅞	27⅛	27⅞	+ ½
21¼	14⅛	StokeVanC 1	6	11	16	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
14½	12½	StokVC pfl		z1160	12½	12½	12½	— ⅛
44	32¼	StoneWeb 2	8	20	39¼	38½	38½	
15⅝	7⅜	StridRite .65	6	5	9	8⅞	9	
65	32½	StuWor 1.32	4	3	37	36¾	37	+ ½
41¾	26⅜	StW pfA1.40		1	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	— ¼
17⅝	2⅞	SuavSh .10p	7	34	3¼	3⅛	3	— ⅛
33	15⅝	SubnPro .80	9	15	21½	20⅞	20⅞	— ⅝
25½	14⅝	SunChm .40	7	2	19	18⅞	19	+ ⅛
54⅞	42¼	SunOil 1b	12	35	47	46½	46⅞	— ⅜
48⅜	40⅝	SunO pf2.25		20	41⅛	40⅝	40⅞	— ⅜
34⅝	20⅛	Sunbeam .90	13	83	26⅜	25½	26½	+ ⅝
33⅝	15⅞	Sundstrd .60	11	45	18⅝	18½	18⅝	— ¼
50½	40¼	Sunds pf3.50		2	43	42¾	43	— ¾
16⅛	9⅜	Sunshne Mn	85	122	14¼	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅝
24⅝	13⅜	SupValu .76	6	9	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ¼
353	213	SuprOil 1.40	150	33	225	217	217	— 5
14¼	5⅜	SupmkG .20	12	108	7	6⅞	7	
33	18¾	Supm pf1.30		1	18¾	18¾	18¾	— ½
24¾	19⅝	Survey 2.75e		68	22¼	22⅛	22⅛	
19	13⅞	Sutro 1.62e	8	7	14¼	14	14	— ⅛
12¾	7½	Swank .68a	8	12	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛	+
37⅞	20¼	Sybron .72	14	169	25⅞	25	25⅞	+ ⅜
62	40½	Sybrn pf2.40		14	45	43¾	45	+ 2¼
15⅞	7⅜	Systron Don	8	2	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	
		T						
38⅜	22	Taft Brd .60	11	12	29⅜	29¼	29⅜	+ ⅜
20	10¼	Talcott .27p		12	10⅜	10⅜	10½	
11¾	5	Talley .45r	5	59	5½	5⅜	5½	
15⅞	10	TalleypfB 1		2	10	10	10	— ¼
22¾	18⅝	TampaE .88	10	15	19⅜	19¼	19⅜	
46⅞	15⅝	Tandy Corp	11	77	20⅜	19¾	20	
23	9½	Tappan .40	5	10	10½	10⅜	10⅜	
20¼	9⅜	Technicon	21	25	14⅞	14½	14½	
53⅞	29⅞	Tektrnx .20e	21	15	40½	40¼	40⅞	— ⅛
19¾	4⅛	Telecor .24c	7	28	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
20½	11⅜	Teledyn .59t	6	79	13½	13	13¼	— ¼
78	68½	Teledyn pf6		1	69	69	69	— ½
34½	12⅜	Telepromp	18	305	13⅝	13⅛	13⅜	— ⅛
6⅛	2¾	Telex Cp	25	62	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
30⅝	21	Tennco 1.36	8	205	22¼	22	22⅛	+ ⅛
8⅞	3⅜	Tennco wtA		127	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
112¼	82½	Tennc pf5.50		32	84	83¾	83¾	— ⅛
43⅝	24	Tesoro Pet	8	53	28	27⅝	27¾	— ½
43⅛	30⅝	Texaco 1.72	8	959	32⅜	31⅜	31¾	— ¾
61¼	42	TexETr 1.58	12	177	44⅛	43⅜	43⅜	— 1
40	22¾	TexGsT 1.64	7	29	26	25⅜	25⅝	— ¼
39⅝	24⅞	TxGs pf1.50		2	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅜
27	17½	Texasglf .60	18	1010	25⅞	25⅛	25⅞	+ ⅞
27½	16¾	Texasind 1b	7	11	17½	17⅛	17¼	
111⅞	83	TexInst .56	36	220	105¼	103⅞	104⅞	— ⅜
39	13¾	TexOilG .01	23	150	19⅝	18¼	19⅛	— ⅛
23¼	16⅜	TexPLd .54e	13	29	20½	20	20⅛	+ ⅜
34½	28⅛	TexUt 1.04	13	502	28⅞	27¾	27⅞	— ⅞
31⅛	11¼	Texfi Ind	3	137	12	11⅜	11⅞	+ ⅛
34⅜	16½	Textron .96	7	46	19⅞	19⅛	19⅞	+ ⅜
44⅛	28¼	Textr pf2.08		7	29⅜	29⅛	29½	—
34¼	20	Textr pf1.40		13	22	21½	21¾	— ½
22	8¾	Thiokol .50	6	49	13	12¾	13	
101¼	79¾	ThmBet 1.28	28	17	93½	93	93	— 1
21⅞	11¼	Thomin .40b	7	19	11½	11½	11¼	— ½
24¾	13½	ThompJW 1	6	50	13¾	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
12	6¾	ThriftyD .37	7	17	7⅞	7¼	7¼	
29¼	21¼	TI Corp 1.40	7	16	22¼	21¾	21¾	— ½
39¼	23	TidwatM .52	14	10	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜	+ ⅛
63¼	29½	Timeln 1.90	7	14	32¾	31⅞	32½	— ⅜
25⅞	16½	TimeMir .30	13	15	19	19	19	— ¼
42⅞	33¼	Timkn 1.80a	7	11	35	34½	34½	— ¼
25	15½	TishRlt .40b	20	4	17⅝	17⅜	17⅜	
9⅝	5½	Tobin Pkg		1	6½	6½	6½	
24¾	12	TodShp .20p	475	14	14¼	14¼	14¼	— ¼
30⅞	25⅞	ToledE 1.92	8	20	25¾	25⅝	25¼	+ ⅜
23⅞	14⅞	TonkaCp .40	10	13	19½	19	19½	+ ½
45	17⅞	ToolRh 1.14t	14	212	26½	24⅞	25⅞	— ⅝
17⅛	9	TootRol .40b	9	21	9¼	8½	8½	— 1
69½	36¼	TraneCo .96	11	15	44⅛	43⅞	44⅛	+ ⅛
43	26	TranUn 1.44	11	55	32¾	32½	32¾	— ¼
42⅞	18	TransW Air	5	349	20⅜	19½	19⅞	— ⅜
27¼	20¼	TWA pf.50k		3	21	20½	20½	— ¼
15¼	6¾	TranWd Fin	4	15	7½	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅜
17⅜	10¼	Transm .55b	9	292	12¼	11¾	12	— ⅛
23¼	19¼	TraInc 1.08e		25	19⅜	19½	19½	
15	8½	Transcn .43	7	36	9¾	9½	9½	— ⅛
40¼	26½	Travelers 1	9	68	30⅜	30⅛	30¼	+ ⅛
50¼	36¼	Travelr pf 2		11	42¼	41¾	41¾	+ ¼
14⅞	4⅝	TrvLds .25e	8	50	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
34¼	25½	TriCon 2.80e		50	27¼	26⅞	27¼	— ⅛
36⅜	32¼	TriCn pf2.50		1	33	33	33	
37	27⅜	TriSM 2.81e	9	46	28¾	27⅛	27⅛	— 1¼
16⅛	11½	Triangln .80	8	8	13¾	13½	13¾	+ ¼
25⅞	16	Trinityln .56	9	23	19⅞	19⅝	19⅝	
37⅞	16	Tropicana	28	134	30⅜	29½	29¾	+
34⅞	20¼	TRWln 1.04	9	75	25⅛	24⅛	24½	— ⅜
82½	56½	TRW pf4.50		2	59	58⅞	59	
15¼	12½	TucsonG .84	8	15	12¾	12⅝	12½	— ¼
12⅝	6½	TwenCe .10e	8	45	8½	8¼	8½	— ¼
25¼	11⅝	TylerCp .20	5	24	16¼	16	16	
		U						
34½	15⅝	UAL Inc	11	374	17⅜	16⅝	17	— ¼
33½	16	UAL pf.40		5	17½	17	17	— ⅜
22¾	15⅝	UARCO 1.10	8	17	16⅝	16¼	16½	— ½
33⅞	16	UAL pf.40		5	17⅞	17	17	— ⅞
22⅝	15⅝	UARCO 1.10	8	17	16¾	16¼	16½	— ⅛
19⅝	15⅜	UGI Cp 1.32	8	30	15⅞	15½	15¾	—
21⅝	11¾	UMCInd .84	6	14	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝	— ⅜
11⅛	8½	Unarco .40b	5	1	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
49⅞	35⅝	UCamp 1.40	14	138	48½	47⅛	48⅛	+ ⅛
51¾	33¼	UnCarb 2.10	8	517	36⅛	34	34½	— 1½
41⅞	22	UnCom 1.33	6	9	22⅝	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
10⅝	4⅝	Union Corp	13	31	7⅞	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
18⅝	15⅛	UnElec 1.28	11	62	16⅛	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅛
27⅝	4½	Un Fidelity	4	80	5⅛	5	5	— ⅛
41¾	34⅛	UnOCal 1.60	8	99	37½	37	37	— ½
54⅛	46⅛	UOCa pf2.50		36	49⅞	49⅜	49⅜	
70½	51½	UPacCp 2.16	11	38	58½	57⅛	57⅛	— ½
13¼	9¼	UnPac pf.47		5	10¼	10¼	10¼	—
40	24¼	Unionam .84	9	51	25⅜	24⅝	25⅛	+ ⅛
16	10½	Uniroyal .70	6	128	11⅞	11¾	11⅞	
106½	98⅞	Unirval pf 8		z120	100	99¼	100	+ ⅜
7⅛	1½	Unishops		20	3⅛	3	3⅛	+ ⅛
46¼	26⅜	UnitAir 1.80	6	44	29⅜	27⅜	27⅞	— 1⅝
12⅝	6	Unit Brands	8	65	8⅜	8⅝	8½	— ¼
15½	12¼	UBrd pf1.20		1	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅛
10	7¾	Unit Co .72e		30	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
15	6⅞	UnitFin Cal	5	21	7½	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
31	19½	UnitGas .92	8	2	23⅜	23⅛	23⅜	+ ⅛
34⅛	28½	Ulllum 2.24	7	4	29	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
9⅝	5	UnitInd .34	5	2	5½	5½	5½	—
32⅞	10⅜	Unitlnn .10	11	9	13¼	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅜
28⅛	17⅛	UJerBk 1.04	8	10	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ¼
23½	17½	UnMM 1.30	6	21	19	18¾	19	
13⅛	6	Un Nuclr		30	9¼	8¾	8¾	— ⅝
2⅜	1½	UnitPk Min		29	2	1⅞	2	+ ⅛
27⅜	12⅛	UnRefng .32	6	10	14½	14¼	14⅛	— ⅜
44⅛	37⅛	USFldG 2.40	10	55	39⅛	38⅝	39⅛	+ ⅝
39¼	25¼	USFor 6.07e		1	27	27	27	+ ½
34⅞	17	US Frgt 1.40	8	31	17¼	17¼	17¼	— ¼
27¾	20⅝	USGyps 1.60	7	126	22½	22	22	+ ⅛
30¾	23¾	USGy pf1.80		5	25⅛	25½	25½	—
25¼	7½	USHome .16	4	18	8⅞	8⅜	8⅞	+ ¼
21⅞	10⅜	US Ind .65	4	x152	12¼	11¾	12	
35½	15½	USLeasg .24	18	14	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	12⅞	US Rlty 1.36	14	7	13½	13⅛	13⅜	— ⅛
23¼	12½	US Shoe .95	6	16	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
35	26⅜	USSteel 1.60	6	120	27⅞	27⅜	27⅞	— ⅛
20	11⅜	USTobac .76	9	7	13⅜	13⅜	13½	+ ⅛
28⅝	17⅜	UnITel 1	11	82	18⅛	17⅞	18¼	— ⅛
30	24⅛	UnTI 2pf1.50		7	23⅜	23¼	23¼	— ⅛
34⅞	26½	UnTel pf1.50		2	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	— ⅛
13⅞	6⅜	Unitrode Cp	12	20	9⅜	9½	9½	— ⅛
35	26¼	UnLeaf 1.64	7	10	28⅛	27⅜	28	— ⅜
25½	16⅛	Univ Oil Pd	15	74	22½	21½	21⅞	— ⅜
104¾	72½	Upjohn .88	46	182	98⅛	94⅛	95¼	— 1¾
16½	11	UrisBldg .40		194	11¼	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
33½	21¾	USLIFE Cp	15	184	32⅞	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅜
14⅛	11⅜	USLInc .61e		14	11⅛	11½	11½	— ⅛
23⅜	15	USM stp .60	6	15	18⅛	18⅜	18⅜	
20	17¾	USM pf1.50		z60	17⅜	17¾	17¼	— ⅛
46⅞	39⅞	Utah Int .44	28	216	44⅛	43½	44⅛	+ ⅜
38½	34⅛	UtahPL 2.32	8	28	34⅞	34½	34½	— ⅛
29⅞	23	UV Ind 1a	5	13	28	27⅞	27⅞	— ⅛
24⅜	20⅜	UV In pf1.26		5	22¼	22	22	— ½
		V						
19½	9⅜	Varian Assc	13	36	13¼	12¾	12⅞	— ⅛
20¼	9½	VCA Cp .44	7	69	12	11¼	11¼	— ½
34⅜	23½	Veeder 1.60	7	11	27⅛	26⅜	27⅛	+ ¼
15	7⅞	VendoCo .40	8	1	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	
17	7	Venice .20b	6	6	11⅛	11	11	— ¼
15¼	14	VestSec .74e		10	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	— ¼
34⅞	17	Veco Offsh	37	38	25½	25¼	25⅜	
34⅛	20	VF Corp .64	11	21	22	21⅞	21⅞	— ¼
20	9	Viacom Int	18	6	11	11	11	— ⅛
18¾	9½	VictCmp .50	11	25	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
23⅝	17¼	VaEPw 1.18	8	68	17¾	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
114½	108	VaEP pf8.84		z110	108½	107½	107½	— 1
105½	95	VaEP pf7.72		z20	97½	97½	97½	
104⅝	97	VE 72 pf7.72		z300	96	96	96	— 1
19½	7⅛	Vornado .97t	4	5	8¾	8½	8½	— ⅛
22½	16¼	VSI Corp .52	7	4	16	16	16	— ¾
25½	22¾	VulMa 1.40	7	7	25⅞	25½	25½	— ½
13¼	10	VWR Un .48	8	3	13	13	13	— ¼
		W						
44⅞	29¼	Wachova .76	14	99	33¼	33⅛	33¼	+ ¼
95¾	63⅜	Wach pf2.20		45	71½	71½	71½	— 1
33⅛	21⅜	WacRl 2.50e	9	32	23⅜	23⅛	23⅜	— ⅛
22⅝	15⅜	Walgreen 1	8	21	16⅞	16½	16⅝	+ ⅛
56½	49½	WlkrH A1.40	15	8	56½	56½	56½	
25⅛	14⅜	Wall Bus .45	12	13	18	18	18	— ⅛
18⅞	11⅜	WallMur .60	4	14	13½	13	13¼	+ ¼
34⅞	14¾	WalMart Str	28	26	21¾	21¼	21⅜	+ ⅛
33½	12	Wang Labs	27	70	23	21¼	22¼	— ⅞
12	4⅞	Ward Foods		72	5½	5¼	5¼	+ ⅛
20½	12¼	Warnaco .80	5	8	13¼	13	13	
16	10	WrnerCo .50	8	4	12¼	12⅛	12¼	— ⅛
39⅞	12⅝	WrnCom .40	5	173	12⅝	12⅞	12⅞	— ¼
78	24¼	WrnC pf1.25		5	25	24⅜	24⅜	+ ⅛
54⅞	45⅞	WarnL .72a	27	427	47¼	46¼	46⅞	— ⅞
43¼	22	Warn S 1.20	11	3	29½	29⅜	29½	— ⅛
27⅞	23½	WashGs 1.88	6	9	24¾	24¼	24⅝	+ ¼
22⅝	19⅜	WasWP 1.44	9	10	19⅞	19¾	19¾	
41⅜	16⅜	Walkin Jhns	14	28	21⅞	21⅜	21⅞	— ⅛
11¼	6⅜	WayGos .60	8	1	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
4⅞	3½	Wean Unit		4	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	
9⅝	7½	WeanUnit pf		4	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
11¼	7	Weathrd .40	5	4	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	— ⅛
8⅛	4½	Webb Del E	4	16	5	5	5	— ⅛
17⅝	9½	WeilMcL .54	5	5	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
21¾	12⅝	WelsMkt .50	8	2	14½	14½	14½	— ⅛
2⅝	1⅛	Welbilt Corp		3	1⅜	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
29½	19¾	WellsFar .86	9	18	22⅜	22	22⅛	+ ⅛
25⅞	18⅜	WllFM 2.12e	8	77	19⅞	18¾	19	— ¼
21⅛	9½	WellsRG .60	6	7	13⅛	13	13	— ⅜
18¼	10½	WescoF .23r	6	15	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
25⅝	17⅝	WestclTr .75	7	6	18½	18⅛	18½	
63⅝	59½	WIPP pf4.80		z150	60½	60	60	— ½
30⅝	19	WlPtPep 2a	7	124	25⅞	25	25⅜	— ½
14⅝	8½	WnAirL .15r	7	33	9⅛	9	9	
37⅛	25⅞	WnBnc 1.40	8	200	27⅞	27⅜	27⅜	
14⅛	6¼	Wn Pac Ind	8	8	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜	
49½	17⅛	WUnion 1.40	9	911	18	17½	18	+ ⅜
99	51	WnUn pf4.60		7	51	49½	49½	— 1½
47⅜	31⅛	WestgEl .97	15	1183	34¼	33⅞	33⅞	— ⅞
64	56	Wst E pf3.80		z140	55	55	55	— 1
28	19⅜	Wstvco 1.05	12	65	27⅞	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅞
31¾	23⅛	Weybrs 1.28	6	4	23⅛	22⅞	22⅞	— ½
70⅞	44¼	Weyerhs .86	15	547	71	70	71	+ ⅜
62	48⅝	Wyhr pf2.75		87	61¾	60	61⅞	— ⅞
23¼	9⅜	WhelFry .40	13	24	15⅞	14¼	14¼	— 1¼
21⅝	11¾	WheelPitt St	5	15	12⅞	12	12⅞	+ ⅜
53½	49	WhelPit pf5		z200	49¼	49⅛	49¼	— ¾
37⅛	23⅝	Whirlpool .58	14	44	30⅞	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅜
21⅞	11½	WhitCon .60	5	81	13⅜	13	13	— ⅜
41½	34	WhitC pfC 3		1	35	35	35	— ⅛
16	8⅛	White Motor	8	21	10¼	10	10	— ¼
7¼	3⅛	Whittaker	10	86	3⅜	3½	3½	
28⅝	16	WickesCrp 1	7	159	17	16⅝	16⅞	— ⅛
8	5⅝	WiebtSt .25b	7	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
47½	21	WillRoss .48	15	23	22¾	22	22⅞	— ⅛
56⅝	39	Williams Co	11	741	47	46	46⅛	— ⅛
36¼	19	Wms Co wt		29	27¾	27	27⅛	+ 1¼
50	35¾	Wms C pf.88		4	42½	42½	42½	
41¾	30	WinnDx 1.26	14	17	30⅞	30⅝	30¾	— ⅝
27½	4⅝	Winnebago	9	463	6⅜	6¼	6⅜	— ⅛
25½	22⅛	WisEl P 1.72	9	25	22¼	22¼	22½	
114⅝	105¼	WisE pf8.90		z110	108	106¼	107	
105	97	WisE pf7.75		z10	95¼	95¼	95¼	— 1¾
18	16⅜	WiscPS 1.24	9	141	6⅞	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
24¾	16¼	WitcoCh .98	7	6	19⅞	19⅛	19⅜	
7⅝	3⅛	WolvW .05p	35	14	3⅞	3½	3½	
19⅛	11⅛	Wometco .48	10	11	13	12⅞		
19⅝	9⅞	WoodsCp .48	7	7	13⅞	13¼	13¼	— ¼
31⅞	19⅝	Wolwth 1.20	7	137	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	
7⅝	4⅝	World Arwy	11	8	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	— ¼
68½	57¼	Wrigley 2.40	12	41	63½	63	63	
17½	10	Wurlitzr .80	6	2	10½	10½	10½	— ½
11⅛	4	Wyly Corp		37	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
		X						
170	139½	XeroxCp .88	43	295	156	152	153	— 2½
28½	15	Xtra 1.57t	5	23	18¾	18⅝	18¾	+ ⅛
		Y						
14⅝	9¼	YngSDr .20e	11	6	13⅜	13½	13½	— ¼
		Z						
43½	16¾	ZaleCorp .68	9	20	19¾	19½	19¾	
37¼	21¾	Zapata Corp	6	30	22⅜	22¾	22¾	— ⅞
73	46¼	Zapata pf 2		2	46⅜	46⅜	46⅜	+ ⅛
29¾	9	Zayr Corp	5	37	11½	11	11⅛	— ½
56	33¾	ZenithR 1.52	11	151	36¼	35½	35½	+ ¼
20⅞	10¼	Zurn Ind .28	15	11	15	14⅝	15	

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. h—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend and sales in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw—Without warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vj—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject to interest equalization tax.

Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 percent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

American Stock Exchange Trading

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
26⅝	12½	AAR Corp	10	11	13½	13⅛	13½	
12⅞	5½	AAVCos .30	5	1	7⅛	7⅛		
11⅝	8⅛	AbrdMf .40a	5	14	11¼	10⅜	11	+ ¼
3¾	1⅝	Aberden Pet	68	1	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
18	3⅛	Action Ind	6	14	5½	5	5⅜	+ ⅛
6⅛	1⅞	ADM Indust		6	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞	— ⅛
17½	7½	Adobe Corp	17	28	10⅛	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
5⅜	2⅝	A&EPlwst P	5	5	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
7⅞	1¼	Acrodex Inc		5	2	2	2	+ ⅛
7½	3⅛	AeroFlo .08r	7	4	5⅛	5¼	5⅛	— ⅛
4⅞	2⅛	Aeronca Inc		11	2¼	2¼	2¼	— ⅛
3⅜	1⅞	Aerosol	10	2	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
8⅜	4⅛	AffilCap .39t	4	17	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
3⅝	1¼	Affil Cp wt		30	2¼	1⅞	2¼	
16⅞	5¼	AIC Phl .56t	6	15	5⅛	4⅞	5	— ¼
12	7¼	Airborn Frt	15	11	9⅜	9⅝	9⅝	
11¼	6⅞	Airpax .45t	6	2	8	8	8	— ¼
23⅝	13⅜	Airwick .16	28	17	21¼	21¼	21¼	
19½	12⅜	AjaxMag .60	10	3	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	
58	53⅝	AlaP pf4.20		z75	54¾	54½	54⅝	+ ¾
7⅜	4¼	Alaska Airl		18	6⅜	6¼	6¼	— ¼
4⅜	2½	Alba Waldn		3	3	3	3	
12⅛	6⅜	Alcolac .05e	14	2	8⅛	8⅜	8⅛	+ ⅛
2⅝	1⅛	AllAmer Ind		7	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
17	7¾	Allegny Airl	13	12	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
10½	4⅝	AllegA wtO		8	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
8⅜	3	AllegA wtN		4	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
10⅝	5⅛	Alles Cp wt		5	6⅛	6⅜	6⅛	— ⅛
4½	1⅞	Allied Art	2	2	2¼	2⅛	2¼	
12⅜	8¼	Allied Cntrl	9	3	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
26¼	17⅛	AlldThr 1.14	6	4	19	18¾	18⅞	+ ⅛
3⅛	2⅛	Alpha Ind	21	3	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	—
7½	4	Altamil Cp	4	2	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	+ ¼
1⅝	¾	Altec Corp		38	1	⅞	1	+ 1-16
5⅞	2½	Altec Crp pf		6	3	2¾	3	+ ⅛
17⅜	7	AlterFds .50	6	8	8	7⅞	8	— ⅛
6½	2⅝	Amco Ind	80	6	4	3⅞	4	
12	5	AHessLL wt		20	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
4⅝	1¾	Am Aeroncs		21	2	2	2	
14	8⅛	AmBiltrt .50	4	30	8	8	8	— ⅛
26⅛	14⅛	AmBusP .20	18	1	17¼	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
3⅛	⅞	ACenMtg wt		7	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
32⅜	24⅞	AFlich 2.71e	9	14	27¼	27	27	— ½
5	2	AmFitch wt		5	2⅝	2½	2½	— ⅛
16½	10	AmGerd Pd	9	20	11¾	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
6	4	Am Int Pict	5	7	4¼	4¼	4¼	— ¼
10⅝	6½	Alsraell .26e	9	21	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
9	6⅛	AMaizeA .33	7	28	7⅝	6⅜	6⅜	— ¼
9	6⅛	AMaizeB .33	7	7	7	7	7	
44¼	36⅝	Am Mf 1.87e	6	7	41¾	41½	41½	— ½
24	5⅛	AmMl I .10e	7	34	8⅜	8½	8½	— ⅛
33¼	31½	A Petrf 1.10	11	2	34⅛	34	34	— ⅛
14⅛	6½	A Plan 2.30t	10	10	8⅞	8½	8½	— ⅛
11	9⅝	A Rltl 1.13e	12	26	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	+ ⅛
2⅜	1⅛	AmRltyT wt		4	1¼	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
16¼	4¼	Am Recreat	6	47	6¼	5⅞	5⅞	— ¼
18⅞	6½	ASafeE .68t	6	20	9	9	9	— ½
6⅞	3⅛	A Techl .25e	5	7	4½	4⅜	4½	
26⅞	7⅜	AmTrain Sv	16	5	13¼	13	13¼	
62	6	AMICCp .04	13	17	21	20½	20⅞	
2⅞	1½	Anglo C .70e	14	3	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	+ ⅛
24⅞	6¼	Anthony Ind	4	15	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ¼
2	1	AO Indust	11	7	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ¼
4	1⅜	Applid Data	23	6	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
2⅞	1	Argus Inc		7	1	1	1	
23¼	12⅞	Ariz Col .08e	13	22	18¾	18¼	18¾	+ ½
12¼	9	ArzCol pf.48		1	10¾	10¾	10¾	+ ¼
27⅜	19¼	ArkLGs 1.30	7	21	19⅞	19½	19½	— ⅛
16⅛	10⅛	Armac Ent	7	3	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
15⅞	6⅝	Armin Cp	6	14	10⅞	10⅜	10⅞	
10¾	5¼	Arrow Elect	4	6	6¼	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅜
15⅞	8	Asamera O	26	41	10⅞	10⅜	10⅞	
16½	9¼	AshlOil Can	17	1	13¼	13¼	13¼	+ ¼
3⅛	1¼	AskinSv .08t		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
12⅛	7⅛	Aspro .40b	5	4	8½	8¼	8¼	— ¼
4	1⅜	AssdFd .05p		2	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
24⅝	5⅛	AsdMl 2.10e		29	7½	7	7	— ⅛
31¼	22¼	AsdProd .40	8	17	29½	29	29¼	+ ⅜
10½	6⅝	Atalanta Cp	5	2	8¼	8¼	8¼	
2	1	Atco Chem		5	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
26⅛	10⅛	AtlCMI 7.30e	8	105	23¾	23	23	— ½
1½	13-16	Atlas Cp wt		9	⅞	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
33⅞	17½	Augatinc .10	28	1	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ¼
26¼	11	Austral Oil	16	72	15	14⅛	14⅞	— ⅛
9⅛	4	Auto Bldg	7	12	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
7½	3	Autmat Rad	7	13	3¾	3⅛	3⅛	
9⅝	4	AVEMC .14	9	18	5	4⅞	5	+ ¼
20⅝	16½	AVX Ceram	14	4	19½	19¼	19¼	— ½
		B						
4⅝	1¾	BangPun wt		20	1⅞	1¾	1⅞	+ ⅛
35⅛	18	BanstrCtl Lt	11	32	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
		BanstrCtl In		7	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	
21	9⅝	BankrU .20e	19	22	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
7⅜	3	Banner .02e	5	45	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
5¼	3½	Barbra Lyn	6	4	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	
7⅞	2⅝	Barclay Ind	9	12	3⅛	3	3⅛	— ¼
9⅛	3½	Barnes Eng		2	6⅛	6	6	
15⅞	7½	Barnwel Ind	21	14	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	6⅝	Barry R .42t	8	1	6½	6½	6½	— ⅛
12⅝	6⅛	BarryWr .32	8	6	7⅝	7½	7⅝	+ ⅛
1⅝	1⅛	Bartell Med		5	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
8⅝	3⅝	Barth Sp .27	7	8	4⅛	4	4	
3½	1⅛	Baruch Fost		4	1½	1½	1½	+ ⅛
6⅞	3	BasinPet Cp	10	107	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
13⅞	9⅝	BayrkU .57e		26	10⅛	9¾	10	+ ⅛
4	1½	Bhavlorl RL	8	1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
4⅞	2¼	Bell Ind .08	7	14	2⅜	2¼	2⅜	+ ⅛
28⅝	23⅝	BenSM 2.65e	8	10	24⅜	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
6½	3⅝	Benrus Crp	12	53	5⅛	4⅞	5⅛	+ ⅛
15¼	4½	Berg En .44t	5	6	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	—
7½	6	BergRlt .35e		10	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
1	⅝	BergRlt wt		2	¾	11-16	¾	+ 1-16
7⅛	3¼	Berg Bruns		3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	—
18⅞	6½	Berven .08h	10	27	9⅜	8⅜	8⅞	— ⅛
4⅞	1⅜	Beverly Ent	9	19	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛	
14⅞	5⅞	BevHill Bnc	5	13	6½	6⅛	6½	+ ⅛
32½	14	Bic Pen .27	19	15	20½	20⅜	20⅜	—
29⅜	16¾	BgBear 1.08	6	15	20	19⅜	19¾	— ⅛
5⅜	2⅛	BlgV Supmk	6	44	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛
20½	14½	BinkMf .83a	8	1	17	17	17	+ ⅛
31⅛	12⅝	BinnySm .72	9	2	16	16	16	— ⅛
14¼	5	Bio Dynam	10	34	8⅜	8	8¼	
10⅞	7⅜	Bissings .60	6	12	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	
4½	2⅞	Bluebird Inc	7	22	3⅝	3⅛	3¼	+ ⅛
24¼	9⅞	Bodin Ap .20	7	19	15⅛	15	15	— ⅛
11⅛	4½	Bohack Crp		8	5	5	5	+ ⅛
12⅛	5⅛	Bolt Beranck	8	15	6⅛	6	6⅛	
4½	1	Boothe Cmp		5	1½	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
44⅞	19¼	Bowmar Ins	12	1141	41¼	36⅛	37⅛	— 3¼
55	25⅝	BowVall .10	127	12	34½	34½	34½	—
24⅝	7⅛	Brad Regan	10	3	11	10⅜	10⅜	—
	3	Brnchln .26	8	2	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	—
18	8¼	BrfAirA .50t		6	9½	9½	9½	
21⅛	17⅜	BrascanLt 1	4	43	17⅞	17⅛	17¼	— ⅛
10⅝	4	Breeze Corp		2	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝	
16⅛	12	Brewer .43	7	1	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
5½	2¾	Brody Seaig	7	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
4½	2	BrownCo wt		13	3⅛	3	3⅛	— ⅛
32⅞	19⅞	BwnFA .40b	15	2	22	22	22	
33⅝	20⅛	BwnFB .40b	15	7	22⅜	22¼	22¼	— ⅛
5⅞	5	BrwnF pf.40		5	5½	5½	5½	+
34⅝	24⅛	BTMtg 2.71e	8	42	24⅜	23⅞	24	— 1
7⅜	3	BTU Eng	16	1	3⅜	3⅝	3⅝	—
5⅜	2⅛	Buehler Cp	11	4	4	4		
8½	4½	Bulldex .20	8	8	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛
27⅜	15⅞	Bundy 1.08a	6	7	17⅝	17	17	— ½
5⅛	1½	Burgess Ind		7	2⅝	2⅛	2⅜	— ⅛
20¼	10	BurnsInt .60	12	10	13⅛	12⅞	13	— ⅛
10½	4¼	Butler Aviat	10	19	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
27¾	16	Buttes G Oil	26	203	23¼	21½	21¾	— 1⅛
		C						
8⅞	3¾	Cablcom Gn		6	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
13½	6½	Cagles In A	11	20	11½	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	7½	Caldor .15b	6	201	8⅝	8	8⅛	— ½
13⅞	5⅝	Calcomp		5	9	8⅜	8⅛	— ⅛
4⅝	2⅝	Calvert Exp	16	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
13¾	6¼	Camcoln .05		5	7⅛	7⅜	7⅛	—
8⅛	5 1-16	CampChib	67	47	7⅛	7 3-16	7⅜	— ¼
12½	8⅝	Campln .30b	5	41	13¼	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅛
4⅝	2⅛	CdnExp GO	46	6	3 5-16	3⅛	3⅛	
11	5 9-16	Cdn Homstd	79	18	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— 1-16
14	12⅛	CdnIntPw 1	4	7	12¼	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
14⅜	5⅞	CdnJvln .23t	441	96	13¼	13⅞	13¼	— ⅛
5⅝	3⅝	CdnMar .10e	14	18	4⅜	4⅛	4⅛	— ¼
15⅛	9⅝	Cdn Occidnt	14	7	12½	12½	12½	
4⅝	2⅛	Canverl Int		16	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
3⅝	1½	Canoga Ind	7	12	1½	1½	1½	— ⅛
13⅝	6⅜	Capitol Inds	12	1	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	
21½	4⅞	Caressa .20	5	10	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
100	79¾	Carnatn .88	25	89	88	87¼	87½	+ ⅜
9⅜	4⅛	Carr wt		54	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
9	4	Carrols Dev	1	11	4¾	4⅜	4⅜	+ ⅜
20½	16⅞	Castle AM 1	4	8	20¼	20	20	
2¼	1½	Castleton In	29	12	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜	+ ⅛
20½	10	Castlwd Int	19	3	14⅛	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
13¼	6½	Cavitron Cp	23	46	9¾	8¾	8¾	— ⅞
8⅜	4¾	CentSec .09e		18	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
6⅞	3⅞	CentInd .11r	5	1	4¼	4¼	4¼	
13⅞	9½	Cenvill Com	3	3	11½	11½	11½	
8¾	3	Certified Cp	5	17	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛	+ ⅜
2⅞	1	Certron Cp	25	16	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
9½	5¼	ChadMill .40	5	1	6	6	6	— ⅛
14⅞	3⅞	ChampH .02	14	232	6⅜	6½	6⅜	
7⅞	3¾	Chartr Med	14	1	4	4	4	
8⅜	6	CHBFds .23t	5	3	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
7⅜	3⅜	ChmExp .20	6	3	4⅜	4⅛	4⅜	
10½	7⅛	Cherr B .16b	23	1	⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
27¼	22¾	ChiRiv 1.60a	8	2	24	24	24	
20¼	9	Child World	19	3	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
4⅝	1⅞	Christian Co	7	7	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
19⅛	15⅜	ClCvF 1.59e		14	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
4¾	1⅞	CIMtgGr wt		27	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	
2	⅞	Cinerama		11	1⅛	1	1	
35½	10	Circle K .26	13	1083	13¼	12	12¼	— 1⅞
18¾	15⅜	CitMtg 1.75e	8	18	15⅜	15⅛	15½	— ⅛
3⅛	1⅛	CitizMtgl wt		6	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
10⅜	6⅜	CK Petrolm	24	12	7⅛	7	7	— ¼
10½	2⅝	Clarostar	5	5	2⅞	2¾	2¾	— ¼
4⅝	2	Clary Corp		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
11½	5½	Clopay .05r	4	7	5⅜	5½	5⅜	+ ⅛
61⅜	13	CMI Inv wt		21	21	20¾	20⅞	— ¼
12⅜	7⅛	Coachmn In	5	3	7⅜	7½	7½	— ⅜
14⅜	6⅜	Codesco .10e	11	35	8½	8	8	— ⅛
22¼	11	Coff Mat .56	17	11	20⅞	20½	20½	+ ¼
4⅝	2	Cohen Hatld	6	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
29⅛	4⅞	Colt Intl	8	23	7	6⅜	6⅞	
26⅝	11⅝	Cole Nat .48	8	17	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
33	14⅛	Coleman .44	13	26	20⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
12⅝	6⅜	CollTow .15e	4	7	8⅛	8¼	8⅛	— ¼
11⅞	3⅛	Col Coml .20	9	7	4	4		
12	6⅛	ColonSnd .30	14	3	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
25¼	15⅜	ColwellC .28	8	3	16⅝	16⅜	16⅜	— ⅛
33⅝	25⅞	ColwM 2.97e	8	8	28½	28⅛	28⅛	
44	15	Comb Com	16	14	24¼	23⅞	24⅛	+ ⅜
38⅞	14⅝	Cmbustn Eq	20	16	24⅜	23⅞	23⅞	— 1
34½	25	Cominco 1	20	1	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	— ⅛
21¼	8⅜	ComlAlli .77	9	5	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
16⅝	5¼	ComPsyc Ct	11	7	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
30¼	24⅜	Com PS 1.62	7	10	26¾	25⅛	26⅛	+ ½
6⅞	4	Compec Cp	6	50	5	4	4⅛	— 1
12⅞	7¾	Compoln .32	6	22	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	+ ⅛
3⅞	1⅞	Cmpreh Des	23	2	3	3	3	+ ⅛
2⅜	1⅛	CompuDyn	16	6	1⅝	1½	1⅝	
32⅝	17⅛	Compugrp	13	11	25⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅜
2⅞	2	Comput Eq	13	26	2	2	2	— ⅛
3¼	1⅛	Comput Inst		3	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
8⅝	1⅛	Comput Inv	6	8	3	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
16⅛	9¾	Conche .08e	7	4	11⅝	11⅜	11⅜	+ ⅜
5⅝	2⅝	Concrd Fab	27	2	3	3	3	+ ⅛
7⅝	2½	Condec Crp	22	10	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
15⅝	7⅝	Connrx .44a	6	69	7⅜	6⅞	7⅛	— ⅜
11⅝	4⅜	Conroy Inc	6	1	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
5⅜	2⅜	Con Oil Gas		5	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
14⅝	8⅛	Cons Ref .20	7	6	10½	10⅜	10½	+ ¼
11⅛	7	Consyne Cp	16	28	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛	
2¼	1⅛	Conf Mater	8	11	1¼	1¼	1¼	
5⅛	2	Cont Tel wt		29	3⅛	2¾	2¾	— ½
23⅞	14⅞	Cook Ind	2	15	18⅛	17⅜	17⅞	— ⅛
9⅝	4⅝	Cop Jar .20a	9	6	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	+ ⅛
14⅜	4¾	Cordon Intl	15	9	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
21¼	14	Core Labs	15	1	15	15	15	— ⅛
27⅜	17	CornBk .79	10	35	19	18½	19	
4¾	2	Cott Corp		12	3¼	3⅛	3½	— ⅛
1½	½	CottCorp wt		2	⅝	⅝	⅝	+ 1-16
5⅜	3	Cousins wt		22	3⅝	3⅛	3⅛	
31¾	18	CoxCbl Com	36	5	18½	18½	18½	— ⅛
6⅝	2¾	Craig Corp	8	13	3	3	3	
8	5	CramrE .311	10	20	7	7	7	
1⅛	4	Creativ Mgt	6	21	6	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
20⅝	13⅜	CreotP 2.30a	12	13	18⅝	18	18⅝	+ ⅛
4⅞	2⅜	Crest Foam	34	3	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
4	1½	Crestmont		2	2	2		
23¼	17⅛	Crmpton .86	7	7	19⅛	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
23¾	13½	CwnCP 1.18t	12	7	15½	15¼	15½	+ ¼
13	7⅛	Crown I .15e	4	13	8	8	8	— ⅛
10⅝	6⅝	Crystal Oil	15	77	9¼	8⅝	8¾	— ⅜
17⅝	11⅝	CSECorp .40	5	16	13½	13	13½	+ ¼
14⅜	5⅛	Cubic Cp .20	9	5	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ¼
4⅛	2¼	Curtis Math		16	3⅛	3	3	— ¼
18⅝	6⅛	CutterA .22b		22	8⅜	7⅞	8	— ⅛
		D						
8⅝	5½	DamonC .40	6	2	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
19	12⅜	Danielin .24	10	2	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	
2¼	1	Data Contrl		2	1½	1⅜	1⅜	
23⅜	16½	Data Dcuml	8	4	21⅜	21⅛	21½	
4⅝	2¼	Data Prod	11	10	3⅛	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
18½	8⅜	DavsFd .09h	17	122	18⅛	18	18⅛	— ¼
10	7⅜	DayMin .10e	30	110	8⅛	8	8⅛	— ⅜
5¼	2	Daylin wt		45	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	— ¼
3	1	DCL Inc		8	1	1	1	
26	11⅞	Dearb St .25	9	131	19⅛	19½	19⅛	
5⅛	3¼	DeJur Amsc	12	26	4½	4¼	4⅛	— ⅛
13⅞	7	Del Labs	5	6	7½	7⅛	7½	
7⅞	1¼	DeltaCp Am		5	1⅛	1⅛	1¼	+ ⅛
57⅜	15⅝	Den Tal Ez	16	25	25½	24⅛	25	+ ⅜
21⅜	18½	Depsitr 1.20	7	1	18½	18½	18½	— ¼
3⅛	¾	Dero Ind		4	⅞	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
5⅛	2	DeRose Ind	10	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	—
34	18⅝	Deseret Ph	26	21	28½	27⅜	27⅜	— ⅜
16⅞	5	Designcr Jw	8	4	7	7	7	+ ¼
41½	13½	Dev Cp Am	7	8	19¾	19	19	— 1
15⅝	5	DevonA .05e	5	35	7⅞	7⅜	7⅛	+ ¼
14½	7½	DHJ Indust	17	20	10⅛	9⅞	10	— ⅛
30⅝	13⅞	DiamM Drll	10	13	17¼	16½	16½	— ¾
5⅞	2⅛	Diebold VC		14	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	
28	12	DillardSt .40	6	1	16	16	16	— ⅛
2¼	⅞	Diodes Inc	10	19	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
5⅛	2⅜	Disconl Fab	8	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
16⅞	11¾	Diversey .52	8	11	14	13⅜	14	+ 1
9⅞	4⅛	Dixilyn Cor		2	5⅜	5⅜	5⅛	+ ⅛
52⅜	25½	Dome Petrl	30	27	36⅝	36⅜	36⅛	+ ⅛
27¼	16¼	Domtar .60	13	7	22⅜	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
15½	8⅛	DownyS .15e	3	7	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	— ⅛
6¼	1⅛	Drew Natl	42	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
15⅝	6⅝	Driver Harr	4	9	14	12⅞	12⅞	— 1½
12¼	5½	DrFair .40b	10	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
15⅞	8½	DurTst .23b	12	10	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
5⅛	2⅛	Dynalectn	24	57	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
10⅛	4⅝	Dynell .48t	10	3	5½	5⅜	5½	+ ⅛
		E						
12	9⅛	E Systm .80	5	29	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
29⅝	9	EriScheb .32	14	20	17⅛	17	17	— ⅛
6⅞	4½	Earth R .12	20	17	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
28¼	12¼	EasonOil .30	12	1	12	12	12	— ⅛
10⅞	3	EsmAir .47t	6	8	4⅜	4⅛	4⅜	
11⅞	6	Eastrn Frgt	4	3	7	7	7	+ ¼
3⅛	1⅛	Eckmar Cp	10	7	1⅝	1½	1⅝	
20	11½	Ecodyne	23	6	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
21½	8½	Edginatn O	6	3	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
12¼	4	Edmos .13	4	15	4⅜	4⅛	4⅛	
8⅝	3⅛	Edo Corp	5	11	5⅝	5	5⅛	+ ⅝
9⅜	4¼	Edwards .20	13	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	7⅝	EhrnhPh .20	6	10	9½	9	9⅜	— ⅜
6⅜	3⅛	Elco Corp	8	2	4⅛	4	4	— ¼
6⅛	2½	Elcor Chm	16	2	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
8½	5¼	El Hose .20r	7	5	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Elect Assist	12	11	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
2⅛	1⅛	Elect Comp		5	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
10⅞	5⅝	Electrn Eng	9	7	10⅜	10	10	— ¼
2¾	1⅛	Elect Resch		5	2	2	2	— ⅛
34⅞	16⅜	ElectrnA .80	13	10	25⅜	24¼	24⅜	— ⅜
10⅞	3⅛	Electsp .36t	7	11	4½	4⅞	4⅞	— ¼
3-16	1-16	ElginNat wt		112	⅛	1-16	1-16	
16	6⅜	El Tronics	7	3	9⅛	9⅛	9⅜	
4⅝	1⅜	EquityNat		77	2	2	2	
7⅛	4⅛	Ernst A .10r	4	2	5	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
5⅜	2	Ero Ind		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	5½	Esq Rad El	4	1	7½	7½	7½	+ ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	Essex Chem	6	26	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
17¼	6½	Ext Lav .09e	8	3	9⅜	9⅛	9⅜	
8⅞	3⅛	Euthenc .30t	54	2	6½	6½	6½	— ¼
17⅛	7⅝	EvanAr .10b	10	6	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
35⅞	13	Excelinv Co	17	27	16⅜	15⅞	16⅛	— ⅛
20½	12⅝	Execuln .24	16	3	13	12¾	13	
		F						
7¾	3	Fab Ind	7	5	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
8⅝	6	Fabion .40a	7	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
14⅝	6¾	FabrCe .03e	9	11	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛	+ ⅛
15⅛	8	FairNbl .07r	5	9	10⅜	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
11¼	5¼	Falcon Sbd	12	11	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
18¾	9	Fam Dol Str	15	10	10¾	10⅜	10⅜	
3½	2	Family Rec	16	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	5⅜	Fanny Frm	9	22	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅜
15⅛	5½	Fash Fa .32t		25	2	2	2	
3	1⅜	Fed Resrces		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
21⅝	12⅛	FedMrt .40a	5	2	14⅛	14¾	14¾	— ⅛
16	8⅞	Felmont Oil	9	82	10⅛	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
12½	5⅛	Felsway .32	5	2	6⅜	6¼	6⅜	+ ¼
7⅞	3⅞	Fibrebrd wt		2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
44⅝	26¼	FidelG 3.25e	7	25	26⅜	26⅛	26¼	— ⅛
19¼	6⅛	FidelcGr wt		6	6	5⅞	6	— ⅛
4⅛	2	Fields Plast		3	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
13¾	8½	Film Cp .06	7	1	11¾	11¾	11¾	+ ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	Filmways		2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
23⅝	6⅞	FiltDyn .01e	8	1	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	
31⅛	11½	FinSanB .20	4	8	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
13⅝	9⅝	FinGen .24b	7	2	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
13¼	9⅝	FinGnA .30b		2	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
17	14⅛	Fst Conn 1a	11	1	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
25	19½	Fst Dn 2.06e	9	228	20⅛	19⅞	20	— ⅛
4⅞	1⅛	Fst Denv wt		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
5⅞	4⅞	Fst Rlty Inv		26	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
25	11½	FstS&LS .40	4	6	13⅛	13	13	— ⅛
20⅝	10¼	Fstmark .30	7	7	13⅜	13½	13½	— ⅛
24	9½	FischP 1.11t	8	7	11½	11½	11½	
5⅜	2½	Flagglnd .12	6	41	4⅝	4	4½	— ⅛
12⅛	7½	Flavrlnd .30	4	3	8⅛	8⅜	8⅛	+ ⅛
8⅞	1½	Flock Ind		14	2⅛	2	2	+ ⅛
37¼	14⅛	Fike M .85t	12	13	21½	21	21½	
25⅝	8¼	FlyTiger wt		10	14⅛	13⅞	14	— ⅜
4⅞	2⅛	Foodram Sp		1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
10	3	ForestL .09t		9	5	4⅝	5	+ ¼
22⅛	9⅞	FoxStaP .28	10	10	12¼	12	12¼	— ⅛
10⅝	8	FPA Corp	6	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	6½	FrankRl .76	12	3	6⅞	6⅜	6⅞	+ ⅛
12⅞	6⅝	FrankNu .32	8	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
12½	8¾	FrantzM .48	6	2	10½	10½	10½	
21⅝	14⅝	Fresnillo .40	11	10	18½	18⅛	18⅛	
11⅜	4⅞	Frier Ind	5	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
25½	12	Frigitronic	31	22	15¼	14⅜	15	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅜	Frontier Air	5	2	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
5⅛	2⅞	FrontAir wt		7	3	3	3	
		G						
12⅝	6⅛	Garlnd .30e	9	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
4¼	2¼	GaylrNtl .20	4	1	3¼	3¼	3¼	
14⅝	6⅞	Gearhart .24	8	2	8⅛	8¼	8½	
37¼	14⅝	G Cinma .40	10	4	22	19½	19½	— ⅜
7	3⅝	GenEduc Sv	8	43	3⅝	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
4⅝	1⅝	G Empl .04e	6	10	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	3½	G Housewar	8	33	3⅝	3½	3½	— ⅛
9⅝	6	Gen Interior	6	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
6⅝	3⅝	Gen Recrat	5	5	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
11⅛	5	Gen Resrch	7	5	6⅞	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
4	1⅝	Genisco Tch	13	1	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
23	6½	Geon Ind	10	7	9¼	9	9¼	+ ¼
8⅞	5⅛	Gerber Sci	23	2	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	+ ⅛
11⅛	7	GiantYel .40	12	166	9⅛	8 9-16	9⅛	+ ⅜
10½	9	GIT Rl 1.20e	9	3	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	+ ⅛
8⅛	3⅜	Gladng .13t	7	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	3⅜	Glasrock Pr		2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
16⅛	16	GlatfltrP .80	9	2	16½	16⅛	16⅛	
8½	5⅛	Gln Ger .20r	4	1	6	6	6	
10⅝	8⅛	GlenDis .42t	12	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ¼
7½	5¼	Globelnd .40	6	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
14⅝	7	Glosser .22	6	4	8⅜	8⅛	8⅜	
16⅞	10¼	Gloucstr En	8	3	13⅝	13⅛	13¼	— ¼
12¼	7⅛	Glover Inc	6	4	9¼	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
8⅝	5⅛	Gldblatt .36	5	4	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝	+ ⅛
27	16	Golden Cycl	13	10	20¼	19⅞	20	— ⅛
10⅝	3⅜	Gold W Mob	10	2	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜	— ⅛
16	4	GoodLS .10e	4	38	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝	
6⅛	4½	Goodrich wt		4	5⅛	5	5⅛	
6½	3⅜	Gorin Strs	6	5	4	3⅞	4	— ⅛
9⅛	3	GouldInc wt		13	4½	4⅛	4½	— ⅛
10	8⅛	Gould T .81e	10	2	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
38⅝	27	Grainger .27	30	30	36⅛	36	36	— ⅛
12	4½	Grand Auto	7	12	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
4⅝	2¼	Granite Mgt		2	3½	3½	3½	— ⅛
11	5½	GrasVa .16e	12	41	10⅞	10⅛	10½	+ ¼
13⅜	6⅛	Gray Mfg	8	12	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
1⅛	⅝	GreatAm In		23	15-16	13-16	15-16	
4⅛	2½	GtBasin Pet	39	29	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
9⅝	6⅛	GtLkCh .05e	10	20	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	6⅝	GtScofS .39t	6	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
25½	4⅛	Greenm .92t	5	4	6⅛	6	6⅛	— ⅛
6⅝	3⅝	Greer Hyd	8	2	4⅛	4	4⅛	— ⅛
13⅞	10⅝	GREIT 1.20	10	2	10½	10½	10½	— ⅛
6¼	3	GryhdC .20a	5	1	3⅞	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
32½	17⅜	GRI Cp .06	19	10	22⅜	22½	22⅝	— ⅛
18⅛	12⅝	GrossTlc .90	7	3	12⅝	12½	12½	— ⅛
4⅞	2½	Gruen Ind	15	4	3⅛	3	3	— ⅛
1⅛	1	GSC En .05e		11	1⅜	1¼	1¼	
4⅛	2⅜	GTL Corp	16	26	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	4½	GuardMt wt		18	5¼	4⅝	5	— ½
12⅝	8⅛	GuardCh .40	9	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ¼
21½	15⅜	GlfMR 2.11e	10	10	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
2⅝	1⅛	GulfMRlt wt		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
44⅛	37⅛	Glf Can .60a	21	36	36	36		
20½	15½	Glf SM 2.29e	7	5	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	+ ⅛
35	20	Gltstrm LD	10	11	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜	— ⅛
		H						
7	2⅛	Hallcft Hom	23	30	4⅛	4	4⅛	
10½	7⅝	HallsMot .40	5	5	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅜
18⅝	6⅛	HamilC .22e	9	1	8	8	8	— ⅛
6⅜	3⅛	Hampsh .29t	4	5	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
9⅛	4	Hanvr Plan	17	26	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	+ ⅛
11½	9	HanvrSh .55	5	9	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ½
35	27⅜	Harland .15	29	9	26⅜	26½	26½	— ⅛
15⅜	9¼	Hart All .40	9	21	13½	13½	13½	
11⅛	3	Hartfld Zdy	3	88	3⅛	2⅜	2⅝	— ⅜
36½	19½	HartzMt Cp	38	115	31⅜	30¼	30⅜	— 2
2⅛	1⅛	Harvey Strs	6	3	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
4⅜	1⅛	HaydnS .05p	87	11	3	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	HealthM .30	6	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
4⅛	1¾	Heinick Inst	12	5	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
15⅝	11⅛	Helm 1.34e	7	20	12¼	12	12½	
13½	6⅛	HerffJo .24a	12	19	13⅛	12⅞	13¼	+ ¼
11⅞	5	HIG Inc	29	10	7¼	7	7¼	
10½	6½	HiShear Cp	34	24	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
7⅛	3⅛	Hiptronics	0	1	3½	3½	3½	
3⅛	2¼	Hofmn Ind	6	3	2½	2½	2½	
2⅛	1	Holly Corp	22	48	2⅛	2	2	
47⅝	35½	HomeOA .50	38	6	47⅛	46⅜	47⅛	+ ⅝
10	5⅛	Horn Hardrt		4	6⅛	6½	6⅛	— ⅛
20⅜	9⅛	Hoskins 1	5	11	10⅜	9⅞	10	— ⅛
22⅝	17⅜	HospM 2.08c	8	2	18⅛	18	18	+ ⅛
35⅜	13	Hosp Mtr In	10	8	14⅜	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
25¼	15⅛	Hotel I 2.10e	8	22	19⅜	19⅛	19⅜	— ⅛
13⅛	6⅛	House Pon	7	5	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
11½	6⅛	House Vl .22	9	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
37⅛	20⅛	Houst Oil M	26	627	37⅜	33¾	36⅝	+ 4⅝
1⅜	1⅛	Howell Ind	7	3	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
53½	37⅛	HubellB 1.08	14	36	41	40¼	40⅞	+ ⅛
19½	6½	Hufmn .40t	5	26	8¼	7⅞	8⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	3	HuntHill .42t	4	11	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
25½	18¼	HuskyOil .15	17	92	25½	25	25	— ⅛
11⅛	4	Hycew Inc		30	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	—
28⅛	15⅛	HygFd 1.23t	8	8	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	
		I						
16⅛	12½	ICB Corp	11	1	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛
8½	8⅛	ICH Corp		23	8⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅜
22¾	17¼	ICM R 1.80a	10	2	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	+ ⅛
8½	4⅝	IMC Magnet	5	7	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛	— ½
7⅜	5⅛	Imper Ind	5	17	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
49⅛	35¼	Imp Oil .69	32	28	42⅛	42	42	— ⅜
6	2⅛	InarcoCp .12	4	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	4⅛	IndianHd wt		11	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ½
3⅛	1	Inflight Svc		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
10⅛	5½	Instron .05c	8	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Instrum Sys		14	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
12½	3¾	IntegRs .19t	5	16	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
7⅜	2½	Intrmedco	51	6	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
1⅛	9-16	Intl Banknot		140	11-16	9-16	9-16	— ⅛
13⅞	5⅜	Intl Foodsvc	6	13	6⅛	6	6	
6¼	3	InFuneral S	6	13	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	9⅜	IntGenlo .70	6	2	12½	12½	12½	— ⅛
14⅛	5⅛	Int Prot .10	5	34	6⅛	6½	6½	
7⅛	3¼	IntScaw .22r	5	2	4	3⅞	4	+ ⅛
5⅜	2	Int Streich		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
59¾	19½	IntSyst .06b	27	z2950	53½	51⅛	53½	+ ¾
18	10¼	Intersystm	12	2	15	15	15	
12⅝	11½	Interway Cp	6	93	11⅞	11⅛	11⅞	— ⅜
6½	2½	Investm Fla	5	3	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	+ ⅛
36⅛	21⅛	InDiv A 1.80	6	14	22⅛	22¼	22⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	5⅛	InvDivB .45	6	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	3⅛	Inv Fund A		2	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
16⅛	12⅛	InvRIT 1.40e	12	37	12⅞	12	12⅛	— ⅜
20½	14⅝	Ionics Inc	30	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	6⅛	Iroquois Bd	11	16	8⅛	7⅝	8⅛	+ ⅜
10⅛	3⅛	Irvin Indust	7	7	5	5	5	— ⅜
8	6	ISC Ind .30	7	1	6	6	6	
11⅛	3⅛	Itel Corp	7	21	5⅛	5	5⅛	— ⅛
2⅛	1	ITI Corp		5	1	1	1	— ⅛
		J - K						
6⅛	4⅛	Jaclyn .24b	7	1	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜	
13⅝	5⅛	Jamswy .16t	5	340	6⅛	6½	6⅜	+ ⅜
10	5⅛	Jeannette	8	1	8	8	8	
24⅛	12¼	Jervis 1.30t	5	22	14½	13⅞	14	— ⅜
5⅛	2	Jetronic Ind	12	2	3	3	3	
37⅛	7⅜	Jewelcor	9	17	11	10⅜	10⅞	
37⅝	18¼	John Pd .16	31	3	26⅛	26⅜	26⅜	— ⅛
9¼	6⅛	Jupiter Ind	6	3	7	6⅞	7	— ⅛
7⅛	4	Kaisr In .17t	5	32	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	1½	Kalvex Inc	9	13	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
7	3⅛	KaneMill wt		10	6½	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
37¼	23¼	KanebSv .86	9	2	26⅛	26	26⅛	
34⅛	6⅛	Kauf Brd wt		197	13⅛	11	12⅛	— ⅛
14⅝	8¼	Kay Corp	16	1	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	
10½	4½	KenwinS .32	4	9	5⅛	4⅞	5	— ⅛
23½	12½	Kewanee .48	8	42	13	12⅝	12⅞	+ ⅛
7	3	Key Co .20	5	10	3	3	3	— ⅛
5⅜	5⅛	Keystin .19e	12	10	6⅛	5⅞	6	+ ⅛
2 15-16	1⅛	Kilerob .15e	11	10	2⅜	2 9-16	2 9-16	—
12⅝	4⅛	Kilrn Pr	4	6	4⅝	4½	[illegible]	[illegible]
8	1⅛	Kin Ark Crp		2	1	15-16	[illegible]	[illegible]
14⅛	6½	Kingslip .72	7	1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
27⅛	15	Kirbylnd .44	5	4	18	17⅝	17⅝	—
10⅛	4	Kit Mfg	11	9	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	—
5⅛	1⅜	KirVu Ind	28	10	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	—
18⅛	6⅛	Kllnres		3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	—
18⅛	7⅛	Kllklok .50	7	4	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+
27⅜	11⅛	Knickr Toy	9	76	22	21⅜	21⅞	—
12⅝	6⅛	Koo Ht 1.15p		4	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	—
23	11⅛	Kolmorg .40	76	5	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	—
28⅛	7⅛	KuhnStr .20	4	28	8	7⅞	7⅞	—
		L						
3⅝	1⅜	LBerg		2	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
30⅞	8½	Lafay Radio	6	11	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4⅛	2½	Lak Shor	100	5	3	[illegible]	3	+
12⅝	5½	LaMaur .36	6	16	6	[illegible]	[illegible]	+
8⅛	4⅛	Lan W .40e	5	8	5⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6⅛	4⅛	LaPoint .20	3	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3⅝	1¾	Lndmrk Ld	4	10	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
16⅝	10⅛	LarwR 1.24	9	19	12	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1⅞	⅝	LarewinR wt		3	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
38	11⅛	LCA Cp .11	7	9	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
11⅛	1⅛	LCA Cp w		10	[illegible]	3	3	
14	5	LGran .16	8	13	7⅛	[illegible]	7⅛	—
9⅞	4⅛	Ladr Ial ?		118	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
8½	3⅝	Ladr Hous	5	34	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5½	1⅜	Lasc Cp w		33	2⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
17⅝	9⅛	Lath Co .50	5	6	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
25	12⅝	L Entr .30	9	22	14⅛	14	14	—
7⅛	4⅛	L Natl	20	11	5⅛	5	5	—
20½	8	Lish Pr .40	5	5	8	8	8	—
13⅛	6	Leisure Tec	4	6	7⅛	7	7	—
55½	35⅛	LernerSt .96	6	8	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	—
41⅛	23	LernrSt wt		1	24½	24⅛	24⅛	—
13⅛	7⅝	LewisBF .20	7	9	9⅛	8⅝	9⅛	+
4½	1	Libco Corp		1	1	1	1	—
9¼	4½	LilliAnn .20r	6	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+
4⅞	2⅛	Lincoln Am	26	12	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
22	11½	Lloyds Elec	6	14	16⅛	15⅝	15⅝	—
19½	5⅛	LoewThe wt		20	8⅛	7⅝	7⅝	—
4⅛	1⅜	Logistic Ind	8	1	2	2	2	
12⅛	9⅛	LaGenSv .60	6	10	9	9	9	—
4	2⅛	LTVCorp wt		36	3⅛	3	3	—
10⅝	2⅛	Luby Corp		10	2⅜	2	2⅛	—
9	2⅛	Lundy Elec	8	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	—
2⅝	1⅝	Lynch Corp		2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
		M						
2⅛	⅝	Macro Chat		4	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	—
1¾	½	Mallry Ran		2	1	1	1	+
8	2⅛	MamMrt .22		34	3⅛	3	3	—
6⅛	3⅝	Mangel Strs	15	7	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	—
11	6	Mansf T .50	8	7	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	—
21⅝	7⅛	Marinduce	13	61	20½	19⅛	20	—
10⅛	4⅛	Mark Contrl		2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
4⅝	3	Marlene Ind	8	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+
9½	4⅛	Marshall Fd	7	2	5½	5⅛	5⅛	—
9½	4⅛	Marshal Ind	6	22	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	—
13½	6⅝	Masland .40	6	23	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	—
10⅛	6⅝	McCro wt n		4	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
10⅛	5	McCull Oil		377	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
19⅛	13⅛	McDonh .40	5	5	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+
8⅛	2½	McKeon Cn	5	6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	—
5	1½	MDC Corp		2	2	2	2	—
15⅛	10⅝	Means FW 1	7	4	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	—
5⅛	2	Medaln Leis	11	3	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+
10⅝	3⅝	Medco Jwly	4	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+
13	4⅛	Medenco .08	9	24	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
43½	31⅛	MediaGn .54	13	4	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	—
14½	7⅛	MerleN .20e	7	2	9½	9½	9½	—
8⅞	3½	Metrocare	5	10	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	—
17⅛	10	Midld C .30b	4	3	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	—
11⅞	6	Midld Glass	5	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+
15	9	MidRub .32e	8	14	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	—
19	8⅛	MidFlnl .36b	8	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	—
25⅞	13⅝	Milgo Elect	9	74	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	—
14⅝	7¾	Miller H	5	6	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+
37⅝	18⅜	Mil Roy .20e	13	28	21⅞	21⅛	21⅛	—
19½	11	MoBeef Pkr	4	28	13⅛	13	13	—
6⅛	2¾	MoKanTx cf		1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
41⅛	16⅝	Mitchell En	15	3	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	—
10⅞	2⅛	MoAmCo Cp	3	2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
9⅝	4⅛	Mlybden wt		16	7⅛	6⅛	6⅛	—
62	56	Mon pfC4.50		z20	57	57	57	—
6⅞	4	MoltSup .41t	7	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	—
3⅝	1⅜	Moldings		4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+
18	15	MtVernM 1	4	4	16	16	16	—
9½	3¾	Mov Star .40	5	1	6	6	6	
1⅞	1⅛	Movielab		6	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	
12½	6⅛	MPB Cp .40	5	3	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	—
15⅛	9⅛	MultiA .04b	13	2	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	—
7⅜	5⅛	MWA .25r	8	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+
		N						
7⅝	3⅝	Nardo Micr	5	3	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛	—
5⅛	2⅞	Nat Alfalfa	24	101	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛	+
2⅝	1	NatBellas H		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
16¾	6⅝	N Distr .10e	7	14	8⅛	8	8	—
21⅞	12¼	Nat Gen wt		11	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	—
7⅛	3¾	Nat Gn wt n		9	4	4	4	
4⅝	2½	NatHlth Ent	10	4	2½	2½	2½	—
1⅜	½	Natlnd wt		2	⅝	⅝	⅝	+
16¾	4⅛	NKinney Cp	4	34	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	—
22½	7¾	NMedEn .70	6	2	9½	9½	9½	—
24⅛	9	Nat Paragn	10	3	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝	—
8⅝	4¾	Nat Silv .20e	4	1	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	—
11	6½	NatSpin .05e	6	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	—
4	1⅛	Nat System	15	7	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	—
10⅛	4⅛	NelsonL .50t	24	7	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	—
2⅛	1⅛	Nestle LeM	9	7	1½	1⅜	1⅜	—
12⅝	9⅝	Newcor .60	11	18	11⅛	11	11	—
52	25⅝	NEng Nuclr	28	48	48½	46⅛	47⅛	—
6⅝	4⅝	NHamp .05e	11	1	5½	5½	5½	
1½	⅞	Newidria M	16	2	1	1	1	—
24⅛	13⅝	NMexA .84t	40	6	15¾	15⅝	15⅝	—
4	1⅝	Newpark Rs	11	1	2	2	2	—
18½	7¾	N Proc .35e	17	62	14⅛	13	13⅛	— 1
15½	10½	NYTimes .60	6	15	13⅛	13	13	—
8⅝	5	NiagFS .20a	5	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
6⅝	3⅝	Nichols SE	5	10	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
23½	18⅝	NJBPI 2.21e	8	3	20	20	20	
12⅛	4⅛	Noel Indust	4	2	6	5⅛	5⅛	—
27⅛	22⅝	Norf So Ry	198	1	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	+
5⅛	1⅝	NoAmMt wt		13	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	—
15½	7⅝	NorAm Roy	28	29	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	—
8⅝	5⅝	NorCdn Oils	20	19	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	—
60⅛	53⅛	N IPS pf4.25		z90	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛	—
29⅝	16⅝	NNGMob wt		9	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	—
7⅛	4⅛	Novo Corp	5	5	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+
9⅝	4	Nuclear Dat		8	5½	5½	5½	—
26⅞	13½	NumacO Gs	32	405	19⅝	19	19⅛	— 1
		O						
42¼	17	Offshore Co	10	9	23	22¾	22¾	—
5⅜	3⅝	Ohio Art .20	24	15	4	3⅞	3⅞	—
23⅝	16⅝	OhioBrass 1	10	2	17⅛	17	17	—
25½	15⅝	OKC Cp .80a	5	7	17⅛	16⅜	16⅞	—
7⅛	3⅛	Olla Ind	5	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
1⅝	7-16	OmglTV wt		1	11-16	11-16	11-16	+
42⅜	16⅝	OnanCp .30e	8	1	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+
77	55⅛	OOkep 5.47e	10	z180	74	73½	74	+
28⅝	7⅛	OpenRd Ind	5	7	12⅝	11⅛	11⅛	—
7	2½	Originala	34	7	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	—

(Continued on next page.)

U.S. Commodity Prices

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—*Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:*

Commodity and unit	Fri.	Year ago
FOODS		
Cocoa Accrs, lb.	*.83	*.34¼
Coffee 4 Santos lb.	*.69	*.61
TEXTILES		
Printcloth 64-60 38½ yd.	*.31	.21
METALS		
Steel billets (Pitt.) ton	132.00	126.00
Iron 2, Fdry Phila. ton	67.92	63.35
Steel scrap No. 1 hvy Pitt.	53-54	37-38
Lead, spot lb.	.16½	.15½-.16
Copper elec. lb.	.60-.60¼	.50½-.51¼
Tin (Straits) lb.	2.46½	1.77¾
Zinc, E. St. L. basis, lb.	.20¼-.21	.18
Silver N.Y., oz.	2.716	1.61¼
COMMODITY Indices		
Moody's index (base 100 Dec. 31, 1931).	891.7	423.6

* Nominal † Asked.

NEW YORK FUTURES

Aug. 10, 1973

World sugar No. 11: Sept. 9.43-.40. Oct. 9.17-.11, March 8.69-.69, May 8.45-.47, July 8.35-, Sept. 8.05, Oct. 7.87.

Wool: Dec. 261.0 b, March 256.0 b, May 252.0 b, July 246.0 b, Dec. 240.0 b.

Cocoa: Sept. 72.50, Dec. 67.80, March 64.00, May 61.90, July 60.10, Sept. 58.10.

Copper: Sept. 91.40, Oct. 89.20, Dec. 85.15, Jan. 83.15, March 80.33, May 78.05, July 76.95

Orange Juice: Sept. 49.45 b, Nov. 50.95, Jan. 51.25 b, March 52.20 b, May 53.00, July 53.60 b, Nov. 54.20 b.

Potatoes: Nov. 5.65, March 6.55, April 6.80, May 7.90.

Silver: Sept. 260.50, Oct. 270.90, Dec. 275.80, Jan. 278.00, March 281.60, May 285.10, July 286.30, Sept. 291.60, Dec 296.60.

COTTON No. 2:

	Open	High	Low	Close	Ch.
Oct.	70.80	71.30	70.80	B71.30	+200
Dec.	67.30	68.25	67.30	B68.25	+200
March	66.60	67.55	66.60	B67.55	+200
May	66.15	67.20	66.15	B47.20	+200
July	64.80	66.00	64.80	B66.00	+200
Oct.	58.41	59.30	58.40	B59.30	+200
Dec.	54.70	55.55	54.70	55.50	+150

B—Bid.

CHICAGO FUTURES

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close
WHEAT					
Sep	4.54	4.54	4.54	4.54	4.34
Dec	4.39½	4.39½	4.39½	4.39½	4.19¼
Mar	4.31¼	4.31¼	4.31¼	4.31¼	4.11¼
May	4.13½	4.13½	4.13½	4.13	3.93½
Jul	3.63½	3.63	3.63½	3.63½	3.43½
CORN					
Sep	3.27¾	3.27¾	3.27¾	3.27¾	3.18½
Dec	3.05½	3.05½	3.05½	3.05½	2.95
Mar	3.02¾	3.02¾	3.02¾	3.02¾	2.92½
May	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.91
Jul	2.95¼	2.95½	2.95½	2.95¼	2.85½
SOYBEANS					
Aug	10.25	10.25	10.25	10.25	9.85
Sep	—	—	—	9.15	8.75
Nov	8.49	8.49	8.49	8.49	8.10
Jan	8.35	8.35	8.35	8.35	7.95
Mar	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.33	7.93
May	8.26	8.26	8.26	8.26	7.86
Jul	8.23	8.23	8.23	8.23	7.83
SOYBEAN OIL					
Aug	—	—	—	b34.40	33.40
Sep	31.95	31.95	31.95	31.95	30.95
Oct	27.70	27.70	27.70	27.70	26.70
Dec	23.23	23.23	23.23	23.23	22.20
Jan	22.33	22.33	22.33	22.33	21.25
Mar	21.58	21.58	21.58	21.58	20.55
May	21.20	21.20	21.20	21.20	20.20
Jul	20.85	20.85	20.85	20.85	19.90

SOYBEAN MEAL

Aug	—	—	—	298.50	283.50
Sep	—	—	—	312.00	297.00
Oct	—	—	—	286.00	271.63
Dec	269.20	269.20	269.20	269.20	254.20
Jan	261.00	261.00	261.00	261.00	246.00
Mar	257.00	257.00	257.00	257.00	242.00
May	255.00	255.00	255.00	255.00	240.00
Jul	—	—	—	254.50	239.50

b—Bid; a—Asked; n—Nominal.

SILVER

Aug	271.60	275.00	267.00	267.00	275.50
Oct	274.00	278.50	269.50	269.90	278.90
Dec	280.00	283.70	274.90	274.90	283.50
Feb	284.00	288.00	280.00	280.00	288.50
Apr	288.00	291.20	283.00	283.00	291.50
Jun	291.80	294.70	286.20	286.20	295.00
Aug	294.50	297.00	289.50	289.50	297.50
Oct	297.00	299.50	292.00	292.00	300.00

LIVE BEEF CATTLE

Aug	58.50	58.50	58.50	b58.50	b57.50
Oct	59.77	59.77	59.77	b59.77	b58.77
Dec	60.20	60.20	60.20	b60.20	b59.20
Feb	60.62	60.62	60.62	b60.62	b57.62
Apr	60.07	60.07	60.07	b60.07	b59.07
Jun	59.57	59.97	59.97	b59.97	b58.97
Aug	58.62	58.62	58.62	b58.62	b57.62

Sales: Aug 312; Oct 412; Dec 253; Feb 54; April 92; June 56; Aug 3.

SHELL EGGS

Aug	77.00	77.70	77.00	77.70	b75.75
Sep	80.95	80.95	80.95	b80.95	78.90
Oct	78.15	78.15	78.15	b78.15	76.15
Nov	82.70	82.10	82.70	b82.10	80.10
Dec	86.10	86.10	86.10	b86.10	84.09
Jan	79.30	79.30	79.30	b79.30	77.40
Feb	73.50	73.50	73.50	b73.50	b71.50
Mar	73.00	73.00	70.00	b70.60	b68.50

Sales: Aug 37; Sep 91; Oct 17; Nov 35; Dec 79; Jan 23; Feb 6; March 6.

LIVE HOGS

Aug	61.60	61.60	61.60	b61.60	60.20
Oct	56.00	56.00	56.00	b56.00	54.45
Dec	57.35	57.35	57.35	b57.35	55.90
Feb	57.35	57.35	57.35	b57.35	55.90
Apr	55.70	55.70	55.70	b55.70	54.15
Jun	55.50	55.50	55.50	b55.50	54.00
Jul	54.75	54.75	54.75	b54.75	53.25
Aug	52.50	52.50	52.50	b52.50	51.00

Sales: Aug 97; Oct 214; Dec 340; Feb 107; April 30; June 21; July 15; Aug 12.

FROZEN PORK BELLIES

Feb	80.40	80.40	80.40	b80.40	b78.90
Mar	78.85	78.85	78.85	b78.85	b77.35
May	77.17	77.17	77.17	b77.17	b75.67
Jul	—	—	—	b4.70	b73.20
Aug	73.75	—	—	b71.60	b70.10

Sales: Feb 34; March 10; May 11; July 0; Aug 0.

Open interest: Feb 3163; March 1069; May 536; July 254; Aug 159.

b—Bid; a—Asked; n—Nominal.

New Highs and Lows

NEW HIGHS-12

Cent Soya, Clev Cliff, Hesston Cp, Kennecott, Lubrizol, Nucor Corp, Phelps Dod, Royal Dut, SanFe Int, StdOil Ohio, Walker H A, Weyerhsr

NEW LOWS-106

Advan Inv, Amer Hess, Am Brands, Amer Can, Am Cyan, AmEl Pw, AmGenin pf, Am NatGas, ArcataN pf, ArmstCk pf, Bank of Va, Basic Inc pf, Brown Grp, Burl North, BurlNor pf, Chromal pf, CinG 4pf, Cluett Pea, Colon Str, CmE 7.24pf, Con Edis, ConNatGs, Cont Telep, Daytn Hud, DetE 5.5pf, DPF Inc, Duke 8.70pf, EastGasF, Eastn Util, EMI Ltd, EmpEl 5pf, Equit Gas, Fla Pow, GrtLkDred, Guardn Mtg, Gulf StaUt, GHSU 4.52pf, Hubbard RI, IllPw 8.24pf, Indiana Gas, Indpls PwLt, Inland Stl, Interst Pw, Iowa PowLt, JerCenP 8pf, JerCenP 4pf, JimWalt 5pf, JhnHan Inv, Jones Lau, KajsA 2.37pf, KanNeb NG, Kaysr Roth, Koppers pf, Ligg Myers, Long IL pfK, Lykes Yngs, LykeYng pf, Manh Ind, MoPrt Cem, Mont Pow, NewEng TT, Norfk West, NorAm Coal, NorCenRy, NorStaPw, NSPw 8.80pf, NSPw 4.10pf, OhPw 7.76pf, Okla GE, Pac GasEl, Pan Am, Penna PwLt, PaPL 8.70pr, Pet Inc pf, Piedmt NGs, Porter pf, PotEl 2.44pf, PSEG 4.08pf, PSInd 4.32pf, PugSd PLt, RCA cv4pf, RioGran pf, Southdwn, Southdwn pf, SouthCal Ed, Southern Co, Swest PSvc, StatMut Inv, Tex Util, Thompn JW, Tools Roll, TrnWAir pf, TriSou Mtg, UGI Corp, UniTel 2. pl, Uris Bldg, USLIFE Inc, VaEP 8.84pf, VEI72 7.72pf, VSI Corp, Warnr Com, WnUn 4.60pf, WestghEl pf, Weynbrg Sh, WisEl 7.75pf, Wis PubSv

Market Summary

Most Actives—New York

Aug. 10, 1973

Signal Co	194,500	21	— ⅛
Marcor Inc	154,900	22⅝	+ ⅛
Grace Co	137,100	21⅞	— ⅞
Westgh El	118,300	33⅞	— ⅞
Am Home	106,600	45¼	— 1⅞
Pan Am	103,700	6⅛	— ⅜
Texasgulf	101,000	25⅛	+ ⅞
Texaco Inc	95,900	31¾	— ¾
Wstn Union	91,100	18	+ ⅜
Am Tel&Tel	86,400	48	— ⅛
Deere Co	82,900	49½	+ ⅞
Colg Palm	81,900	32⅝	— ⅜
Rio Grande	79,900	9¼	— ⅜
Williams Co	74,100	46⅛	— ⅛
Gen Motors	73,600	63⅛	— 1⅛

	Today	Prev. day
Volume (in millions)	10.87	12.88
Advances	359	596
Declines	995	759
Unchanged	379	391
Total issues	1733	1746
New 1973 highs	12	29
New 1973 lows	106	88

Most Actives—American

	Vol.	Close	Chg.
Bowmar Ins	114,100	37⅛	—3¼
Circle K Cp	108,300	12¼	—1⅞
Houst Oil M	62,700	36⅝	+4⅝
Superscop	42,100	34	—1½
Numac OG	40,500	19⅛	— ⅛
McCull Oil	37,700	5⅛	— ⅛
Syntex	34,900	102¾	— ⅛
Jamesway	26,000	6⅜	+ ⅛
W'shire	25,400	4½	+ ⅛
Champ Ho	23,200	6⅜	

Approx total stock sales: 1,880,000

Stock sales year ago: 4,198,475

American Stock Index: High	Low	Close	N.C.
23.27	23.11	23.17	—.07

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Net
30 Ind	900.27	903.52	887.12	892.38	— 9.11
20 Trn	159.63	160.52	157.23	158.35	— 1.37
15 Util	96.21	96.72	95.35	96.08	+ 0.06
65 Stk	271.40	272.56	267.65	269.38	— 2.23

Standard & Poor's

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
425 Industrials	119.31	117.25	117.89	—.96
20 Railroads	34.64	34.06	34.26	—.16
55 Utilities	51.83	50.01	50.27	—.33
500 Stocks	106.03	104.21	104.77	—.84

NYSE Index

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
Composite	56.22	55.84	55.84	—.46
Industrials	62.13	61.72	61.75	—.51
Transportation	34.13	33.77	33.78	—.37
Utility	35.67	35.49	35.49	—.20
Finance	69.22	68.69	68.69	—.60

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

Shares	Buy	Sales	*Short
Aug. 9	209,388	313,013	2,490
Aug. 8	218,502	303,479	2,534
Aug. 7	352,080	335,679	2,704
Aug. 6	239,014	327,139	2,099
Aug. 3	197,711	256,389	2,246
Aug. 2	201,371	299,579	3,417

* These totals are included in the sales figures

Dutch Living Cost Off, Jobless Rate Stable

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—The Dutch cost of living declined last month.

The index, based on a 1969 average of 100, fell to 129.5 in July from 129.8 in June, the Economic Ministry reports. In the period from mid-December 1972 to mid-July 1973 the index rose by 4.5 percent, the ministry added.

Meanwhile, provisional government figures today showed the Dutch unemployment rate was a seasonally-adjusted 3.1 percent in July, the same as in June and July 1972.

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هكذا من الاصل

هكذا في الأصل

Mutual Funds

NEW YORK (AP) —The following quotations, supplied by the National Association of Securities Dealers Inc., are the prices at which these securities could have been sold (net asset value) or bought (value plus sales charge) Friday.

Closing prices on Aug. 10, 1973

Fund	Bid	Ask
AGE Fnd	4.68	4.78
Admiralty Funds:		
Grwth	4.36	4.78
Incom	3.69	4.04
Insur	8.10	8.88
Advisrs	4.15	4.54
Aetna F	8.36	9.14
Aetna Shr	13.35	14.59
Afuture F	9.63	N.L.
AllAm Fd	.62	.68
Allstate	12.70	13.66
Alpha	13.10	14.32
Amcap	4.72	5.16
Am Diver	9.27	10.13
Am Eqity	4.50	4.93
Amer Express:		
Capit	7.47	8.16
Incme	8.26	9.03
Invest	7.83	8.56
Specl	7.57	8.27
Stock	7.42	8.11
Am Grth	5.79	6.33
Am Insin	4.98	5.44
Am Invs	4.75	N.L.
Am Mutl	8.05	8.80
AmN Gth	2.31	2.52
Anchor Group:		
Capit	4.69	5.14
Grwth	7.88	8.64
Incme	6.92	7.58
Fd Inv	7.49	8.21
Vent	8.51	9.33
Wash N	11.92	3.06
Astron	3.76	4.11
Audax Fd	8.06	8.81
Axe Houghton:		
Fnd A	4.58	4.98
Fnd B	6.90	7.50
Stock	5.70	6.23
Scien	4.09	4.45
BLC Grth	11.26	12.31
Babson	11.16	N.L.
Bayrk Fd	7.22	7.68
Bayrk Gr	5.86	6.23
Beacn Hil	9.11	N.L.
Beacn In	11.03	N.L.
Berg Ken	11.23	N.L.
Berk Gth	4.13	4.51
Bondstk	4.73	5.17
Bost Fdn	9.53	10.42
Brwn Fd	3.29	3.60
Bullck	12.74	13.96
Candn		
Divid	3.60	3.95
NatW. S	9.72	10.66
NY Vnt	10.95	11.99
Burnh Fd	9.67	N.L.
CG Fund	10.05	10.88
Cap Trin	11.27	
Centry Sh	13.16	14.38
Channing Funds:		
Balan	10.33	11.29
Bond	8.92	9.75
Com St	1.30	1.42
Grwth	5.23	5.72
Incom	6.63	7.25
Specl	1.78	1.95
Vent	8.44	9.22
Chase Gr Bos:		
Fund	8.44	9.22
Frt Cap	5.29	5.78
Shrh'd	6.98	7.63
Specl	5.87	6.42
Chemicl	10.92	11.83
Colonial:		
Cnvrt	9.33	10.20
Equty	3.25	3.55
Fund	9.82	10.73
Grwth	6.07	6.63
Incom	9.48	0.36
Vent	3.28	3.58
Colu Grth	11.52	N.L.
Cwlth AB	1.09	1.18
Cwlth C	1.37	1.48
Comp Gr	6.63	7.25
Comp Cp	4.87	5.34
Comp Bd	8.21	8.92
Comp Fd	7.30	7.93
Concord	9.32	N.L.
Cons Inv	11.25	11.75
Constel G	5.28	5.77
Cont Mut	7.72	N.L.
Cont Gth	7.18	7.45
Ctry Cap	12.76	3.79
Crn WDiv	5.39	5.89
Crn WDal	6.15	6.72
Davge Fd	8.82	N.L.
deVegh	60.15	N.L.
Delaware Group:		
Decat	9.41	10.28
Delaw	9.25	10.12
Delta	4.73	5.17
Dir Cap	4.97	5.45
Dodg Cox	15.12	N.L.
Drexel	10.33	N.L.
Dreyfus Grp:		
Dreyf	10.58	11.59
Equit	3.77	4.03
Levge	4.46	16.04
Spl Inc	7.25	7.95
Third C	9.93	10.88
E&E Fd	unavail	
Eagle Gr	7.04	7.72
Eaton&Howard:		
Balan	9.46	10.34
Grwth	14.22	15.54
Incom	5.85	6.39
Specl	7.24	7.91
Stock	2.66	13.94
Ebrstdr	10.18	11.13
EDIE Spl	22.25	N.L.
EFC Managemnt:		
Eq Gth	7.74	8.46
Eq Pro	3.07	3.36
Fd Am	7.37	8.05
Egret Gt	12.25	13.32
Eltun Tr	16.19	
Emer Sec	3.84	4.20
Energy	11.37	N.L.
Fairfld	8.04	8.79
Farm Bu	9.53	N.L.
Fed Reg	9.43	
Fidelity Group:		
Bond	8.63	9.43
Capit	11.60	12.68
Contld	9.07	
Conv	7.02	7.33
Dstny	6.78	
Essex	10.55	
Evrst	10.75	11.75
Fidel	15.41	16.84
Puritn	9.01	9.85
Salem	4.13	4.51
Trend	23.83	26.01
Financial Prog:		
Dyna	4.16	N.L.
Indust	4.24	N.L.
Incom	5.48	N.L.
Vent	4.10	N.L.
FstFd Va	11.12	12.15
Fst Investors:		
Disco	5.46	5.98
Grwth	7.14	7.82
Stock	7.52	8.24
Fst Mult	8.44	N.L.
Forum Group:		
Climb F	8.92	N.L.
100 Fd	10.86	N.L.
101 Fd	7.88	N.L.
Twen F	6.05	N.L.
Fnd Gth	4.61	5.84
Founders Group:		
Grwth	5.33	5.83
Incom	11.60	12.68
Mutal	8.8	9.72
Specl	13.96	11.98
Foursq	8.84	9.66
Franklin Group:		
DNTC	7.65	8.42
Grwth	7.56	8.28
Utils	4.91	5.38
Incom	1.88	2.06
US Gov	9.42	10.32
Capit	4.63	5.07
Equit	4.36	4.78
Frkln Lte	11.74	12.83
FdF Dep	9.32	N.L.
Comm	8.83	9.65
Comm	8.83	9.65
Fund Inc Grp:		
Impac	7.73	8.42
Ind Trd	10.98	12.00
Pilot	7.40	8.09
Gatewy	7.43	8.83
GE S& S	35.29	
Gen Sec	6.43	N.L.
Group Sec:		
Apex	5.63	6.16
Balan	7.54	8.25
Com St	10.82	11.83
GrthFd A	4.23	4.62
Grth Ind	23.35	N.L.
Guard M	22.52	N.L.
Hamilton:		
F HDA	4.03	4.41
Grwth	6.92	7.56
Incom	6.00	6.56
H&C Fd	10.75	N.L.
H&C Lev	8.17	N.L.
Hedb Gor	8.09	8.84
Hedge	5.48	
Heritge	1.73	1.90
Hor Man	18.61	20.12
ISI Group:		
Grwth	4.05	4.44
Incom	3.87	4.23
Trus sh	12.38	13.53
Trus un	3.34	
Imp Cap	9.53	10.42
Imp Gth	7.22	7.89
IncF Am	13.00	14.21
IncF Bos	6.05	6.63
Industry	2.95	3.23
INTGN	8.43	9.12
Int Invst	33.15	36.33
Inver Gth	8.67	N.L.
ICA	12.89	14.09
Inv Guid	7.16	N.L.
Inv Indic	3.12	
Inves Bog	10.93	11.95
Inv Counsel:		
Capm	7.19	7.89
Capit G	2.65	2.92
Capit S	5.48	6.01
Investors Group:		
IDS Grt	6.83	
IDS ndi	6.16	6.69
Mutl	9.63	10.46
Prog	4.48	4.87
Stock	19.75	21.47
Select	9.22	9.91
Inv Rsch	4.99	5.45
Istel	20.96	21.61
Ivy	6.93	N.L.
JP GrthF	9.03	9.82
Janus F	17.13	N.L.
J Hanck	7.82	8.50
J Hanc Sf	8.18	8.89
Johnstn	24.09	N.L.
Keystone Funds:		
Apollo	4.60	5.04
Cus B1	18.55	19.40
Cus B2	19.12	20.95
Cus B4	8.14	8.92
Cus K1	6.93	7.59
Cus K2	6.03	6.60
Cus S1	22.76	24.94
Cus S2	11.43	12.52
Cus S3	7.84	8.59
Cus S4	4.28	4.6
Pola r	3.66	4.00
Knickb	6.04	6.62
Knick Gt	7.50	8.21
Land Gth	6.57	7.18
Lenox Fd	5.17	N.L.
Lexington Grp:		
Cp Ldr	15.34	16.80
Lex Gr	6.49	7.09
Lex Rh	13.44	14.69
Librty Fd	5.25	5.74
Life Ins	8.35	9.14
Linc Ntl	7.08	7.74
Ling	3.24	
Loomis Sayles:		
Capit	13.09	N.L.
Mut	14.55	N.L.
Lord Abbett:		
Affiltd	6.42	6.94
A Bus	2.88	3.11
Bnd Db	9.67	10.57
Luth Bro	10.43	11.37
Luth Inc	9.19	10.04
Magna Funds:		
MasC	3.64	3.99
Incom	8.65	9.45
Pilgm	8.21	8.97
Manhtn	3.98	4.35
Massachusett Co:		
Freed	7.63	8.36
Indep	8.03	8.80
Mass	11.28	12.36
Mass Financl:		
MIT	11.14	12.17
MIG	13.09	14.31
MID	13.07	14.28
MFD	13.10	14.32
MCD	14.41	15.75
Mates	2.13	N.L.
Mathers	11.27	N.L.
Mid AM	5.37	5.87
MONY F	13.55	11.53
MSB Fd	13.91	N.L.
Mut Ben	9.89	10.84
MIF Fd	7.47	8.19
MIF Gth	4.41	4.77
M OmaG	unavail	
M Omahi	unavail	
Mut Shrs	15.10	N.L.
Mut Trst	1.87	N.L.
NEA Mut	9.41	9.63
Natl Ind	9.79	N.L.
Nat Secur Ser:		
Balan	8.70	9.51
Bond	4.71	5.15
Divid	3.51	3.84
Grwth	6.62	7.23
Pf Stk	5.96	6.51
Incom	4.64	5.07
Stock	6.50	7.10
NE LifeFund:		
Equit	15.80	17.17
Gro'h	10.85	11.79
Sido	16.73	18.18
Neuw Cel	5.11	N.L.
Neuw Fd	8.82	N.L.
New Per	13.62	14.89
New Wld	12.28	13.42
Newton	13.73	14.97
Nich Strg	16.64	N.L.
Noreast	15.18	N.L.
Oceangr	6.60	N.L.
Omega	7.69	7.81
One WmS	16.36	N.L.
ONeill Fd	11.82	N.L.
Oppenheimer Fd:		
Oppen	7.28	7.96
AIM	10.11	11.05
Time	7.04	7.67
OTC Sec	10.03	10.90
Param M	7.47	8.16
Paul Rvr	7.21	7.88
Pegas Fd	5.55	5.54
Penn Sq	6.67	N.L.
Pa Mut	2.41	N.L.
Phila	6.47	7.11
Pine St	9.98	N.L.
Pine Tree	2.99	
Pioneer Fund:		
Entrp	7.33	8.01
Fund	11.45	12.51
II	9.55	10.44
Plan Inv	8.73	9.54
Pilgrth	12.58	13.75
Price Funds:		
Grwth	13.47	N.L.
N Era	11.40	N.L.
N Horiz	9.95	N.L.
Pro Fund	8.18	N.L.
Provid	3.94	4.31
Prov Gth	8.37	9.15
Pru SIP	10.34	11.30
Putnam Funds:		
Conv	10.54	11.52
Equit	8.72	9.53
Georg	15.06	16.45
Grwth	11.09	12.12
Incom	7.87	8.63
Invest	9.78	10.69
Vista	10.39	11.36
Voyag	10.31	11.27
Revere	6.91	7.55
Rinfret	12.57	
Salec Eqt	8.20	8.96
Sagitars	2.36	N.L.
Schustr	8.39	9.17
Schust Sp	8.71	9.52
Scudder Funds:		
Int Inv	16.54	N.L.
Specl	22.63	N.L.
Balan	14.08	N.L.
Com St	10.55	N.L.
Seab Lev	4.52	4.95
Security Funds:		
Equty	3.38	3.70
Invest	6.50	7.12
Ultra	6.87	7.53
Selected Funds:		
Sel Am	8.10	N.L.
Sel Opp	9.60	N.L.
Sel Spl	12.78	N.L.
Sent Gth	9.58	10.41
Sentry F	13.52	14.70
Shareholders Gp:		
Cmstk	3.32	3.63
Entrp	5.57	6.09
Flet Fd	3.88	4.24
Harbr	7.31	7.97
Legal	6.09	6.66
Pace	7.70	8.42
Shearson Funds:		
Appre	18.17	19.86
Incom	16.76	18.32
Invest	9.27	10.13
Sherm D	11.48	N.L.
Side Fd	6.90	7.56
Sigma Funds:		
Capit	7.49	8.19
Invest	10.23	11.18
Trust	7.66	8.37
Vent	9.02	9.86
SB Eqty	10.09	N.L.
SG I&Gr	10.68	N.L.
SoGen Int	12.46	13.05
Sw Invs	7.94	8.58
Swin Gt	6.13	6.63
Sover Inv	11.24	12.31
Spectra F	5.09	5.59
S&P IntD	6.65	N.L.
State BondGr:		
Com F	4.75	5.19
Div Fd	5.05	5.52
Prog F	5.04	5.51
StFrm Gt	4.70	N.L.
S Frm In	8.98	N.L.
State St	45.85	46.25
Steadman Funds:		
Am Ind	3.03	N.L.
Asso F	1.16	N.L.
Invest	1.34	N.L.
Stein Roe Fds:		
Balan	20.54	N.L.
Cap O	10.32	N.L.
Stock	14.83	N.L.
Supervisd Inv:		
Grwth	6.10	6.68
Incom	8.06	8.83
Sumit	8.81	9.65
Tech	6.23	6.83
Sync Gth	6.79	7.42
TMR App	8.76	9.57
Temp Gt	8.48	9.30
Towr Cap	5.95	
Trns Cap	8.37	9.12
Trav Eq	19.26	11.24
Tudr Hed	11.31	N.L.
TwnC Gt	2.63	2.88
TwnC Inc	3.82	4.19
USAA Gt	10.98	N.L.
US GovSe	9.98	10.73
Unif Mut	8.56	9.36
Unifund	8.71	9.52
Union Svc Grp:		
Broad	13.44	14.69
Nat Inv	8.57	9.33
U Cap	8.85	9.70
Whteh	12.48	13.64
United Funds:		
Accm	7.19	7.88
Bond	7.52	8.24
Con Gr	9.98	10.78
Con Inc	9.65	10.58
Incom	13.45	14.74
Scien	6.88	7.54
Vang	6.86	7.52
Value Line Fd:		
Val Li	5.24	5.74
Incom	4.24	4.65
Lev Grt	6.92	7.24
Spl Sit	3.19	3.50
Vance Sanders:		
Invest	7.04	7.69
Comm	7.74	8.46
Specl	7.28	7.96
Vandrbt	4.52	4.94
Vangd	1.46	1.60
Vanig TN	6.15	
Var In P	3.80	4.13
Viking	5.41	N.L.
Wall St G	7.62	8.33
Wash M	10.78	11.78
Weing Eq	10.93	N.L.
Wellingtn Group:		
Expir	22.33	24.40
Ivest	9.47	10.64
Mo-rq	11.32	12.37
Techv	7.34	
Trust	11.92	13.03
Wellsi	11.50	12.57
Wellin	10.78	11.78
Windr	7.25	7.92
West Ind	3.44	3.77
Westf Grt	8.61	9.25
Wisc Fd	5.48	5.99
Ziegler	9.39	10.26

American Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
10¾	8½	OrielHo .10h	6	3	13¼	13¼	13¼	
2⅞	1⅜	Ormand Ind	40	12	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
11½	7¾	OSullivn .50	6	4	8	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
21	9	Outdr Sprt I	8	1	10½	10½	10½	— ⅛
20⅞	13⅝	OverhDr .32	9	2	13⅝	13⅞	13⅝	+ ⅛
2⅛	1	Oxford Elec		3	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
11¼	5¼	OxfdFst .30r	11	10	6	6	6	— ⅛
6⅜	4	Ozark Airlin	12	46	4⅛	4	4	
		P - Q						
2¼	¾	P&F Indust		14	1½	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
22⅞	19⅞	PGE6pf 1.50		1	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	
20	18⅛	PGE pf 1.37		3	18⅛	18	18	— ⅜
17¾	15½	PGRd pf1.25		2	16	15¾	16	
17⅞	16	PG pfA 1.25		2	16	16	16	
16	13⅜	PG 4.5pf1.12		1	14½	14½	14½	
15¾	13½	PG 4.3pf1.09		1	13¾	13¾	13¾	+ ¼
37⅞	29½	PG 9.2pf2.32		2	29½	29½	29½	
28⅜	26⅛	PG 8.1pf2.04		1	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	
27½	24⅜	PG 7.8pf1.96		1	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜	
27¾	25⅜	PGE 8pf 2		3	25⅝	25½	25½	— ¼
8⅞	6⅝	P Holdg .34	8	37	8	8	8	
17	15⅞	PHold pf1.20		1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
64	55¼	PacLt pf4.50		z140	55¼	54	54	— 1½
61½	52	PacLt pf4.36		z1250	56½	54	56⅛	+ 2⅛
16¼	14⅛	PNwTel 1.04	9	41	14	13⅞	13⅞	— ¼
		PacNw Bl rt		23	3-32	3-32	3-32	
68½	62	Pac PL pf 5		z50	62	62	62	
19	8⅞	PacSv L .28	3	16	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
18⅜	9⅞	Pall Corp	17	6	15¼	15	15⅛	
9	3⅝	PalomF .10e	4	4	4	4	4	— ⅛
18⅛	14⅜	PaloM 1.70e	8	14	14⅜	14⅛	14⅛	— ¼
3⅜	2	Pantasote	32	7	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅛
7¾	5¼	Park Ch .30	7	1	6	6	6	
13	4	Parkwy Dis	8	24	6⅞	6⅜	6½	+ ¼
6½	2⅛	Pat Fash .24	5	26	2⅝	2½	2½	—
5½	2½	PatPar Pap		11	2⅝	2½	2½	
12⅜	6⅛	PatoCG .20e	8	18	8	7½	7⅝	— ⅛
15½	11½	PeasseE .74e		1	14½	14½	14½	— ⅛
2	1	PeasseEll wt		1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
11⅞	10⅛	Peel Elder		1	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ¼
11¾	10¼	Peerl T .28a	16	1	10½	10½	10½	
4⅞	2⅛	Pemcor Inc	8	1	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛
2⅛	1⅜	Penn Dix wt		32	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
12¾	9⅛	PenEng .60a	6	2	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	
13½	11¼	PenRIE 1.10	8	2	12	12	12	
13⅛	7⅜	PepCom .40	7	9	8½	8⅜	8½	+ ⅛
25⅞	16	PEPI Inc	11	17	23⅜	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
6½	4½	Perini .20e	3	3	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
9⅞	5	Permaner	17	8	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
8¼	4⅜	Perlec Corp	78	7	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
6⅛	3⅜	Phil LD .52r	6	69	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
4¼	2⅛	Phoenix Stl		13	2½	2¼	2¼	— ⅛
9½	4⅞	Piedind .24	4	1	5	5	5	
9⅞	7	Pioner Plas	11	17	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ¼
5½	2½	Pioneer Sys	7	4	2½	2½	2½	
7⅜	4½	Pioneer Tex	5	3	5	4⅞	4⅞	
61⅜	26	PitDMo 1.20	11	14	48	45½	47	— 1½
7⅛	6¼	PitWVT .57e	9	8	6½	6⅛	6½	
21¾	7½	PizzaCp Am	14	4	11	11	11	— ⅛
10⅞	3⅜	Plant Ind	17	2	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
36¼	17¾	Planirnics	13	2	25	25	25	— ⅛
3¼	1	Plaza Group	8	4	1½	1½	1½	— ⅛
8¼	4½	PlyGem .23t	5	2	5¼	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
26½	18⅜	PNBM 2.13e	8	15	19	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅜
6¼	1⅜	PNB MR wt		13	1⅜	1½	1½	— ⅛
5⅞	2⅜	Pneumo Dy		1	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
5½	2½	Poloron Pd		10	3⅜	3	3	— ⅛
15	8½	Polychr .45t	7	9	10⅞	10½	10½	
8⅞	3⅜	Potter Inst		9	4⅜	4⅛	4⅛	— ¼
13⅜	6⅛	Prairie Oil	26	4	7¾	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
16⅜	12¼	Pratt Lmb 1	7	2	12¼	12¼	12¼	
11¼	4⅞	Prel Corp	3	8	5⅜	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
33⅛	16⅝	PrenHall .84	12	26	22½	21⅞	21⅞	— ½
13⅝	10⅛	PresRIA .84	40	1	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
13⅞	3⅜	Prosley Cos	3	15	5	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅜
15⅞	8⅝	Preston .56	8	17	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜	+ ¼
16⅜	6⅛	Prime Equit	8	24	9	8½	8⅞	+ ⅛
24⅜	15⅝	Proler Intl 1	7	3	18¾	18½	18½	
25⅞	14	PrpCT 1.81e	8	3	15	15	15	
11	9⅜	ProvGs .72a	5	4	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ¼
3⅜	2⅛	PrdRIE .24e	23	6	3	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
28	10	PrudBdg .24	13	10	15	15	15	— ⅛
12¼	5⅛	PSA Inc wt		5	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
16⅞	5⅝	PuntaGrd Is	5	7	6½	6⅜	6½	— ⅛
19½	10¼	Quebcor Inc	17	1	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	— ¼
		R						
15½	11	Ranchrs Ex	24	8	12	12	12	— ⅛
37¼	23⅜	RangrO Can	91	17	31⅜	31¼	31⅜	— ⅛
34⅞	19½	Ransbrg .60	10	1	24½	24½	24½	
6⅜	3⅜	RapdAm wt		9	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
7	4⅛	Rath Pack		4	5½	5¼	5½	+ ⅛
7	4	Ray Resrcs	12	1	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
10⅜	6	RaymPr .40	7	1	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	
10⅜	4⅞	RB Indust	7	7	5⅛	5	5	— ⅛
19⅛	15½	RealEst 1.40	12	4	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
15½	12⅛	RlInT 1.46e	11	1	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	+ ⅛
23½	18½	Rlt RT 2.14e	8	1	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
27⅞	16⅜	Recrion Crp	5	53	22½	20¾	21¼	— 1
3⅛	1½	Reeves Telc	8	9	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
17¼	7¾	RefrigTr .12	8	1	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
9½	7	ReitlFd .75e		5	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	+ ⅛
12	10	Rem Ar .80	9	1	10½	10½	10½	
5½	5¼	RepHous .08	4	3	5⅛	5	5	— ⅛
2	9-16	RepMtln wt		3	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
51	28⅛	RepNat NY	7	22	31⅜	30½	31⅛	—
68¼	42½	ReschCll .08	47	53	64½	62⅞	63⅛	— 1½
11⅝	5⅛	Reserve OG	15	11	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
9¾	5⅛	Resistfix .30	9	3	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
4⅜	1⅞	ResrtsIntl A	11	37	3½	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
4⅜	1⅛	Rest Assoc		15	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	+ ⅛
8¼	2⅜	Rex Nor .14t		35	3	2⅞	3	
9¾	4½	RH Med Svc	6	4	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
13⅞	4⅞	Riblet Prod	4	9	6⅜	6½	6½	— ½
6½	2	Richton .15e		2	3	3	3	
8⅜	6¼	RicoArg Mn		14	8	7¾	8	+ ⅛
2½	⅛	Riker Maxs		11	1⅛	1	1	
1⅛	½	Riker Mx pf		1	11-16	11-16	11-16	+1-16
20⅜	7⅜	Riley Co	15	2	12½	12½	12½	— ⅛
18⅞	8½	RisdonM .36	5	4	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
10	6¼	RittFinB .24	8	10	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
15⅜	5½	Robino Lad	4	5	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
32½	15¼	Robintech	21	22	23⅜	23⅛	23⅜	— ⅛
6⅛	2½	Roblin Ind	4	18	3	3	3	
3	1	Rockw Cmp		25	1½	1½	1½	+ ⅛
13¼	5½	Rollins Intl	7	22	5⅞	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
6⅛	1⅜	Ronco Telep	7	12	2⅜	2⅜	2⅛	
10⅞	4	Rossmor Cp	4	12	5½	5½	5½	
26½	16⅞	Rowan .14	17	36	24½	23¾	24½	+ ½
9⅜	6⅞	Royal Amer	64	26	9	9	9	
6	3	RoyBch Col	8	3	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
8⅞	2⅞	RPS Prod		1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
2¼	1⅜	RSC Indust	13	2	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	+ ⅛
3⅜	1⅜	Rusco Ind	18	26	1⅞	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
5½	2¼	Russeks Inc	5	14	5	5	5	
15½	9¼	Rusal Cp .40	4	2	9½	9½	9½	+ ¼
29¾	13½	RyanHo .10e	16	167	23¾	21¾	21¾	— 1½
7⅜	2⅝	Ryersn Hay		4	3½	3⅛	3⅛	— ¼
		S						
43⅜	27⅜	SabRoy .44b	21	8	33½	33⅛	33⅛	— ⅛
5½	2⅜	SaffranSy A	5	8	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	
21⅜	10⅝	StJohnsT .62	4	x7	12	11¾	11⅞	— ½
8⅞	4⅞	Salem Corp	15	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
30⅛	14⅜	Sambo Rest	27	40	21	20⅜	20⅜	— ½
8	5⅛	S Carlo .85r	5	16	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
106	100¾	SDgo pf7.80		8	100¾	99¾	99¾	— 1
14½	13⅜	SDie G pf 1		1	13¼	13¼	13¼	— ¼
13¼	11⅜	SDie G pf.90		5	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
48	34⅞	San JW 2.06	8	12	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	— ⅝
7¼	2⅞	Sanitas .12	18	11	3⅞	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
5⅞	2½	Sargent Ind		6	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
7¼	4⅞	Saturn Airw	5	3	6	6	6	— ¼
7	3⅜	Savoy Ind		10	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
9⅞	7⅛	Schenut .20e	5	2	9	9	9	
9⅞	6½	Schick Inc	3	30	8¼	8	8¼	— ⅛
3⅞	1⅛	Schiller Ind	20	5	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
4¼	2⅜	Sci Mgt .12e	7	4	3⅛	3	3	
15⅛	6⅛	Scient Atlan	11	70	9⅞	8⅞	8⅞	— 1½
35⅜	11¾	ScottyHo .05	24	64	20¼	19½	17⅞	— ⅝
10⅜	6⅞	ScrivBog .32	5	1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
19¼	14⅜	Scurry Rain	94	11	19	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
9	6⅞	SbdAlMll .30	4	1	7¼	7¼	7¼	+ ¼
22	10⅜	Sea Contain	8	3	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
4⅛	2⅜	Sealectr Cp	11	11	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ¼
9⅞	6⅞	Searsind .44	7	5	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	
10	4⅞	Season All	9	3	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
15½	7⅞	Sec Mt 1.28e	8	26	9	8⅞	9	+ ⅛
2⅛	⅛	SecMt In wt		1	⅛	⅛	⅛	
12½	5⅞	Selas Cp .27	41	1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅛
7⅜	2⅜	Seligm Asso	4	4	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
14⅞	8⅜	Selig Ltz .40	4	5	10⅜	10¼	10¼	— ⅛
23½	8⅜	Semtec .48t	10	2	12⅞	12⅜	12⅜	— ¼
14¼	4½	Service Cp I	6	7	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	— ¼
11½	6	Servisco .30	5	1	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
6⅜	3⅜	Servo Corp	9	1	4¼	4¼	4¼	+ ⅛
14⅞	8	Servotr .10r	9	5	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
8⅜	5⅛	SGL Ind .45t	7	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	1⅜	Shaer Shoe		1	2	2	2	— ⅛
24⅞	9⅜	Shawin .27h	8	47	13½	13¾	13⅞	+ ⅛
13⅜	5	SheltrR .05e	6	7	7½	7⅜	7⅜	+ ⅛
13⅜	6⅞	ShndCp .71t	4	9	7⅞	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
21¼	8⅜	Shnandh Oil	18	6	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
16⅜	15	Shn O pf1.25		2	15¼	15¼	15¼	— ⅛
35	12⅛	Sherwd Med	10	20	18⅛	17⅜	18⅛	+ 1⅛
6⅛	3¼	Shopwll .36e	10	33	3⅞	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
16⅜	11⅛	Showbt .43a	7	2	13⅜	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
13	4	ShulmTr En	14	2	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
12⅜	8⅛	SierrPac .12	3	10	10⅜	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	7⅛	Sierracin Cp	17	4	9⅛	9	9	— ⅛
11⅜	8⅛	Sifco Ind .24	7	3	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
9⅛	5⅛	Sigma Inst	6	6	7⅛	7	7	
18⅜	6⅜	SikesCp .20	11	4	6½	6⅜	6½	
8	6⅜	Simkins .50	7	1	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
4	3⅜	Sim Sch .10e	7	5	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	— ⅛
19⅛	11⅜	Simplex Wir		18	17⅞	17¾	17⅞	+ ⅛
17⅛	7⅜	SkyCity Sirs	8	5	10⅛	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
4⅜	2½	SMDind .28t	5	1	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛
11¼	3	Solitron .06	37	25	4½	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
38½	10⅜	Soundsn .40	8	158	20	18¼	19	— ⅜
10⅞		SoestCa .83a	10	3	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
116½	109¾	SCE pf8.96		1	108¼	108¼	108¼	— 1½
22¼	17	SC 5.2pf 1.30		4	17	17	17	— ⅛
17	15	SC 4.7pf 1.19		2	15¼	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
15⅜	13⅛	SC 4.3pf 1.08		1	13¾	13¾	13¾	— ⅛
67⅜	46¼	Sou Roy 1.20	35	17	61⅞	60⅞	61⅜	+ 1
24½	8	Specity Rest	7	4	11⅛	11	11⅛	
10	6⅜	Spectra .24	5	3	8	8	8	
7⅜	3⅜	Spectro .18	6	3	4	4	4	— ⅛
7	3⅜	SpedOP .311	35	1	4¼	4¼	4¼	+ ⅛
8⅛	4⅛	Spelzmn Ind	3	6	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
9⅛	4⅛	Spencer .32t	4	15	5⅞	5½	5⅞	— ⅛
14½	7¾	SSP Ind .22r	6	2	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
18	12¼	StdAllian .85	5	2	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
17⅜	14½	StdCoosa .90	6	2	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
25¼	7¾	StdMotA .42	7	6	10	9⅞	9⅞	
3½	2⅛	StdPac Corp	5	10	2½	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅛
23½	20⅜	Std Prod	5	4	23	22¾	23	
24	13½	StThoms .36	7	2	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	
7	4⅜	StanlyA .40t	57	10	6⅞	6⅜	6⅞	+ ⅛
4⅞	3	Stardust Inc	10	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
10⅜	8	StarSmk .63	5	1	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	+ ⅛
15⅛	7	StarrtHo .20	6	4	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
24⅞	10⅜	Statham Ins	12	5	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛
5⅞	3⅛	Stelmer Inc	9	1	3⅞	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛
12⅛	5⅜	Steiber Ind	11	9	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
1½	¼	Stellar Ind		2	11-16	11-16	11-16	
31⅜	16⅜	Stepn Ch .28	11	7	19⅛	19	19⅛	+ ⅛
2⅛	1	Sterl Electr	9	3	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+ ⅛
5½	2⅛	Sterl Extru	7	3	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	3	SterlPre .28t	6	10	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	
15⅞	7	Sterndent	8	38	10	10	10	
7⅜	3	Stevcoknit	4	2	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
20⅛	13⅜	StopShop .90	6	2	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	+ ⅛
18⅛	6⅛	STP Cp .60	6	33	8⅞	8⅜	8⅞	— ⅛
2⅛	1	Summit Org	3	1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
8⅛	4⅜	SunCityl .25	10	6	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	+ ⅛
9¼	4⅜	Sunair .12e	7	1	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
7	5	SupFdSv .20	5	10	5	5	5	— ⅛
3 5-16	2	Supercr .10e	5	7	2⅛	2 3-16	2 3-16	—3-16
12⅛	5⅞	Sup Ind Intl	6	12	6	5⅞	6	
17½	7½	Sup Surg Mf		9	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
38⅜	16⅜	Superscop	9	421	36⅛	33⅜	34	— 1½
9	3⅛	Susquhana		10	4⅞	4⅜	4⅞	+ ⅛
12⅞	9⅛	Susqu pf.75k		2	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	— ⅛
2⅜	1	SutrMfg wt		4	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
107	46¼	Syntex .40	35	349	102⅞	101⅛	102⅞	— ⅛
8⅜	2½	System Eng	16	9	3⅜	3½	3½	
		T						
1⅞	1⅛	Tech Sym		58	1⅜	1½	1⅜	+ ⅛
12⅞	5⅛	Techcl Oper	9	4	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅜
3	1⅜	Techcl Tape	7	21	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
19¼	6½	Tchnicolor	7	20	8½	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	1⅜	Technilrol	17	1	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛
30	24¼	Tejon R .20a	29	2	28⅞	28⅜	28⅞	— ⅛
27¾	14⅛	Teleflx 1.29t	6	12	18⅛	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
3⅛	⅞	Telex Cp wt		2	1⅜	1½	1½	— ⅛
5⅜	2½	Tenna Corp		2	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
	3½	Tenneco wt		23	4⅛	3⅞	4	— ⅛
25	13⅛	Teradyn Inc	26	76	18⅞	17⅞	18⅞	+ 1
25¼	11⅛	TesoroPt wt		4	13⅞	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
8	3⅜	Texasinl Co	11	5	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
7⅞	3⅜	Texstar	4	17	4⅜	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
25¼	11	Textron wt		5	11	10¾	11	— ¼
5⅜	2½	TFI Co Inc	7	21	3⅛	3	3⅛	+ ⅛
7⅞	3⅞	ThorMk .32t		1	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	+ ⅛
11⅜	6⅜	Thrftmrt .05	12	2	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	
14¼	4⅛	Tidwell .39	6	20	5	5	5	— ⅛
7	4⅜	Tiffanyl .10r	7	1	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	+ ⅛
11⅞	7⅛	Timple .10e	5	14	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	— ⅛
9⅛	2⅞	Titmus Opl		7	2¼	3⅛	3¼	
25⅜	6½	Tokheim .35	8	12	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	— ½
11⅛	3⅜	Telchin Inst	6	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
58	53⅜	TolEd pf4.25		z100	52¼	52¼	52¼	— 4½
24⅞	7	ToppsG .20e	9	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
10	6	TotalPet NA	11	7	7⅛	7 13-16	7 13-16	— ⅛
8	3½	TownCnt .20	6	6	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
10⅛	6	TranLux .35	20	7	7	6⅞	7	— ⅛
26⅜	4⅜	TWA wt		210	6	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
9⅛	4⅜	Treadw .311	7	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
9½	5	TriStAir .12	5	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	2 7-16	TubosM .23e	8	3	2 15-16	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
9⅛	3⅜	Tuftco Corp	6	7	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
28½	18⅜	Turnr C 1.20	6	5	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	
13¼	5⅜	TwinFair In	6	18	7⅛	6⅜	7⅛	+ ⅛
14⅜	5½	Tyco Labs	6	25	9⅛	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
		U						
2⅛	1⅜	UIP Corp	8	49	2	1⅞	2	+ ⅛
27½	19⅜	UnaTr 2.38e	8	8	20⅜	20½	20½	— ⅛
11	6⅜	UnAirPr .40	5	1	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
2⅜	2 3-16	UnAsb In wt		3	2 7-16	2 7-16	2 7-16	
2⅜	1	UnBrand wt		65	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	16½	UnCosF .82t	10	2	17	16⅞	17	— ⅛
3	1⅜	Unit Foods	7	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
6⅞	4	UnNat Corp		5	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
1½	5-16	UnNetCp wt		2	⅜	⅜	⅜	
1⅛	½	Un Nat wt n		6	⅝	⅝	⅝	
19⅞	7½	UnP Dv .60a	5	15	8½	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
19¼	6⅞	US Filter	11	45	10¼	10	10	— ⅜
21⅜	16⅜	USLsR 1.75e	13	2	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
2⅜	1	USLsg R wt		7	1¼	1¼	1¼	
3⅜	2	USNat Resrc	5	19	2⅞	2⅜	2⅜	
10⅛	4⅜	US Radium	6	13	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
12¼	6½	US Reducin	6	13	12¼	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
14⅜	8⅜	USRubR .54	8	4	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	+ ⅛
29½	14⅜	Unitek Corp	12	4	16¼	16⅛	16¼	— ⅛
31	16½	Unity Buy S	15	13	21½	21	21	— ⅛
11⅜	4⅛	Univ Resrcs	91	5	5½	5⅜	5½	— ¼D
13⅜	6⅞	Univ Sav .26	4	2	7⅜	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
22⅜	11½	UrisBldg wt		7	11¼	11½	11½	— ⅛
7	4	UVind wt		16	5⅛	5½	5⅜	— ⅛
		V						
7¼	3¼	Val DOr Ind	7	19	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛	+ ⅛
20⅜	8	VallesSt .95t	9	2	9	9	9	
24⅞	9½	Valmac .40b	4	126	22⅜	21⅜	21⅜	— ⅜
6¼	3⅞	Valspar .24	7	2	4¼	4¼	4¼	+ ⅛
5½	2⅜	ValueLin D		1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
15⅜	8½	VanDorn .28	8	2	10⅞	10⅜	10⅞	+ ⅛
3⅞	2¼	Varo Inc	8	2	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
23	12¼	Vaecoins .24	8	1	15	15	15	+ ¼
5¼	2¼	Vernitron	10	29	3⅜	3½	3⅜	
5⅛	1½	Viewlex		19	1⅞	1⅜	1⅞	
14⅞	6½	Viking Genl	1	3	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
9¼	4	Vikoa Inc	57	4	5⅜	5¼	5⅜	— ⅛
17⅜	5⅞	Vintage Ent	4	160	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
8¼	5	VLN Corp	6	8	5⅜	5½	5½	— ⅛
		W						
7⅜	4⅛	WabMag .10	12	6	6⅜	6½	6⅝	
17⅜	6⅞	Wacknht .28	8	16	8½	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
18⅛	10⅛	WagnrEl .48	6	2	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	— ⅛
10⅜	6¼	Walnoco Oil	20	22	7¼	7	7¼	—3-16
22¼	10½	WardCR Dg	21	12	16	15¾	15¾	— ½
2½	¾	WardFds wt		3	1	1	1	
8½	3	Wards .10e	5	2	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
14	3½	WarC pfC.05		25	4	3⅞	4	+ ⅛
37	18⅜	WasPstB .40	8	6	21¼	21	21¼	+ ⅛
15	12⅜	WasRIT 1.64	13	5	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
5⅞	3⅜	Welman Co	5	1	4	4	4	+ ⅛
8	4	Wellco Ent	5	2	5	5	5	+ ⅛
27¼	12¼	WellsNat Sv	21	20	27	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅛
3⅜	1⅜	Westats Ptl		9	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
6⅜	4	Westn Decal	20	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
20⅜	13⅜	Westn Finl	5	2	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
2⅜	¾	Wstrn Orbis		8	1	1	1	
15⅜	5⅜	Westran Ind	7	4	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
4⅞	2½	Whitehal Cp	6	25	3	2⅞	3	+ ⅛
2⅜	¾	Whittakr wt		5	1	1	1	
4⅞	2⅜	Willcx Glbb	5	3	3¼	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
16⅜	7⅜	Wmhous .20	6	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
5¼	3⅞	WilshrO .20t	17	254½		4	4⅛	+ ⅛
12⅜	7⅞	WilsonCo .80	7	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
5⅞	3	WilsonBr .30	6	13	3⅞	3⅜	3⅞	
4⅛	2⅜	WilsonPh .12	25	1	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
10⅜	7¼	Winkimn .40	6	1	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	+ ⅛
7⅞	3½	Winston Mil	5	1	4	4	4	
63	54½	Wic P pf4.50		z100	58	58	58	+ 1⅛
16	4	WolfHB .24	7	12	5⅜	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
22	7⅛	Wood In .72t	6	3	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
12⅞	6⅜	Worces Cont	6	1	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	
12⅜	9	Work Wr .60	5	1	9¼	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
16⅜	7	Wraither Cp	75	14	9⅛	9½	9⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	13-16	Wright Har		1	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	+1-16
40⅜	13	WUI In .20e	9	18	17¼	17	17	— ½
4⅜	2⅜	Wyle Labs	8	2	3⅛	3	3	— ⅛
29⅞	8	Wynn Intl	7	10	14	13⅞	14	— ⅛
14⅛	10½	WymBan .40	7	3	10⅜	10½	10½	— ⅛
		Y						
17⅜	11⅜	Yates Ind	9	69	15	14¼	14⅞	— ⅜
		Z						
4⅞	3½	Zero Mfg	9	4	4⅜	4⅛	4⅛	
8⅛	3⅜	ZimHom .24	13	7	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. h—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend and sales in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw—Without warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vj—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject to interest equalization tax.

Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 percent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

International Stock Indexes

	Yest.	Prev.	1973 High	1973 Low
Amsterdam	127.1	127.6	144.8	127.1
Brussels	156.07	158.35	166.66	154.14
Frankfurt	123.20	122.91	155.21	115.25
London 30.	427.6	422.8	508.5	414.8
London 500.	160.72	160.26	217.35	178.40
Milan	114.16	113.49	147.36	95.40
Paris	103.3	102.3	118.3	98.6
Sydney	557.55	560.63	667.27	521.40
Tokyo (n)	373.44	376.64	422.48	340.11
Tokyo (o)	4936.06	4972.95	5359.74	4377.77
Zurich	341.9	344.7	418.8	333.2

(n) new. (o) old.

Tokyo Exchange

Aug. 10, 1973

Stock	Price Yen	Stock	Price Yen
Asahi Glass	340	Matsu El Wks	756
Canon Camera	265	Mitsubo Hvy In.	226
Dai Nip. Print	300	Mitsui Corp.	445
Fuji Bank	501	Mitsui Co.	581
Fuji Photo	825	Mitsukoshi	676
Hitachi	254	Nippon Elec.	271
Honda Motor	761	Sharp	258
C. Itoh	673	Shiseido	1,170
Jap Air Lines	2,440	Sony Corp.	4,750
Kansai El P.	950	Sumitomo El	693
Kao Soap	355	Taisho Marine	570
Kirin Brewery	375	Takeda Chem.	245
Komatsu	312	Teijin	250
Kubota I Wks	405	Tokio Marine	629
Matsu E Ind.	631	Toray	269
		Toyota Motor	785

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

ADVERTISEMENT

Aug. 10, 1973

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed. The International Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied to the IHT. (d)—daily; (w)—weekly; (r)—regularly; (i)—irregularly.

Fund	Price
(w) Alexander Fund	$9.37
(d) Am. Express Int'l Fd.	$9.07
(w) Amitalia Fund	$6.24
AMINCOR BANQUE S.A.:	
— (d) Globvalor	SF62.00
(w) Andreae Equity	Can.$5.44
(w) Apollo(Tempus) ss.pr.	SF92.16
(i) Apollo Fund S.A.	$32.24
(w) Aries Fund	[illegible]
(w) Asca Corporation	DM12.05
(w) Austral. Trust S.A.	$10.63
(w) Austral'n Selection Fd.	$7.25
AUSTRALIAN INV. MGN. GROUP:	
— (w) Fd of Austral.($U.S.)	$3.78
— (w) Fd.Austral Sterling	Aus.$3.70
— (w) Prop. Bonds Aust.	Aus.$1.31
— (w) — — Int'l Ltd.	Aus.$8.36
BAER, Julius & Co.:	
— (d) Baerbond	SF802.80
— (d) Conbar	SF871.00
— (d) Grobar	SF700.00
— (d) Stockbar	[illegible]
BARCLAYTRUST FRONTIER:	
— (w) BtF Growth Fund	$5.96
— (w) BtF Japan Fund	$12.50
— (w) BtF Trust S.A.	$10.60
— (w) BtF Income Fund	$9.33
(w) Broad & Wall. Fd. Int'l.	$52.62
(w) Browninvest	$20.28
(r) Cal. Land & Constr.	[illegible]
(d) Can. Gas & Energy Fd.	Can.$15.50
(d) Can. Secur. Growth Fd.	Can.$5.36
CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL S.A.:	
— (w) Capital Int'l	$14.21
— (w) Capital Italia S.A.	$11.34
(d) Capital Rentinvest	LF982
(d) Caribico N.V. "C" Sh.	$125.25
(i) Cleveland Offshore Fd.	$885.32
(w) Convert.Fd.Int.A Certs.	$8.78
(w) Convert.Fd.Int.B Certs.	$11.41
(d) Convert. Bond Fd. N.V.	$9.30
(r) Convert. Sec. N.V.	$806.63
CREDIT SUISSE:	
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Bonds	SF89.75
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Int'l	SF86.75
CREDIT SUISSE:	
SWISS BANK CORP.:	
— (d) Europa-Valor	SF153.75
— (d) Intervalor	SF91.00
— (d) Swissvalor New Ser.	SF259.35
(i) Crosby Fund S.A.	$5.79
(w) D.G.C.	$57.24
(d) Delta Invest. Fund	$10.38
(d) Delta Multifund	$10.08
(d) Daiwa Int'l Fund	Yen 9,815
DREYFUS GROUP:	
— (d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l.	$11.02
— (w) Dr.Interct.Inv.Fd.	$11.54
— (w) Dr. Offsh. Com. Sh.	$9.06
— (w) Dr.Offsh.Deb.Prem.	—
(d) Euronion	$51.46
(d) Executive Fd of Canada	$8.39
FIDELITY:	
— (w) Fidelity Equitalia	$11.55
— (w) Fidelity Int'l Fund	$21.52
— (w) Fidelity Pacific Fd.	$25.46
(d) Fidelity World Fund	$9.89
(d) Fiducem	BF1,128
(d) Finance Union	$10.70
(w) First Fund	$13.12
FIRST INVESTORS:	
— (w) American Trust	$4.11
— (w) Int'l Min. Petr.Fd.	$9.30
— (i) Austl.Ld&Prop.Fd.	Bah.$11.57
(d) First Nt'l City Fund	$34.62
(d) First Security Cap. Fd.	$83.08
(w) Fleming Fund S.A.	$58.25
(w) Fleming Japan Fund	$25.48
(w) Ponselex Issue Pr.	SF2,443
(d) Formula Selection Fd.	SF37.39
(d) Fonditalia	$12.26
(d) Fund of Nations	$8.45
(w) Future Australia Fd.	Aus.$9.74
G.T. (BERMUDA) LIMITED:	
— (w) Berry Pac. Fd. Ltd.	Berm.$26.67
— (w) G.T. Dollar Fund	Berm.$7.07
(w) Guardian Gr.Fd.Int'l	$8.42
(w) Hausmann Holdgs. NV	$4.532
(w) Hedged Investors	$10.906
(i) H.O.I.T./Hobet	$31.09
(w) ICOFUND	$12.30
(w) INGROW	$23.35
(d) Interfix	SF272.45
(d) Interfund S.A.	$12.27
(d) Interitalia	Lire 9,007
(w) Intermarket Fund	$107.65
(w) Int'l Income Fund	$21.48
(r) Int'l Invest. Network	$10.10
(r) Int'l Privilege Ltd.	Can.$5.18
(r) Invest. Atlantiques	$51.45
(r) Italfortune Int'l Fd S.A.	$10.98
(d) Italamerica S.A. Fund	[illegible]
(r) Japan Growth Fund	[illegible]
(d) Japan Selection Fund	$54.34
(w) Japan Pacific Fund	$15.76
JARDINE FLEMING	
— (i) Jardine Easter Trust	[illegible]
— (i) Jardine Japan Fund	$49.03
— (r) Jardine Selection NV	[illegible]
(d) KB Income Fund	LF1,626
(w) Keyfund	$8.04
(w) Kleinwort BensonIntF.	[illegible]
(w) Kleinwort Bens.Jap.F.	[illegible]
(w) Leverage Cap. Hold	$10.01
LLOYDS & BOLSA-TYNDALL:	
+†(r) L&B-T 3-way Fd Ltd	[illegible]
+†(r) L&B-T Multi-wayFd.	[illegible]
+†(r) L&B-T Income Fund	[illegible]
(w) Luxfund	[illegible]
(r) Marlin Fund	$6.93
(d) Mediolanum Sel Fund	[illegible]
(d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund	[illegible]
(d) Neuwirth Inv. Fund	[illegible]
(w) N.A.M.F.	[illegible]
(w) Nippon Fund	[illegible]
(w) Nor. Amer. Inv. Fund	[illegible]
(w) Nor. Amer. Bank Fd.	[illegible]
(r) Olympic Cap. Fd. Inc.	[illegible]
(r) Pegasus Intern'l	[illegible]
(d) Renta Fund	[illegible]
(d) Renta Capital Fund	[illegible]
(d) Rentinvest	[illegible]
SAFE GROUP:	
— (d) Safe Fund	[illegible]
— (d) Safe Trust Fund	[illegible]
— (d) Global Fund	[illegible]
(w) Samurai Portfolio	[illegible]
(r) Senator Portfolio N.Y.	[illegible]
SEPRO:	
— (w) Sepro (N.A.V.)	[illegible]
SHARE GROUP:	
— (d) Share Int'l Fund	[illegible]
— (d) Share Realty	[illegible]
— (w) Shareholders Excal.	$6.43
— (d) Enterprise Fund	[illegible]
— (d) Harbor Fund	[illegible]
S.M.C. FUNDS:	
— (d) Chare Selection Fd.	$10.03
— (d) Crossbow Fund	[illegible]
— (d) I.T.F.	[illegible]
(w) SMH I	DM96.20
SOPID GROUPE GENEVA:	
— (r) Parlon Sw. R. Est.	[illegible]
— (r) Securswiss	SF1,221.00
(w) Stanhope Transat. Fd.	$11.97
(w) Stand & Poor Int. Fd.	[illegible]
(w) Star Fund	[illegible]
(r) Suez Int'l Ventures Inc.	$11.10
SWISS BANK CORP.:	
— (d) Japan Porfolio	[illegible]
— (d) Univ. Bond Select	[illegible]
— (d) Universal Fund	[illegible]
(r) Talent Global Fund	[illegible]
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. (Sea.)	[illegible]
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. NV	$41.45
(w) Tokyo Valor	$16.40
(w) Transpacific Fund	$19.33
TYNDALL GROUP:	
+ (r) Overseas Fund	$1.55
+ (r) Do. Accumulation	$1.31
+ (r) Overseas (Stg) Ltd.	£13.20
+ (r) Do. Accumulation	£15.00
UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND:	
— (d) Amca U.S. Sh.	SF50.00
— (d) Bond Invest	SF67.00
— (d) Convert-Invest	[illegible]
— (d) Eurit Europ. Sh.	[illegible]
— (d) Ponsa Swiss Sh.	SF110.50
— (d) Globinvest	SF89.00
— (d) Pacific-Invest	SF96.00
— (d) Rometac-Invest	SF479.00
— (d) Safit South Afr. Sh.	SF280.00
— (d) Sima Swiss R. Est.	SF171.50
UNION-INVESTMENT, Frankfurt:	
— (d) Atlanticfonds	[illegible]
— (d) Europafonds	[illegible]
— (d) Unifonds	[illegible]
— (d) Unirenta	[illegible]
— (d) Unispecial I	[illegible]
(w) United Cap. Inv. Fd.	[illegible]
(d) U.S. Trust Invest. Fd.	[illegible]
(w) Universal Sav. Equity	[illegible]
(w) Western Growth Fd.	$6.16
(w) Western Hedge Fund	[illegible]
(w) West. Proprietary N.V.	[illegible]
(d) World Equity Grth Fd.	[illegible]
(w) Worldwide Securities	$39.16
(w) Worldwide Special	[illegible]

DM—Deutsche Mark; *—Ex-dividend; †—New; NA—Not available; BF—Belgian francs; LF—Luxembourg francs; SF—Swiss francs; +—Offer price; a—asked.

Toronto Stocks

Closing prices on Aug. 10, 1973

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
10500	Abitibi	$12¾	12⅝	12⅝	
3140	Acklands	$11⅛	11	11	— ½
15	Acres Ltd	$14	14	14	
2800	Agnico E	475	465	470	— 5
353	Agra Ind	$10¼	10¼	10¼	
3125	Alta Gas T	$12⅞	12	12	— ⅛
910	Algo Cent	$15½	15¼	15¼	+ ⅛
3060	Alliance B	$9⅛	8⅞	9	— ⅛
2950	Alminex	725	710	725	+20
200	Alco Ind	$12¼	12¼	12¼	
100	Banister C	$22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	—1¼
986	Bank N S	$34	33⅞	34	+ ⅛
2630	Baton B	$11	11	11	
10302	Bell Canad	$40⅞	40⅜	40⅜	— ⅛
3210	Betim	$16⅛	16½	16⅞	
2200	Block Bros	285	285	285	— 5
2100	Bovis Cor	235	225	235	+10
8610	BP Can	$17	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
3900	Bralor Res	235	225	235	
6100	Bramalea	$5⅛	5	5⅛	
22100	Brenda M	825	800	810	—15
750	BC Forest	$17⅞	19½	19⅞	— ⅛
825	BC Phone	$52½	52⅛	52¼	+ ⅛
16450	Brunswk	530	490	490	—40
7200	Budd Auto	$14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
865	Burns Fds	$16⅞	16¾	16⅞	+ ⅛
150	Cad Dev	$12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅛
375	Cal Pow	$23¼	23	23¼	+ ⅛
14150	Camflo	780	720	755	—20
1921	Campeau	$8	7⅞	8	
100	Can Perm	$18	18	18	
9600	C Tung	227	220	227	+ 7
10730	C Cablesy	$16	16	16	— ⅛
7870	C Imp Bank	$31⅜	30⅜	31⅛	— ⅛
5203	CIL	$15½	15¼	15½	+ ⅛
2543	Cdn Tire A	$52½	51⅞	51⅞	—1¼
840	C Utilies	$11⅞	11½	11⅛	— ¾
3875	Celanese	470	465	470	—10
14800	Chemaloy	320	305	320	+ 5
1460	Chieftan D	$12	11⅞	12	
50	CHUM	$9	9	9	
200	C Holiday	$9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	
2815	Con Bldg	280	280	280	
500	Con Fardy	57	57	57	+ 3
7200	C Rambler	385	380	385	+ 5
15475	Con Distrb	$25¼	24⅞	25	— ⅛
3282	Cons Gas	$15⅞	15⅜	15⅜	— ¼
600	Conwest	525	525	525	—25
2100	Craigmt	785	775	775	— 5
850	Crush Intl	$13	13	13	— ⅛
2325	Denison	$39⅜	39⅜	39⅜	+ ⅛
1200	Dickngn	355	350	350	— 5
4360	Dofasco	$28⅜	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
425	Dom Store	$14⅞	14⅜	14⅞	
460	Dupont	$30½	30	30½	+ 1
600	Dylex L A	$7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
1295	Electro Nd	$14⅛	14	14	— ⅛
4365	Falcon C	$14⅞	14½	14½	— ⅛
4200	Falcon	$81⅞	81	81⅞	+ ⅛
400	Fed Ind Ltd	$6½	6⅛	6½	
1900	Francana	$10⅜	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
300	Fraser	$21⅜	21½	21½	+ ⅛
800	Gnt Masct	330	330	330	
6050	Gibraltar	$14⅜	14	14	— ⅛
1700	Granduc	400	390	390	—10
30	Gt Collsds	820	820	820	
891	GL Paper	$24⅛	23⅞	24⅛	+ ⅛
1585	Gr Plains	$31⅜	31⅛	31⅛	
609	Greyhod	$18⅜	18⅛	18⅛	— ½
427	Guar Trst	$12	11⅞	12	
300	Hambro C	$6⅛	6	6⅛	+ ½
9166	Hawker S	460	450	450	
1000	Hays Dna	$10⅜	10⅛	10⅛	
4500	YB Oil Gas	$49	48⅛	48⅛	+ ⅛
327	Huron Eri	$27⅛	27	27	— ⅛
2581	IAC	$18	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
806	Inland Gas	$10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	+ ⅛
3115	Intpr Pipe	$23⅜	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
267	Int Mogul	$14⅞	14½	14⅞	+ ⅛
1850	Inv Grp A	$9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	+ ⅛
2100	Kaiser Re	340	335	335	— 5
4000	Kaps Tran	$6⅜	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
200	Kelsey H	$11½	11⅜	11½	
3031	Kerr Add	$13⅛	13	13	
3165	Labatt	$27⅜	27⅛	27⅛	
200	Lob Co A	$6	6	6	— ¼
775	Lob Co B	$6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
800	Liberian	$12½	12½	12½	
1000	Mclan H A	$13⅛	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
11634	MB Ltd	$33½	32⅞	33	+ ⅛
250	M Lf Mills	$21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	+ ⅛
2300	Mattgmi	$35⅜	35	35	
100	McGraw H	$5¼	5¼	5¼	
1250	Met Stores	$18⅜	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
3285	Micrsyst	$9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
3830	Moore	$52	51⅞	51⅞	— ⅛
700	Murphy	$9⅛	9	9⅛	
75	Nat Trust	$42⅛	42½	42⅛	+ ⅛
2900	Noranda A	$55	54⅜	54⅞	— ⅛
2100	Orchan	520	510	515	—15
400	OSF Ind	$8½	8½	8½	— ⅛
795	Oshawa A	$9	8⅞	8⅞	
2900	Pamour	575	550	570	+ 5
1532	PanCan P	$15½	15½	15⅞	— ⅛
4500	Pembin A	425	410	410	—20
1100	Pembin B	425	425	425	— 5
300	Petrolina	$26¼	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
3355	Pine Point	$36¾	36⅛	36¼	+ ¼
1400	Rapid Dta	$7¾	7½	7½	— ⅛
1430	Rayrock	130	125	125	—10
275	Redpath I	$25⅜	25½	25½	— ⅛
200	Reed Oslr A	$9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	+ ⅛
00	Scotts	$7½	7⅛	7½	— ⅛
19618	Shell Can	$20⅛	20	20⅛	
8851	Sherritt	$16½	16¼	16¼	— ¼
175	Siebens	$14	14	14	+ ⅛
24955	Simpsons	$8⅜	8½	8⅜	
4784	Simpson S	$11⅛	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
53	Slater Stl	$11	10½	10½	
900	Slat W Can	$11½	10⅞	11⅛	+ ⅜
1300	Southam	$32⅛	32	32⅛	+ ⅛
1100	St Brodcst	$10½	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
4684	Stelco	$32⅜	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅛
500	Steep R	165	165	165	
6050	Sundale O	830	820	820	+ 5
4200	Tara	$15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
2070	Teck Cor A	415	415	415	+ 5
300	Teck Cor B	395	385	395	+10
100	Teledyne	460	460	460	
354	Texaco	$66⅜	66½	66⅜	+ ⅛
800	Thom Nes	$14⅛	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
1453	Tor Dm Bk	$34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	+ ⅛
500	Traders A	$16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
3105	Tr Can PL	$30⅛	30	30	— ⅛
470	Trans Mt	$20½	20½	20½	+ ⅛
400	U Keno	565	550	550	
3190	U Siscoe	525	515	525	
157	Un Carbid	$17½	17½	17½	— ⅛
2325	Un Gas	$9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	
2300	Union Oil	$17	17	17	— ⅛
3100	Upp Can	292	285	292	+ 2
800	Van Der	$10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
3600	Voyager P	650	625	650	
2170	Weldwod	$16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	+ ⅛
1190	Wstburne	$12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	— ⅛
300	W Cdn Seed	$5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
420	West Mine	340	330	330	
800	Westmnse	$20½	20½	20½	
925	Weston	$22	21¾	22	+ ⅛
10	White Pas	$11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	
950	Woodwd A	$24	23½	23½	— ⅛
1500	Yk Bear	390	390	390	

Total sales 1,698,589 shares

Montreal Stocks

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
3100	Algoma	$19½	19	19	— ½
100	Asbestos	$16¼	16¼	16¼	+ ⅛
1412	Bank Mont	$18⅜	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
1267	Brinco	$5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
1100	CAE Ind	$10¼	10⅛	10¼	— ⅛
203	Com BusM	$10	10	10	+ ⅛
685	Con Bath	$24¼	24¼	24¼	+ ⅛
803	Crn Zell A	$22¼	22	22¼	+ ⅛
20187	Dom Text	$9⅛	9	9	
6226	Fncl Col	$9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
1925	Ivaco	$10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
6455	Laur Fin	$$11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	+ ⅛
1045	Molson A	$24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅛
380	Molson B	$24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
100	Mont Trust	7 20	20	20	— ½
2525	Power Cp	$12½	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
3454	Price Co	$15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
100	Rolland A	$9	9	9	
1606	Royal Bank	$35⅛	35½	35½	— ⅛
302	Steinberg A	$24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
240	Zellers	$16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	

Total sales 990,930 shares.

European Gold Markets

Aug. 10, 1973

	Op.	Cl.	N.C.
London Fix	107.60	106.75	— 3.25
Zurich	106.00	106.00	— 4.00
Paris (12.5 kilo)	110.42	108.00	— 4.08

U.S. dollars per ounce.

Eurodollars

Aug. 10, 1973

	Bid	Ask	Change Bid
7 Day Fix	10 1/2	10 3/4	— 3/16
One Month	11 9/16	11 11/16	+ 1/8
3 Months	11 1/2	11 5/8	— 2/16
6 Months	11 9/16	11 11/16	— 1/8
One Year	10 13/16	10 15/16	— 1/8

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Midday Indicated Prices

Dollar Bonds

Bond	Bid	Ask
Aer Lingus 8¼-81	95	96
Am.Brands 8-81	96	97
Anglo-Am 7½-87	85	86
Amax 8-76	96⅜	97⅜
Amax 8¾-86	97⅜	98⅜
ASEA 8½-86	94½	95½
Ashland 8-87	90	91
Aust-Swiss 8-87	92¾	93¾
Bk Tokyo 7¾-76	96¼	97¼
B.N.P. 8¼-77	99½	100½
Barclay 8¼-86	97	98
Beecham 8¼-86	94	95
BICC 7¾-87	88	89
Borg Warn 8-79	96	97½
Borregaard 8¾-86	97	98
CN PTT 8-86	95	96
Carlsberg 8¾-86	97¾	98¾
Carrier 8-87	90½	91½
C. Lafarge 8¾-86	98½	99½
C.F.E. 8-87	86½	87½
Com Union	96	97
Cont Oil 7-80	90¾	91¾
Conoco 8-86	92½	93½
Cont Tel 8¼-86	91¾	92¾
Copen City 8-84	95½	96½
Copen Coun 7¾-87	87¾	88¾
Copen Tel 8½-86	95¼	96¼
Corning 8½-86	97¼	98¼
Cut Ham 8-87	92¾	93¾
Denmark 9-82	101½	102½
Denmark 7½-90	86	87
Dow Cor 8½-86	97½	98½
Dupont 7½-78	94½	95½
E.D.F. 8½-86	99½	100½
E.I.B. 7½-84	92	94
E.I.B. 8½-86	99½	100½
E.I.B. 7½-90	93	94
Esso 7½-76	95¼	96¼
Esso 8-86 Nov	95⅛	96⅛
Escom 8½-86	94	95
FinMtgBk 8½-86	95	96
Ford 8-81	98	99
GenMills 8-86	92¼	93¼
GenMot 8¼-76	99½	100½
GenMot 8¾-86	102¼	103¼
Granges 8½-89	92½	93½
Groller 8½-86	94¼	95¼
GTE 8¼-86	92	93
Guar Roy 8-87	90½	91½
Haas 8-78	95¼	96¼
Haas 8¾-86	99½	100½
Hambros 7½-87	93⅜	91⅜
Helsinki 8¾-86	98	99
Hill Samuel 8½-86	96¼	97¼
Iceland 8-87	88¾	89¾
I.C.I. 7½-92	85½	86½
I.N.I. 8-87	88	89
Ireland 8¼-89	91½	92½
I.S.E. 8¼-86	92½	93½
Intl Util 8¼-82	94½	95½
Kimberley 8½-86	96½	97½
Klein Ben 8¼-87	93¾	94¾
Lyons 8¾-86	95½	96½
Metro Est 8¾-86	95	96
Monsanto 8¼-85	108½	101½
Mount Isa 8¾-86	94	95
Newfoundld 8½-86	96½	97½
Nickel (Le) 9-86	100	101
NorgKomBk 7½-8	84¾	85¾
Ontario 8¼-86	95	96
Oslo 8¼-86	95¾	96¾
Ofis Elv 8¾-85	99¾	100¾
OwensCorn 9-86	100¼	101¼
Pekema 8¾-86	96½	97½
Pennwalt 8-86	90¾	91¾
Petronor 8½-86	95	96
PhilMorris 8-78	99	100
PhilMorris 8½-86	98½	99½
Plessey 8½-86	92¾	93¾
QuebecHyd 8¼-86	97½	98½
Queensld 8½-86	93¾	94¾
Ralston 7½-87	87	88
Rank 8¾-86	97	98
Richardson 8¾-85	99½	100½
S.A.S. 8-88	92½	93½
Scott 8¾-86	99½	100½
Shell 8-86	93½	94½
Shell 7½-87	89	90
Sth Africa 8-87	88½	89½
Sybron 8-87	90	91
Textron 7½-87	87¾	88¾
Transamer 8½-86	94¼	95¼
Transocean 8-86	92¼	93¼
Transocean 8-84	93¾	94¾
Transocean 7½-87	88	89
T.R.W. 8¾-86	96½	97½
Union Oil 7-79	89¾	90¾
Union Oil 7½-87	88¾	89¾
Utah 8-87	90½	91½
Volvo 8-87	91¼	92¼
Wellcome 8¼-87	92	93
Will Glyn 8¼-87	94½	95½

Convertible Bonds

Bond	Bid	Ask
Addressog 4½-88	63	64½
Amexco 4¼-87	113	114
Am Mot 6-92	98	100
Amoco 5½-84	114	116
Apco 6-89	69	71
Alusuisse 4¾-87	90½	92½
Amer Can 4¾-88	75½	77
Am Tob 5¼-88	104	105½
Ashland 5-88	89½	90½
BroadHale 4¾-87	95½	96½
Chevron 5-88	114	115
Chesebg 6¼-84	132	134
Chrysler 4¾-88	70½	71½
Chrysler 5-88	76¾	77¾
Cont Tel 5½-88	100	101½
Cumminsin 6¼-85	96½	97½
Dart Ind 4¾-87	106	107
EastKodak 4½-88	151	152½
Fedders 5-92	72¼	73¼
Firestone 5-88	92½	93½
Ford 5-83	93¾	94¾
Ford 6-86	100¾	101¾
GenElec 4¼-85	N.A.	N.A.
GenElec 4¼-87	100	101
Cen Foods 4¾-82	85¼	86¼
Gillette 4¾-82	100	101
Halliburt 4¼-87	131	132½
Honeywell 6-86	111	112½
I.S.E. 5-88	72¾	73¾
I.S.E. 6¼-89	89	90
J. Logan 4¾-88	82½	84
LTV 5-88	49	51
MarMidland 5-88	92½	93½
Mass Mut 6¾-87	86½	87½
Miles 4¾-93	95¾	96¾
Morgan JP 4¾-87	125	126½
Motorola 4½-83	132½	134
Murphy Oil 5-89	135½	137½
Nabisco 5¼-88	100½	101½
Owens Ill 4½-87	97½	98½
PanAm 5¼-88	68½	70
Penney JC 4½-87	109	110
Phil Lamp 4¾-83	115	116½
R.C.A. 5-88	88½	89½
Revlon 4¾-87	103¾	104¾
Revlon 4¾-87	96½	97½
Reynolds M 5-88	68	69½
Squibb Intl 4¾-87	104½	105½
Texaco 4½-88	91	92
UnCarb 4¾-82	90½	91½
WarnLam 4½-87	115¾	116¾

Bondtrade—Index

(Basis Dec. 31, 1966=100)

	Med.	Long	Conv.
Yesterday	95.53	89.03	118.44
Previous	95.27	88.72	118.48

European Markets

(Yesterday's closing prices in local currencies)

Amsterdam

Stock	Price
AKZO	72.30
Albert Heijn	126
Algembank	329
Amrobank	77.10
A'dam	225
Fokker	33
Heineken	278
H.V.A.	94
Holland-Am	191
Hoogovens	72.20
K.L.M.	100.50
Philips new	47.50
Robico	230
Rolinco	151
Royal Dutch	112.80
Unilever	121.60
Van Ommer	355
Ver.Mach	172

Brussels

Stock	Price
Arbed	4,720
Brux.Lamb	2,883
Cock-Ougree	1,288
Electrobel	4,930
GB Enterpr	2,810
Hoboken	5,000
Pétrofina	7,730
Ph.Gevaert	1,460
Soc.Générale	3,090
Solvay	2,850
Un.Minière	1,765

Frankfurt

Stock	Price
AEG	98.50
BASF	134
Bayer	114
Commerzbk	174.50
Cont.Gummi	88.50
Daimler-Benz	352.50
Demag	145
DeutBank	250
DresdeBank	186
Gels Aktien	102.50
Hoesch	51.50
Karstadt	348.50
Kaufhof	234
KHD	93
Lufthansa	58
Mannesmann	169.10
Metallgesell	217.50
Neckermann	115
Rheinstahl	111.70
RWE new	123.50
Schering	435
Siemens	238.60
Thyssen	62.30
Veba	120
Volkswagen	132

London

Stock	Price
Anglo-Am Cp	3.95
Anglo-Amin	32.00
BarclayBank	3.58
BeechamGr	2.66
BICC	1.37
Boots	2.73
Bowater	1.55
Brit.-mTob	2.58
Brit.Oxyg	0.64½
Brit.Pet	5.32
BLMC	0.26
Burmah	4.52
Cadbury Schw	0.59½
Charterco	2.00
Courtaulds	1.32
Daggafont	0.10
DeBeerD	3.83
Decca Rec	3.18
Distillers	1.53
Dunlop	0.88
El Muslind	1.49
FreeStGed	8.95
GEC	1.41½
GKN	3.74
GlaxoGr	3.48
GtUni St(A)	2.29
Guinness	1.45
Hawker-Sidd	3.44
Hudson-Bay	8.85
ImpChem	2.45
Imps	0.88
Mar&Spen	2.59
MetalBox	2.59
Nichols	0.72
Plessey	1.11
RandMines	2.50
Rank Org (A)	4.20
RoyalDutch	£21 1/16
R.T.Z.	2.46
Shell	3.08
Thorn (A)	3.95
Tube Invest	3.92
Union Cor	3.48
Vickers	1.41
War L3½	31.50
West Deep	7.65
West Drief	16.25
West Hold	17.00
West Min	1.38
Woolworth	0.80
ZCI	0.75

Milan

Stock	Price
Bastogi	1,848
Erba	13,750
Ercole Marelli	930
Fiat	2,575
Finsider	374
Generali	72,020
IFI	5,975
Italgas	905
Italsider	631
LaRinas	292
Montedis	860.50
Olivetti	1,910
Pirelli	1,410
SniaVisco	2,170
Terni	207

Paris

Stock	Price
AirLiquide	292.60
Alimentaire	176
BSN	1,235
Carrefour	3,960
Cim.Lafarge	228
Citroën	77.50
Cie.Bancaire	608
CFP	226.50
CGE	461
Ferodo	520
GerDanone	334
L'Oréal	2,580
Mach.Bull	62.60
Michelin	1,785
Moet Henn	1,225
Moulinex	5,430
Nickel	72
Paribas	214.50
PUK	135.50
Penarroya	60.50
Perrier	332.60
Peugeot	462
Rh.Poulenc	165.50
St.Gobain	186.10
Suez	350
Télémécaniqu	986
Thomson	250.50
Usinor	111.40
Wendel	32.65

Zurich

Stock	Price
Alusuisse	2,045
B.Boveri	915
Ciba-Geigy	1,453
Cr.Suisse	3,370
Fischer	910
HoffRochab	134,500
Nestlé	3,915
Sandoz	3,110
Sté B.Suisse	3,400
Sulzer	3,010
U.B.Suisses	3,400

ADVERTISEMENT

DELTA INVESTMENT FUND
Société Anonyme
Luxembourg, 2, Boulevard Royal
R.C. Luxembourg B 8362

The shareholders are urged to attend the Annual General Meeting which, according to the statutes, takes place on Tuesday, September 4, 1973, at 3 p.m., at the offices of the Banque Internationale à Luxembourg, 2 Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg.

The agenda is as follows:

1) Report of the Board of Directors and the Statutory Auditor.
2) Presentation and approval of accounts as of March 31, 1973.
3) Discharge to the Directors and the Statutory Auditor.
4) Statutory appointments.
5) Miscellaneous.

The Board of Directors.

ADVERTISEMENT

DELTA MULTIFUND
Société Anonyme
Luxembourg, 2, Boulevard Royal
R.C. Luxembourg B 8365

The shareholders are urged to attend the Annual General Meeting which, according to the statutes, takes place on Tuesday, September 4, 1973, at 10 a.m., at the offices of the Banque Internationale à Luxembourg, 2 Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg.

The agenda is as follows:

1) Report of the Board of Directors and the Statutory Auditor.
2) Presentation and approval of accounts as of March 31, 1973.
3) Discharge to the Directors and the Statutory Auditor.
4) Statutory appointments.
5) Miscellaneous.

The Board of Directors.

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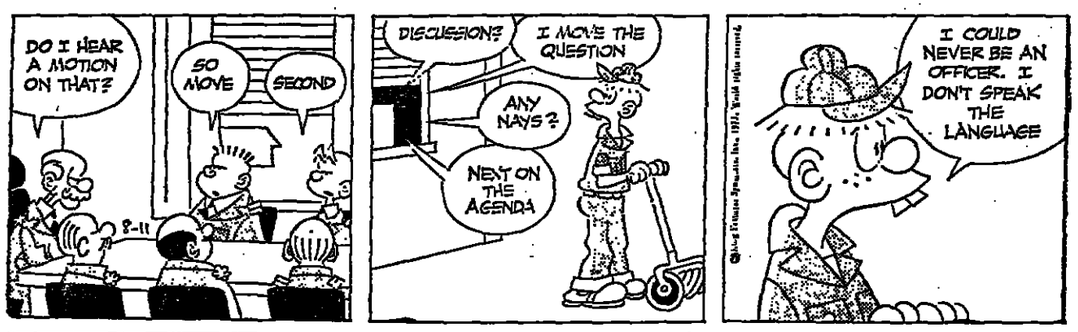
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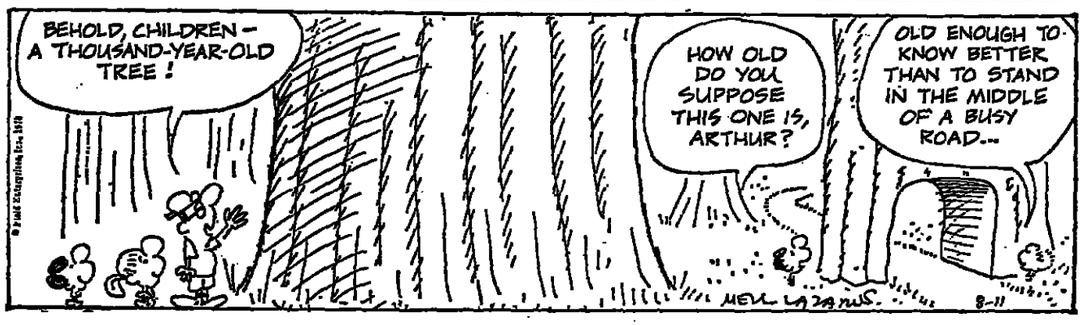
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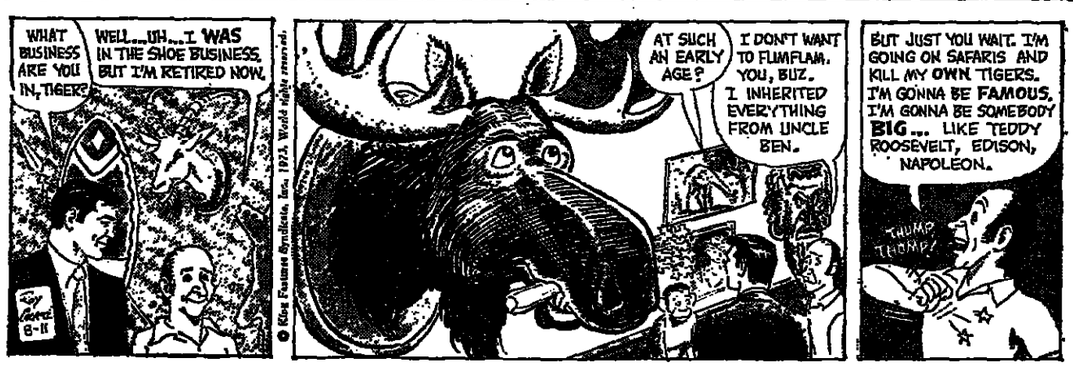
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BUZ SAWYER



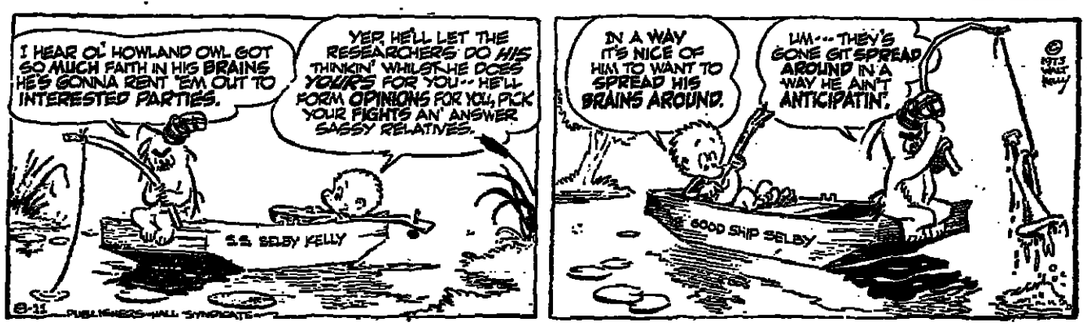
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GANOW

LOWALT

BRYDOW



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here

(Answers Monday)

Yesterday's Jumbles: MUSTY EXILE PONCHO MEADOW

Answer: *An article you might find in time*—AN "ITEM"

BOOKS

PEARY AT THE NORTH POLE
Fact or Fiction?

By Dennis Rawlins. Robert B. Luce. 320 pp. Illustrated. $3.

WINNER LOSE ALL
Dr. Cook and the Theft of the North Pole

By Hugh Eames. Little, Brown. 346 pp. Illustrated. $8.95.

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

DO any of us really care anymore who was first to reach the North Pole—Frederick A. Cook or Robert E. Peary. I certainly didn't before I read Dennis Rawlins's "Peary at the North Pole—Fact or Fiction?" and Hugh Eames's "Winner Lose All: Dr. Cook and the Theft of the North Pole."

Nor did I care much more about the controversy after reading Dennis Rawlins's book—an attempt to dismiss both Cook's and Peary's accomplishments, as well as Robert E. Byrd's claim to have been the first to fly over the pole, and to assign credit for "discovering" the pole to the great Norwegian Roald Amundsen. Rawlins, a physicist and astronomer, seems almost exclusively concerned with the question of "firsts" and offers little of literary or dramtic interest to embellish his "case" against Peary. (Doubtless, Rawlins would have created a sensation had he published his book 40 years ago.)

But Hugh Eames's "Winner Lose All" proved another matter. By the time I finished reading this charming and literate account, I not only understood why the world once cared *so much* about the controversy, but I was *quite prepared to jump into it* myself. For Eames has skillfully recreated the atmosphere of the early 20th century, when discovering the North Pole seemed as important as reaching the moon did to a later age. And he has drawn a complex and sympathetic portrait of the unfortunate Dr. Cook, who snatched one of the century's most humiliating defeats from the jaws of its most prestigious victory—and built a compelling case for Cook's claims as well.

Eames believes that when Frederick A. Cook cabled the New York Herald on Sept. 1, 1909, announcing that he had reached the North Pole on April 21, 1908—thereby apparently beating out his arch-rival, Peary—he was not the liar that posterity has dismissed him as being. The trouble was, Eames contends, Cook was miscast in his role: He had a naive, overtrusting character that was no match for the forces lined up against him. And in Peary he faced a rival of stupendous arrogance and ambition who had staked everything (including eight of his toes) on being first to the Pole: while in Peary's backers and supporters—the Peary Arctic Club and its millionaire members, the National Geographic Society, and The New York Times—Cook was challenging nothing less than America's oligarchical establishment (no, "Winner Lose All" isn't an ideologue's book, Eames simply believes that powerful people accustomed to winning will go to almost any lengths not to lose). So eventually, thanks to devious plots, lucrative bribes, a well-timed campaign of harassment, plus a few painful blunders of his own, Cook was reduced from hero to hoaxer, and Peary was decla[red] the winner and America[n] hero.

Of course, there's a certa[in] amount of advocacy in the w[ay] Eames constructs his case. F[or] instance, he paints an obno[x]ious portrait of Peary, where[as] Cook is all bumble and go[od] faith.

And a good deal of clever dr[a]matic timing goes into Eame[s] case for Cook. So, as persuasi[ve] as it is, one would be bound [to] read much more widely befo[re] accepting Eames's verdict [as] final.

But it finally doesn't matt[er] a great deal whether he's rig[ht] or wrong. The more importa[nt] point is that he makes one u[n]derstand the peculiar atmosphe[re] in which Cook first triumphe[d] then floundered. He makes o[ne] feel the world's obsession wi[th] the land of snow and ice, a[nd] the lure of a geographical pri[ze] that had no real existence *e[x]cept as a theoretical point* [in] *space. He makes one understa[nd]* that it was sport not scienc[e] that *drove* adventurous *men* [to] seize the prize—and that the[se] men were gamblers, hunters a[nd] even killers who may have be[en] expressing America's imperi[al] urge—her manifest destiny.

In short, Eames makes o[ne] care whether it was Cook [or] Peary who got there first. A[nd] that in itself is enough to ma[ke] "Winner Lose All" an entertai[n]ing bit of reading.

Mr. Lehmann-Haupt is a boo[k] reviewer for The New Yo[rk] Times.

Kennedy Center To Open Season With Shakespeare

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (AP)—A month-long festival [of] theater, music, dance and fil[m] entitled "Shakespeare and th[e] Performing Arts" was announce[d] yesterday for the opening of th[e] Kennedy Center's third year.

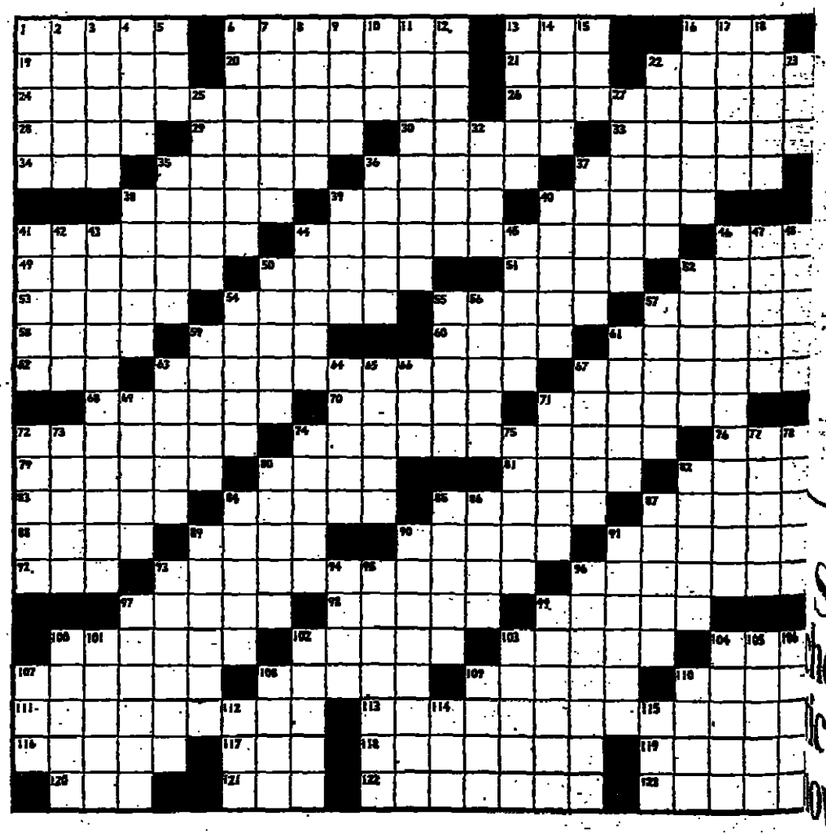
Performing during Septemb[er] at the center will be the Americ[an] Shakespeare Theater of Stratfo[rd], Conn., the National Symphon[y] Orchestra, the Opera Society [of] Washington, the New York P[hil]Musica Society, the Nation[al] Players of the Catholic Universi[ty] of America, and the Royal Shak[e]speare Company. The Britis[h] Company will stage "The Holl[ow] Crown," starring Sir Michael Re[d]grave and Dame Peggy Ashcr[oft].

The Stratford Company [will] perform "Measure For Measu[re]" and "Macbeth", while the N[a]tional Symphony will give co[n]certs featuring music from su[ch] operas as "Falstaff," "The Me[rry] Wives of Windsor" and "Rom[eo] and Juliet." The Opera Soci[ety] of Washington will present Ve[rd]i's "Macbeth" and the Americ[an] Film Institute plans to show [its] film interpretations of Shak[e]speare plays during the mon[th].

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WENG

NOT AS ADVERTISED—By Bert Kruse



ACROSS

1 Famous friend
6 Prove, as a will
12 Drink
16 Trophy
19 Kind of acid
20 Grid guards
21 Negligent
22 Promising one
24 Famous main street
26 Famous bell
28 Urges on, in Scotland
29 Quiets
30 Certain paintings
33 Red and Salmon
34 Ulter
35 Be struck out
36 Tilted man
37 Certain tests
38 Boils or ulcers
39 Brew
44 Undo one's knitting
47 Sneeze inducer
44 Cooked-fruit dessert
46 Relative of mdse.
48 Shuns
50 O'Toole
51 Incite
52 Russian city
53 Plant shoots: Var.
54 Silica product
55 "...and the slithy —— did gyre"
57 Italian city
58 Berlin conclusion
59 Night sound
60 Untreated metals
61 Finally
62 Society gal
63 Ball club
67 French decrees
68 Longs
70 Japanese garment
71 Steep slope
72 Tranquilizes
74 Famous New England poet
78 Estonian river
79 Cuts short
80 Article of contention
81 To —— (exactly)
82 Auditors: Abbr.
83 British oath
84 Malign in print
85 Wall St. phrase
87 School kds.
88 Merely
89 Kind of stick
90 Bodges
91 "Les Misérables" lawman
92 Yo-Yo or kite
93 Kind of cake
96 Sui ——
97 Kind of jury
98 Weld
99 Certain jewels
100 Satirical
102 Fight
103 Ariety
104 Fuel
107 Card game
108 Drama section
109 Verona's river
110 Types
111 Ravel's "Daphnis and ——"
113 Famous city
116 Alone, on stage
117 U.S. Indian
118 Red, white ——
119 Off one's rocker
120 Metal rites.
121 Pull
122 Properties
123 Regions

DOWN

1 Valleys
2 Ancient rabbi
3 Indistinct
4 Units
5 Conjunction
6 Contented
7 Moon features
8 Set of names: Suffix
9 Myerson
10 Soul, in St. Lo
11 Youth
12 Guarantor
13 Woody
14 Speaker's place
15 Certain phone: Abbr.
16 Contemporary
17 Inflorescence
18 Equals
22 Biological changes
23 Hosp. employees
25 Frightens
27 Hot-dish support
31 Hamlet
33 Students
36 People in the woods
37 Poetic temples
38 Porkers
39 Seeds
40 Hicks
41 Sped
42 Birdlike
43 Hit musical
44 Asian alliance
45 Some reviews
46 Utah lake
47 Slow-witted
48 Blind parts
50 One-up tactics
52 Cargo ship
54 Dresses
55 What's human
56 Space path
57 Camel's burden
58 Toaster's word
61 Alms boxes
62 Spruce
63 Lake Geneva feeder
66 Type face
68 Caviar
67 Son of Jacob
69 "The good die ——..."
71 Girl's name
72 Footwear
73 Ebony, in Madrid
74 Manufactured man
75 Enjoy belly
77 Mother: Prefix
78 Staff Members: Abbr.
80 Bay
81 Wine vintage
84 Reason
85 Vinegar: Prefix
86 Certain test answer
87 Clams
89 Commiserates
90 Bulldog and final
91 Wit
92 French stocks
94 Bird-feeder item
95 Artery linings
96 Uses a mouthwash
97 Like a sponge
98 Shaggy: Fr.
100 Gods' blood
101 Come from behind
102 Ship propeller
103 Grownup
104 Adventure
105 Miss Love
106 Remains
107 Prefixes for outside
108 Kind of suggestion
109 Eastern church title
110 Ex-resident of 113 Across
112 Not at work
114 Tracer bullets: Abbr.
115 City of Brazil

Solution to Last Week's Puzzle

C	A	S	H	E	W		A	C	T	O	R		I	S	M	S
A	I	L	I	C	O	V	E		S	H	O	W	E	R		A	D	M	E	N
L	O	O	T	E	D		S	I	M	I	L	E		S	E	A	T	O
K	N	O	W	I	N		V	I	A	C		N	E	I	G	H		L	O	W	S
S	I	E	I	T	A		H	A	I	L		G	A	G	E		C	L	O	U	T	S
		T	O	U	S	I	L	E			S	N	O	W	Y			N	O	W
	P	I	L	E	R	R	E		T	H	E	O	D	I	C	Y		D	N	A
F	I	E	R	R	E	R		C	I	A		F	E	L	L	A	H	E	E	N
I	R	A		S	I	P		L	E	T	I	T		D	O	Z	E	R	S
B	A	T	H		C	I	A	T	E		C	L	E	M		N	O	A		
K	I	E	L	P	A	W	E	A	T	H	E	R	E	Y	E	O	P	E	N
		A	I	L	N		D	R	A	W		R	O	T	C		S	N	O	B
C	A	R	I	E	E	N		I	M	A	G	O		S	E	A		T	O	E
W	I	N	D	B	L	O	W	N		Y	A	R		L	I	P	A	S	S	E
E	S	E		S	A	V	I	A	G	I	S	M		A	I	L	U	D	E	
L	I	N	C		M	A	I	T	H	I	S		R	E	P	I	A	S	T	
R	E	D	C	A	P		C	O	O	L		O	N	E	R		O	A	S	T
	S	O	H	O		T	N	U	L	I	E		A	C	R		A	N	I	E	L	E
		T	I	E	R	S	E		S	I	A	M	A	I	R	A		B	R	I	D	E	S
		E	I	A	T	E	R		E	I	T	U	I	D	E	S		A	C	I	C	E	P	I	T
		S	P	A	T				E	R	O	D	E		C	H	E	S	I	T	S			

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6-Hits Twins

Mike Cuellar Hurls Orioles to 1st Place

BINGTON, Minn., Aug. 10 (UPI).—Mike Cuellar tossed a six-hitter while striking out 10 and Tommy Davis hit a homer as the Baltimore Orioles defeated the Minnesota Twins, 2-1, last night to move into first place in the American League's East Division.

Cuellar, 9-12, allowed only one runner as far as third base until the ninth when George Mitterwald singled home the Twin's run. Cuellar outdueled Minnesota starter and loser Bert Blyleven, 14-11, who allowed eight hits.

Blyleven struck out nine to move into second place in American League strikeouts with 123. Nolan Ryan leads with 263.

White Sox 5, Tigers 4

At Detroit, Bill Sharp hit his third home run of the season with two out in the ninth inning to deny Joe Coleman his 19th victory and give Chicago a 5-4 victory over the Tigers.

Coleman allowed eight hits and struck out 11, but kept giving the White Sox the lead every time the Tigers tied it up, which they did three times.

Royals 3, Red Sox 2

At Kansas City, Hal McRae tripled and homered, driving in two runs and scoring two as the Royals stopped Boston, 3-2, behind the five-hit pitching of rookie Steve Busby and Doug Bird.

In addition to his offensive play, McRae leaped high in the right-field corner to spear Orlando Cepeda's drive for the third out with two on in the sixth.

Braves 8, Cardinals 6

In the National League, at St. Louis, Ralph Garr tripled home the tie-breaking run in the eighth inning and Dave Johnson followed with a three-run homer to give Atlanta an 8-6 victory over the Cardinals.

Dodgers 1, Mets 0

At Los Angeles, Manny Mota singled home Dave Lopes from third base in the eighth inning with the run that gave the Dodgers a 1-0 victory over New York and brought Claude Osteen his 13th victory of the year.

Padres 10, Phillies 9

At San Diego, Dave Roberts, who drove in three runs earlier in the game with a homer and a single, doubled home Johnny Grubb with none out in the 11th inning to give the Padres a 10-9 victory over Philadelphia.

Major League Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
St. Louis	61	54	.530	—
Montreal	56	57	.496	4
Pittsburgh	55	56	.495	4
Chicago	56	58	.491	4 1/2
Philadelphia	52	62	.456	8 1/2
New York	51	61	.455	8 1/2

Western Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Los Angeles	72	43	.626	—
Cincinnati	69	47	.595	3 1/2
San Francisco	62	51	.549	9
Houston	59	58	.504	14
Atlanta	54	64	.458	18 1/2
San Diego	39	75	.342	32 1/2

Thursday's Results

Montreal 5, San Francisco 3.
Atlanta 8, St. Louis 6.
San Diego 10, Philadelphia 9.
Los Angeles 1, New York 0.
(Only games scheduled.)

Friday's Games

Houston 5, Cubs 4
Atlanta at Pittsburgh, night.
Cincinnati at St. Louis, night.
Philadelphia at Los Angeles, night.
Montreal at San Diego, night.
New York at San Francisco, night.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Baltimore	61	50	.550	—
Detroit	62	52	.544	1/2
New York	62	54	.538	1
Boston	60	55	.521	2
Milwaukee	54	58	.482	7 1/2
Cleveland	44	71	.383	19

Western Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Kansas City	68	50	.569	—
Oakland	64	50	.561	1
Minnesota	56	56	.500	6
Chicago	57	58	.496	6 1/2
California	52	59	.468	11 1/2
Texas	42	70	.375	22

Thursday's Results

Milwaukee 6, California 5.
Chicago 5, Detroit 4.
Kansas City 3, Boston 2.
Baltimore 2, Minnesota 1.
(Other clubs not scheduled.)

Friday's Games

Cleveland at Texas, night.
Baltimore at Kansas City, night.
Minnesota at Milwaukee, night.
Chicago at Detroit, night.
Oakland at New York, night.
California at Boston, night.

Thursday's Line Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

California	000	203	000	—5	9	1
Milwaukee	000	021	01*—6	10	0	
Wright, Montegudo (7), May (8) and Stephenson; Slaton (8-9) and Rodriguez. L—May (7-11). HR—Epstein (6th), Briggs (13th), May (16th).						
Chicago	000	220	011—5	8	1	
Detroit	100	011	010—4	10	0	
Forster, Acosta (8) and Herrmann; Coleman (18-9) and Freehan. W—Acosta (7-2). HR—Sharp (3d).						
Boston	010	000	010—2	5	1	
Kansas City	000	100	00x—3	7	1	
Lee (12-7) and Montgomery; Busby, Bird (8) and Taylor. W—Busby (10-11). HR—McRae (4th), Miller (3d).						
Baltimore	101	000	000—2	8	0	
Minnesota	000	000	001—1	6	0	
Cuellar (9-12) and Hendricks; Blyleven (14-11) and Mitterwald. HR—Davis (7th).						

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Montreal	202	000	100—3	7	3	
San Fran.	001	001	200—3	7	0	
Torrez, Marshall (7) and Stinson; Barr, Carrithers (3), Willoughby (5), McMahon (8) and Rader. W—Torrez (7-11). L—Barr (9-11). HR—Lyttle (3d), Singleton (19th) and Bonds (31st).						
Atlanta	200	000	051—8	11	0	
St. Louis	000	000	204—6	9	1	
Morton, Nelbauer (7), Leon (8), Devine (8), House (8) and Casanova; Foster, Hrabosky (8), Segui (8), Sprague (8) and Simmons, McCarver. W—Nelbauer (7-6). L—Hrabosky (3-1). HR—Johnson (30th), Casanova (5th), Cruz (8th).						
Phila.	003	000	240	08—9	11	1
San Diego	302	002	000	01—10	14	1
Lonberg, D. Wallace (4), Diorio (6), Lersch (7), Wilson (8), Brandon (11) and Boone; Jones, Caldwell (7), Romo (8), Corkins (11) and Kendall. W—Corkins (6-7). L—Brandon (1-4). HR—Roberts (11th).						
Los Angeles	000	000	010	—1	10	0
New York	000	000	000	—0	4	1
Koosman (8-13) and Grote; Osteen (12-5) and Ferguson.						



United Press International.

OUT BOUND—Atlanta's Dave Johnson is late as he tries to score from second on Marty Perez' single. Cardinals' catcher Ted Simmons takes the throw. Braves triumphed, 8-6.

Nicklaus Early Leader In PGA Second Round

From Wire Dispatches

CLEVELAND, Aug. 10.—Jack Nicklaus shot a three-under-par 68 to take an early second-round lead today at 140 in the PGA National Championship.

Nicklaus was one shot ahead of Britain's Tony Jacklin, who had 141, and was trying for an unprecedented 14th major title in the last of the big four events of the year. He had an opening 72 yesterday on the Canterbury Golf Club's 6,852 yards and today he had birdies at Nos. 6, 12 and 17.

Jim Colbert fired a 70 and was at 142. Al Geiberger and Don Iverson, the surprise first-round leaders at 67, were among the late starters, as were Tom Weiskopf, Arnold Palmer and Bruce Crampton.

The four-under-par scores of Geiberger and Iverson yesterday were the best in an opening round on this course since 1968, when Marty Fleckman's 66 set the pace at San Antonio.

Greens an Enigma

The small greens proved an enigma to many and Johnny Miller, the U.S. Open champion, claimed: "They watered the front part of the greens and left the back part hard and that's unfair."

The local favorite, Weiskopf, had a 70 yesterday, as did another former champion, Ray Floyd, and Jacklin.

Only 11 of the 148 starters broke par yesterday. Both 61-year-old Sam Snead, who won the first of his three PGA titles in 1942, and his nephew, J.C. Snead, were at 71 with Bruce Crampton, Lee Elder and others. Bobby Nichols, last Sunday's winner of the Westchester Classic, was at 73.

"I'm off to a good start," Weiskopf said after his 70, capped by a 40-foot putt that dropped for a birdie 3 at the 18th. "But I seemed to have felt more pressure in this tournament," conceded the winner of five events in his last nine starts.

He hit the flagstick twice, but it didn't help. At the 439-yard fourth, his No. 5 iron second shot hit the flagstick but the ball caromed off by 10 feet and he two-putted. At the 535-yard ninth, his third shot struck the flagstick but bounded back about 30 feet.



AP.

BRITISH GOLD—Beverley Williams, 16, of Ruislip, near London, received Britain's first gold medal in European Youth Swimming and Diving championship by winning the highboard diving title. Miss Williams was born in Germany, daughter of an American father and an English mother.

Ali Warms Up His Jaw For TV and Norton...

By Red Smith

NEW YORK, Aug. 10 (NYT).—Muhammad Ali is coming to New York this weekend to show a national television audience that his demountable jaw is practically as good as new. Not necessarily good as an instrument for measuring the kinetic energy in Ken Norton's fist (one half its mass times velocity squared), but useful for chomping collard greens, growing whiskers or framing the words, "I am the greatest."

He will employ it for this last purpose on television, then return to his mountaintop retreat at Deer Lake, Pa., to resume preparations for a rematch with Norton in Los Angeles, Sept. 10. Ali has been courting health at Deer Lake for quite a spell, but has yet to let a sparring partner test the jaw that Norton broke last March 31. He doesn't plan to expose the mandible to a punch until the last two weeks before the bout.

For his part, Norton is taking exercises at Gilman Hot Springs in California's San Jacinto Mountains and he, too, will wait until the final fortnight before calling upon his hypnotist, Dr. Michael Dean, to have his psychic batteries recharged.

Thus, a number of questions await answers: when Norton whipped Ali, was it a case of fighter on the rise catching another on the way down, or did Ali underestimate Norton and shirk his training? If the latter was the case, can Ali regain the fine edge of fitness in his 13th year as a professional, or are the legs gone forever? What metaphysical measures can Ali employ to penetrate the invisible shield that girdles Norton in the post-hypnotic state?

Replying to the first question, Joe Louis says Norton will win again, partly because he is handled by Eddie Futch, whom Louis considers the only trainer now active who could be compared with Jack Blackburn, the preceptor of Joe's youth. As to the second question, notes scribbled in this corner during Ali's fight with Joe Frazier two and a half years ago include the comment, "legs gone," after the third round.

Answering the third question himself, Ali says with some justice, "I don't need no hypnotist. I wrote the book."

It is true that even in the days when he was a young amateur known as Cassius Clay, Ali was a talker who could induce numbness at 40 paces and, in the years since then, he has not acquired any special gift of silence. However, since Norton dismantled his face he has consulted specialists in San Diego, Detroit and Miami, three teeth have been replaced with crockery, he has had new mouthpieces made to measure, and all authorities have advised him to keep his teeth clenched in the ring, which would make it difficult to talk Norton into submission.

Evil-Eye Finkel?

Fearing that a Muhammad Ali clammed up would be overmatched against a Ken Norton in hypnotic ecstasy, the former champion's board of strategy has toyed with the idea of bringing Evil-Eye Finkel out of retirement to put a hex on Norton. However, reports from Miami, where the Eye lives now, are that he has allowed his whammy to rust away in idleness.

More than nine years have passed since the Eye last skewered a fighter with a baleful glare. The victim on that occasion was Sonny Liston, defending the heavyweight championship of the world against Ali. As it turned out, Liston proved himself capable of surrendering his title while sitting on his stool, and Evil Eye's malevolent intercession wasn't needed. Nor was there any work for Finkel at the rematch in Lewiston, Maine, where Liston went into the water with a splash that raised the Androscoggin River five inches.

Ali has been offered the services of the most experienced sorcerer in boxing. Jimmy Gripo, whose dark magic made Mello Bettina light-heavyweight champion of the world, has been working in Las Vegas mesmerizing patrons of Caesar's Palace until they laugh out loud when the slots come up three lemons. He offered to make Ali forget he ever had a jaw, broken or whole, but Ali declined.

This is a measure of Ali's confidence, or overconfidence. He has been looking past Norton, laying a variety of plans that call for a jawbone in good working order.

For example, he intends to launch a brand new career as a television commentator starting Sept. 22, just 12 days after the fight. A group that includes Toronto's Maple Leaf Garden, officers of Top Rank Inc., and All-Canada Sports plans to telecast one fight a month from Toronto for 10 months under the title, "Ali Presents."

Top Rank had several fights on closed-circuit TV. Irving Ungerman, the chicken-plucker who managed George Chuvalo, and Bobby Orr, the hockey star, are members of All-Canada Sports. All expects to bring to the microphone whatever Howard Cosell lacks. Seven of the 10 bouts are to be carried by American Broadcasting Co.

...While Joe Roman Awaits His Shot At Foreman

By Dave Anderson

NEW YORK, Aug. 10 (NYT). — For better of for worse, they resembled what boxing was like before the lawyers took over. In a suite high in the old Wellington Hotel, the fighter was relaxing on the couch an hour before his workout downstairs in the ballroom. In a stuffed chair across the room, the manager, in a black-and-white figured shirt and turquoise slacks, was waving an unlit cigar and doing most of the talking.

In three weeks, Joe (King) Roman of Puerto Rico will be fighting George Foreman in Tokyo for the world heavyweight title. But his manager, Bill Daly, got him there, not his record. Bill Daly is 74 years old now. His hair is thin but most of it is still brown. The

'Foreman's strong, but he's awkward. You last over five rounds, he's in trouble.'

toughness is still in his Irish face, the toughness that comes from having survived in boxing for more than 50 years.

As a kid in New Jersey, he learned how to survive by working for Jack (Doc) Kearns, who was Jack Dempsey's manager. Much later, he was around Frankie Carbo and Blinky Palermo, but he survived a Senate investigation into boxing. Through the years he handled several famous fighters. Perhaps the best was Carlos Ortiz, the world lightweight champion not long ago. He once had a piece of Archie Moore, the light-heavyweight champion.

"But this," Bill Daly was saying now, "is the first time I ever had anybody in for the heavyweight title. I'm so anxious for this kid to win."

Joe Roman doesn't figure to win. He has 46 victories, with 21 knockouts, against seven losses and a draw—a creditable record. But under scrutiny, it's not. He hasn't beaten anyone special. Manuel Ramos, Chuck Wepner, Terry Daniels, Jack O'Halloran are the best names. But he's lost only once in 24 bouts over the last four years, a 10-round decision with Roby Harris in Los Angeles in 1971, a tribute to the way Bill Daly moves a fighter. It's also a tribute to the confidence Joe Roman has now, or at least professes to have.

"Foreman's strong, but he's awkward," the fighter said. "You last over five rounds, he's in trouble, he gets tired. I see myself knocking him out in the 12th round, maybe the 10th round.

The strategy will be for Joe Roman to run during the early rounds. Avoid the heavy punches that dethroned Joe Frazier last January, when Foreman won the title with a second-round knockout.

"I seen Foreman with Roberto Davila a couple years ago, he can be handled if you stay away early," Bill Daly said. "I hear he weighs 240; he weighed 216 1/2 for Frazier; my fighter will be a fast 192. That fight with Frazier was like a tumbling act. The first punch he went down from was not a solid punch. After that, every time he went down was in parts. My fighter's a 10-to-1 underdog. If I was a writer, I wouldn't pick him. I'd have to go with the chalk. My fighter's got to get lucky but Joe, you'll make a good showing anyway. Frazier looked like a stiff against Foreman but you won't look like a stiff. Foreman ain't going to catch you early unless he gets lucky. And if we get into the fourth or fifth round, I may get home."

Bill Daly got home when he closed the match. One reason Joe Roman emerged as the opponent in Foreman's first title defense is that he isn't considered a threat, an attitude that Bill Daly nurtured.

"About 10 months ago," the manager said, "Foreman didn't know where he was going. I sat down with Dick Sadler, his manager then. I told him, 'I got a kid in Puerto Rico, an ordinary fighter, he'd be a good opponent for you.' I sold him a bill of goods. We had it settled—$35,000 for Foreman, $10,000 for Joe, in San Juan last November, but Dick told me, 'Wait a minute, I may get Frazier,' so I told him, 'If you win the title, give me a fight.' He kept his promise. He's out as manager now and I had to sell the Japanese promoters. The money's better now. Foreman's telling people he's getting a million, but I think it's $750,000 and my fighter's getting $100,000. It was worth the wait."

Joe Roman, now 26, is one of eight brothers in a family of 15 children. He was born in Puerto Rico but he grew up in New York City, where his father owned a grocery store.

"But when I was 12, I went back to Puerto Rico," the fighter said. "Then when I was 17, I came back here. We lived up on West 135th Street near Broadway. I used to fight every day in the streets, then I started going to the gym Harry Wiley owned before he died."

Carlos Ortiz trained there, and one day Bill Daly noticed the husky Puerto Rican heavyweight.

"I bought him some equipment, I took him to live with Mrs. Daly and myself," the manager said. "One day I was driving to the gym with him when another car forced us over to the curb. Two guys jumped out and one of them started grabbing my arm. I always kept a rubber hose with lead in it under the seat for protection. When that guy grabbed me, Joe jumped out his side, ran around and belted him with the hose. Then he threw a right hand that flattened the other guy. We got back in the car and got the hell out of there. But right then I knew I had a fighter. When somebody reacts that way when there's trouble, I knew he had guts."

'Foreman ain't going to catch you early unless he gets lucky. And... I may get home.'

Billie Jean King Moves Ahead In Nashville Tennis Tourney

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 10 (AP).—Second-seeded Billie Jean King beat unranked Kerry Harris of Australia, 6-4, 6-1, yesterday in the second round of the $35,000 Nashville stop on the women's pro tennis tour.

Mrs. King took a 4-1 lead in the first set, but Miss Harris rallied for a 4-4 tie. Mrs. King then stiffened and won the next two games.

Mrs. King, who has captured only one of seven titles on the tour this year, took command in the second set, winning the first five games while allowing only eight points.

She plays eighth-seeded Betty Stove of the Netherlands in the quarterfinals. She beat Miss Stove last week for the title in the Denver tournament.

Top-seeded Margaret Court of Australia, who did not play yesterday, faces unranked American Kathy Kuykendall in another quarterfinal.

In other singles matches, fourth-seeded American Janet Newberry beat Helen Gourlay of Australia, 6-2, 6-3, and unseeded American Mona Schallau upset sixth-ranked American Julie Heldman, 7-6, 6-5, winning the tie-breaker in the first set, 5-3.

U.S. Western Tourney

CINCINNATI, Aug. 10 (UPI).—Second-seeded players in both the men's and women's singles scored easy victories yesterday in the $75,000 U.S. Western Tennis Championships.

Australian Evonne Goolagong was impressive in methodically beating fifth-seeded Pat Pretorius of South Africa, 6-0, 6-0.

Jimmy Connors of the United States, the defending men's singles champ, breezed past Australian Dick Crealy, 6-2, 6-1.

Play by the Evert sisters, Chris and Jeanne, highlighted action at the championships. Jeanne, 15, completed her match with Laurie Tenney suspended Wednesday night because of darkness, beating Miss Tenney, 6-2, 4-6, 7-5.

A short time later, she moved to center court and defeated Sharon Walsh, 7-6, 6-2, to advance to the semifinals.

Chris, seeded No. 1, also advanced to the semis by disposing of eighth-seeded Isabel Fernandez of Colombia, 6-2, 6-1.

The event of an all-Evert women's final tomorrow loomed as a possibility.

Bobick Triumphs, But Fights Poorly

BINGHAMTON, N.Y., Aug. 10 (AP).—Duane Bobick, 22-year-old former Olympian, fought what he called his worst pro fight last night in scoring a third-round knockout over unknown Ned Edwards of Brentwood, N.Y.

The crowd of 2,849 in the Broome County arena agreed as they booed after Bobick's seventh straight knockout victory.

Horse Racing Hall of Fame Inducts 6 Men and a Horse

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 10 (NYT).—Holly Hughes had his first big thrill in horse racing in 1916 when the colt he saddled, George Smith, won the Kentucky Derby. Since then, the 85-year-old trainer, who has been with the Sanford family, has had a succession of outstanding moments. But yesterday he enjoyed a thrill second only to his Derby success.

Along with seven other notables in the thoroughbred world, six men and a horse, Hughes was inducted into the sport's hall of fame at the National Museum of Racing. Those whose names accompanied his into the pantheon were Sam Boulmetis, A.P. (Paddy) Smithwick, Bayard Tuckerman jr. and Robert (Specs) Crawford among the living, and Thomas Hitchcock sr., Fred Burlew and the great sire Bold Ruler, all deceased.

Hughes was visibly touched by the honor, yet was fluent and entertaining in his acceptance talk. "Of course, it's a long time coming, but still it's a surprise. I knew that when I walked from Amsterdam [N. Y.] to Saratoga back in 1903 that I'd amount to something here someday."

Hughes was born in Amsterdam (28 miles away) in 1888, close to the breeding farm owned by the late Stephen Sanford of the Sanford Carpet manufacturing family. As a boy, he was employed by Sanford, and he has been with the family ever since.

"I'm with the third generation of the Sanfords," he explained, "68 years in all." Mrs. Stephen Sanford presented the hall of fame plaque to Hughes at the ceremony, presided over by Gerard Smith, in the museum.

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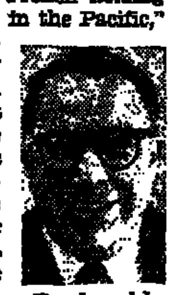
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Art Buchwald

Bombs for Burgundy

WASHINGTON—"There has been a lot of misinformation in the press as to why New Zealand has raised such strong objections to the French holding their atomic tests in the Pacific," Anthony Cubert-Jones, a New Zealander, told me. "We are not against France having an atomic bomb. As a matter of fact we welcome it. The French deserve a bomb. They've earned it."



Buchwald

"Then, what is your objection?" I asked.

"We feel that by holding their tests in the Pacific the French are cheating their own citizens."

"I don't understand."

"The French taxpayer has paid a billion dollars to have his government develop an atomic bomb. But he has been unable to see what he's getting for his money. All he can do is read in the newspapers that France has set off a bomb in the atoll of Mururoa. He has to take the French government's word that the explosion was a success. We New Zealanders feel this is very unfair to French citizens who have paid for it but get none of the joy of actually seeing an atomic bomb go off."

"But what's the solution?"

* * *

"I think the French should hold their atomic tests in France so everyone can see them."

"Are you suggesting the next atomic explosion take place over Paris?"

"Now you're being ridiculous. You know it's unfeasible to hold atomic blasts in a large city. What I have in mind is that the experiments take place in either Burgundy or Bordeaux. The French could clear away 20 or 30 miles of vineyards, build a testing complex and send up the bomb in a balloon to explode over the countryside. The mushroom cloud would be visible for hundreds of miles and could be witnessed by millions of Frenchmen. Can you imagine how proud the French would be to see their own bomb, made in France by Frenchmen, floating over the Eiffel Tower?"

"Wouldn't there be some health hazards?" I asked.

"The French have assured us that there is no danger from their experiments on the Mururoa atoll so I'm sure the same would be true if they blasted away in France."

"I wonder why the French never thought of it?"

"I suppose they thought those of us who live in the Pacific should get the benefit of their bomb. Perhaps they believe it would help tourism in Tahiti. I can't speak for their thinking, but if I were a Frenchman, I'd be damned mad that I didn't get the fallout from a bomb I paid for with my hard-earned francs."

* * *

"Why do you think Pompidou insisted the explosion take place in Micronesia instead of Burgundy or Bordeaux?"

"This is only conjecture on my part, but I suspect he was afraid the thing wouldn't go off. It would have been very embarrassing if he told everyone in France he was going to explode his bomb in Burgundy, and the thing pfffft. Can you imagine the disappointment of the vine growers in the area?"

"Is it too late to persuade the French to move their future tests to France?"

"All of us in the Pacific hope not. As a matter of fact Australia, New Zealand and Japan have offered to pay for shipping everything back to France, including all the technicians and military personnel. We would hate to see them go, but it is our belief that the French will never believe they have a sufficient deterrent unless they can see it explode with their own eyes."

"Then New Zealanders and Australians harbor no bitterness toward the French?"

"Of course not. Have you ever met a Frenchman you didn't like?"

European Women Meet

HELSINKI, Aug. 10 (UPI).—More than 150 women from 34 European nations today opened a conference of women's organizations on European security and cooperation. Among the speakers was Valentina Nikolajava Tereshkova, president of the Soviet Women's committee and the first woman astronaut.

Mary Blume

Programming a Best Seller

PARIS.—The best seller being read on the beaches of France this summer demonstrates that the French, despite their shy claim to be the world's last old-fashioned individualists, are just as open to the modern techniques of mass persuasion and mass production as the rest of us.

The book is called "Le Grec" (The Greek) and it is about a high-living Greek shipowner who is locked in deadly rivalry with his brother-in-law and who is involved with a tempestuous diva and, later, with the widow of an assassinated American politician.

The point is not that "Le Grec" is based on the American best-seller technique of blending fact and fiction, but that it was programed to be a best seller from the moment hustling Paris publisher Robert Laffont gave ex-gossip columnist and editor Pierre Rey a $25,000 advance without having seen a word, to the moment, about 30 seconds later one would imagine, that Laffont decided to publish the novel in his special line, Best Sellers.

Until now Laffont's books in this line have been such proven imports as "The Godfather." "Le Grec" is the first French work in the Best Sellers line and it may well be the first novel anywhere to be defined as a best seller before publication.

Anyway, it has come to pass that, with urgent merchandising, "Le Grec" has lived up to its label. Rey has done old-fashioned book signings across France (he signs *amicalement* to people he is indifferent to and *affectueusement* to friends. In Poitiers, he was amazed to see Ionesco writing out full-page dedications to each buyer). There have also been more modern methods: T-shirts marked "Le Grec" and airplanes flying banners.

"I saw a plane go by the other day in Nice," Mr. Rey says. "It said 'lisez . . . lisez. . . .' I thought it would say, 'lisez "Le Grec."' Instead, it turned out to be advertising Villalonga's book. I wanted to shoot it down."

The book is more than 600 pages long and moves among yachts and luxury hotels, diamonds, Rolls-Royces, banks, love affairs, and millions and billions of dollars, according to its jacket, which also describes it as "the most dizzying novel ever consecrated to the inner workings of *la jet society*." Critics have predictably lambasted it and some magazines have ignored it: "They prefer books by an Albanian shepherd that sell 12 copies," Mr. Rey explains.

A lean and very handsome man, Rey has defied French literary convention by saying he doesn't mind being marketed like the latest washday product.

"In France you're never supposed to say you work for money. I pay my cleaning woman, why shouldn't I be paid?

"Best seller is a dirty word in France. It doesn't even exist in French. Of course, a book is a consumer product. Everything is. The Bible is a consumer product.

"Just because something is a consumer product doesn't mean it's bad. A Ferrari is a consumer product, a Modigliani is a consumer product for the eye, cheese is a consumer product for the mouth. A man is a consumer product for a woman, a woman is for a man. We are animals that consume."

No Exception

Under the skin of best-seller writers lies a Distinguished Author crying to get out. Pierre Rey is no exception: his story can, he says, be read at two levels. "At one level there is the story for concierges, a person with a finer ear will perceive the psychological structure.

"What interests me is the movement of ideas. In 'Le Grec' I am studying the Why—why people who possess so much are driven to possess more. The normal readers won't notice this and the abnormal readers won't read the book because they think it's rubbish."

Asked about his style, Mr. Rey says, "My style is subject, verb, object. One must not be a slave of words, one must put them in their place." As for the resemblance of his characters to certain international figures, Mr. Rey denies that he was inspired by the Onassis circle, but he sees how such ideas can arise:

"There's a character in my book, a real louse, a journalist-playboy, terribly handsome but without a head or heart. Laffont said to me, 'That's you, isn't it?' Imagine!"

Pierre Rey began as a painter and taught art history in a Paris lycée for a year, specializing in the neoclassic and romantic periods. His favorite authors are Henry Miller, Montaigne and French Freudian Jacques Lacan. "I have studied ethnology, psycho-analysis, linguistics," he states. "I could write a book on any one of these subjects and one hundred people would read it."



Michel Deschamp.

Pierre Rey

Instead, his next book will be another Laffont-Best Seller that will, he says, be read by everyone, "down to the last Eskimo and the last Bantu."

Translations

"Le Grec" has already been sold to publishers throughout Europe and, according to Mr. Rey, American publishers have been beating on the door. Putnam won and will publish the book in the United States next spring. The first printing will be 100,000 copies and the advertising budget will be $50,000. Putnam's head has excitedly praised "Le Grec" in Publishers' Weekly as "a roller-coaster reading experience, with high-octane sex, financial contests, tension, humor and suspense." In France, says Mr. Rey, there is talk of $1 million in paperbacks, and Fox, Columbia and Paramount have called about film rights (Laffont is holding out until U.S. publication).

It isn't easy work: Mr. Rey figures that with a best seller you have to spend one year writing and two years selling. So it's a relief to think that it has all worked out. As French publisher Jerome Lindon once observed. "There's nothing sadder than a best seller that doesn't sell."

PEOPLE: *The Prime Minister And a Bride's Bouquet*

With a bouquet of flowers from Prime Minister Golda Meir and a police guard to protect her against the wrath of her family, **Zippora Hava** married **Eli Meisels** in Tel Aviv Thursday. Police posted a protective detail around the hall where the ceremony took place after arresting Miss Hava's mother earlier this week. She was picked up on Meisels's complaint and charged with threatening his life to prevent the wedding.

"I will do anything to keep my daughter from marrying a cripple," she had said. A court had issued an order permitting the marriage of 17-year-old Zippora Hava to Meisels after she promised to care for him in full recognition of his handicap. Meisels, a university engineering student, won popular attention last year when he waged an unsuccessful campaign to make the army draft him, despite the debilitating muscular disease that has kept him in a wheelchair since childhood.

The army chief of staff, Lt. Gen. **David Elazar**, sent the couple a gift Bible. A card accompanying the flowers from Mrs. Meir expressed her "joy in your happiness." "Not all are created in the same way," said Rabbi Yedidya Frenkel, who married the couple. "But there are some people who can be devoted to each other beyond all accounting."

* * *

Danish architect **Joern Utzon**, the original architect of the controversial Sydney Opera House, has turned down an invitation to the official opening this fall. A spokesman for New South Wales Premier **Sir Robert Askin** said that Utzon had declined the invitation because he thought his presence might prove an embarrassment. Utzon resigned as the architect in 1966, nine years after his design had won an international competition, because of a dispute with the state government over construction methods. **Queen Elizabeth** will open the £51-million building in October.

* * *

IN ROME: Attorney **Aaron Frosch**, who represents both **Richard Burton** and **Elizabeth Taylor**. He arrived Friday but refused to divulge the reason for his visit—presumably a discussion of the impending Burton-Taylor divorce.

* * *

"Unbelievable" is how hair stylist **David Richard**, 28, of Walsall, England, describes the fad among British soccer fans for having their hair dyed to match the colors of their teams. So far, he says, red stripes have been the most popular (Walsall colors are red and white).

* * *

Dr. **Leon Shirlaw** of the Mayo Clinic in Rochester, Minn., has compiled a list of excuses given by patients when asked why they haven't stopped smoking: "If I stopped, I'd put on weight." "You only live once." etc. Best of all, perhaps, is Dr. Shirlaw's own excuse—he smokes, he says, for a "genuine reason. I smoke because it makes me cough. And coughing is the only genuine exercise I get these days."

* * *

NAMED: **Pia Fris Jensen**, 16, Denmark, Miss Young International at a beauty contest in Tokyo. Runners-up were **Sudhileaw Rodboontham**, 13, of Thailand, and **Lena Agamemnon Cleopa**, 16, of Greece.

* * *

A 15-member Japanese expedition will set off for Scotland at the end of the month—to hunt for the Loch Ness monster. **Shintaro Ishihara**, a member of the Diet and a best-selling novelist, will head the 145.5-million yen expedition. He said he has already obtained approval from British authorities to probe the lake.

* * *

"Even the prettiest women in Europe smell of garlic and onion," said Colombian beauty queen **Ana Lucia Agudela**, who has just returned to Cali after the Miss Universe contest in Athens where she was among the finalists. Some of the contestants, she said, "smelled very bad."

* * *

Executors of the estate of Pittsburgh-born **Robert Hunter McIntosh** of Orlando, Fla., who wanted to show "appreciation for my country," fulfilled his last will and testament Friday by turning over more than $1 million to the U.S. government. McIntosh died in April, 1972, having lived most of his life on his investments.

The United States got another more modest gift this week: $75,000 from **John Rosetta**. Rosetta emigrated to the United States from Italy in 1917 and became a naturalized citizen in 1925. Until his retirement, he worked as a waiter in San Francisco North. He died in 1971 at 83. "I do this," he said in his will, "in gratitude for the care and help I have received from the government."

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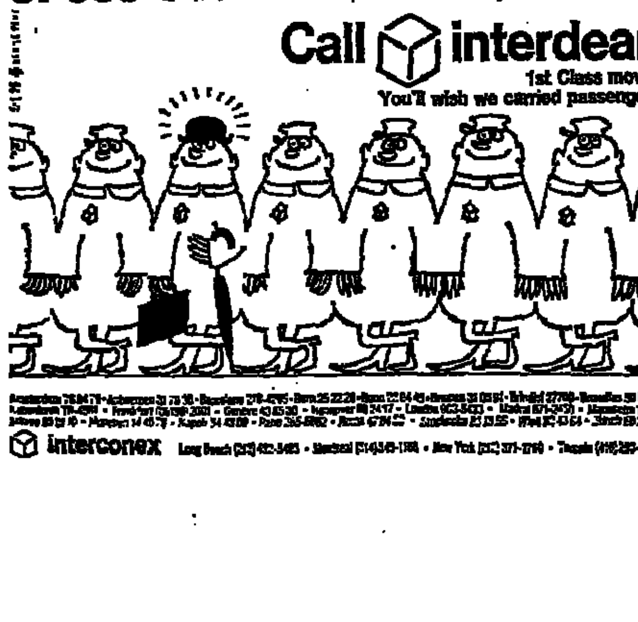
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